```
IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
1
                FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA
                         WILLIAMSPORT DIVISION
2
                           : CASE NO.
    THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE
3
    UNIVERSITY
4
         v.
   VINTAGE BRAND, LLC,
   SPORTSWEAR INC., d/b/a
5
   PREP SPORTSWEAR,
   CHAD HARTVIGSON, ERIK
6
   HARTVIGSON, and
                             : 4:21-CV-01091
7
   MICHELLE YOUNG
8
                       TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
                              Jury Trial
                               VOLUME I
10
         Held before the HONORABLE MATTHEW W. BRANN, November 12,
11
    2024, commencing at 10:20 a.m., Courtroom No. 1, Federal
    Building, Williamsport, Pennsylvania.
12
13
   APPEARANCES:
14
   LUCY J. WHEATLEY, ESQUIRE
15
   McGuireWoods LLP
   Gateway Plaza
16
   800 East Canal Street
   Richmond, VA 23219-3916
17
   804-775-4320
   Lwheatley@mcquirewoods.com
18
   DAVID E. FINKELSON, ESQUIRE
19
   McGuireWoods LLP
   Gateway Plaza, 800 East Canal Street
20
   Richmond, VA 23219-3196
   804-775-1157
21
    Dfinkelson@mcquirewoods.com
        For the Plaintiff
22
   Proceedings recorded by machine shorthand; transcript produced
23
    by computer-aided transcription.
24
                      Colleen V. Wentz, RMR, CRR
                        Official Court Reporter
25
                   colleen wentz@pamd.uscourts.gov
```

```
APPEARANCES (cont'd)
1
    JOHN T. FETTERS, ESQUIRE
    STOKES LAWRENCE, P.S.
    1420 Fifth Avenue, Suite 3000
3
    Seattle, WA 98101
    206-626-6000
4
    john.fetters@stokeslaw.com
5
    JOSHUA D. HARMS, ESQUIRE
    STOKES LAWRENCE, P.S.
6
    1420 Fifth Avenue, Suite 3000
    Seattle, WA 98101
    206-626-6000
    josh.harms@stokeslaw.com
8
    MARK P. MCKENNA, ESQUIRE
    LEX LUMINA PLLC
    745 Fifth Avenue, Suite 500
10
    New York, NY 10151
    630-430-8051
11
    mark@lex-lumina.com
12
    LESLIE C. VANDER GRIEND, ESQUIRE
    STOKES LAWRENCE, P.S.
13
    1420 Fifth Avenue, Suite 3000
    Seattle, WA 98101
14
    206-626-6000
    leslie.vandergriend@stokeslaw.com
15
         For the Defendants
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

ſ					
1	INDEX TO WITNESSES				
2	FOR THE PLAINTIFF	DIRECT	CROSS	REDIRECT	RECROSS
3	Jacqueline Esposito		131	147	112011000
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

(Proceedings commenced at 10:20 a.m.)

THE COURT: The matter set for trial before this

Court today is that of the Pennsylvania State University

against Vintage Brand, LLC, Sportswear, Incorporated, doing

business as Prep Sportswear and Chad Hartvigson. This matter

is docketed before this Court at Civil No. 4:21-CV-01091.

Ladies and gentlemen, as my Courtroom Deputy,

Mrs. Rhinehart has indicated, I am Chief United States

District Judge Matthew W. Brann. I am a federal trial judge.

I was appointed to the bench by the President of the United

States and confirmed to this position by the United States

Senate under Article III of the United States Constitution to serve during a term of good behavior, which has been interpreted to mean for life.

The Court that I preside over is the United States

District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania. This

federal trial court consists of 33 of the 67 counties of

Pennsylvania, and it is divided into three venires, the

Scranton division, the Harrisburg division, and the division

here in Williamsport.

Let me begin by thanking you for your presence here today and your willingness to serve as jurors in this case.

Trial by juries are rights secured by the Seventh Amendment of the Constitution as the cornerstone of our judicial system, and it ensures that all citizens receive a fair trial before a

jury of their peers. As has often been observed, service on a jury is one of the highest civic duties in this nation, second only to service in the country's armed forces. The Virginia Declaration of Rights, a document that was drafted in 1776 to proclaim the inherent rights of all men said and would later influence several of this country's founding documents, affirmed that the jury trial is preferable to any other and ought to be held sacred. Your service as prospective jurors makes this system possible. I thank each of you very much for your fulfillment of this fundamental civic duty.

At this time, each of you is a member of the venire, meaning the pool from which we will ultimately choose eight people to serve, and only if you are selected from this pool of fellow veniremen to serve on the jury this morning will you technically become a juror. In that process, selecting the eight from the veniremen is known as voir dire. We will turn to that portion of the proceedings at this time.

I will now conduct what is known as the voir dire, which is a preliminary examination by the Court of all prospective jurors. Voir dire is a French term, whose rough translation to English means quote, To say what is true, end quote. As the translation implies, your honesty and forthrightness is an absolute requirement throughout the entire voir dire process in order to ensure that this trial will be seen to completion in a lawful and in a legitimate

manner, free from any undue influence or impropriety. The purpose of voir dire is to enable both the Court and the attorneys for the parties to determine whether any of you should be excused for cause, meaning that there is some legal reason, such as prior knowledge of the case, familiarity with those involved, or strong feelings about the subject matter which will not allow you to serve as jurors in this case. Voir dire also allows the attorneys for the parties to exercise their individual judgment with respect to preemptory challenges, that is challenges for which no reason need be given.

The goal of this process is to obtain a jury that can try the case objectively, based solely on the evidence presented and without influence or bias of any kind.

The questions posed to you during this process are not intended to embarrass you, but instead to give the Court and the parties the information necessary to choose a fair and an impartial jury. To protect the integrity of this important process, I ask each of you to listen carefully to all questions and answer each one truthfully and completely.

The voir dire process will begin by each of you reading your biography as it is listed on the form that you have. I will then ask some questions of you as a group, and these questions will deal with your familiarity with the parties, the attorneys, and the witnesses, and your views on

issues related to the subject matter of this case. If you believe that an answer to a question may raise private or potentially embarrassing matters, please raise your hand and simply ask to speak to me here at the bench. After I have finished my questions, the attorneys for the parties will select those of you who will serve as jurors in this case.

(At this time the voir process commenced, which was held off the record.)

(11:57 a.m.)

THE COURT: All right. We're on the record now in this matter. The parties, through Counsel, have exercised their preemptory challenges. I would like the following veniremen to please stand. No. 1, you are Juror No. 1; No. 3, you are Juror No. 2; No. 7, you are Juror No. 3; No. 8, you are Juror No. 4; No. 12, you are Juror No. 5; No. 14, you are Juror No. 6; No. 15, you are Juror No. 7; No. 18, you are Juror No. 8. Yeah. 17, is Juror No. 8. This is the jury that's selected in this case.

The rest of you now are excused. Again, if you've left any personal items in the jury assembly room on the second floor, the Court Security Officers will show you out. You can retire there. Take these personal items with you. If you don't, you are directed to leave now with the thanks of the Court. I realize many of you have driven some distance to be here. As I said to those individuals who were excused for

charge, this is Federal Court, not County Court. So some of 1 you have driven two or two-and-a-half hours to come here. 2 Is there anyone here from Emporium? There's 3 usually somebody from Cameron County. Somebody from 4 Shinglehouse? Ulysses? Coudersport? Yes. I know where you 5 are. I've driven to all these places. It's not next door, is it, sir? No, it is not. So again, thank you very much for 7 your service here today. You're excused with the thanks of 8 the Court. You may depart. Those of who you have been selected as the jurors, 10 please remain where you are for the moment. 11 (At 11:59 a.m., the veniremen were excused.) 12 13 THE COURT: Counsel, be seated. Thank you. Mrs. Rhinehart, swear in the jury, please. 14 (The jury impaneled in this case was sworn.) 15 THE COURT: Members of the jury, now that you have 16 been sworn, I'm going to give you some preliminary 17 instructions that should serve as guidance throughout this 18 19 trial. Trial will begin this afternoon and will go on until 20 probably Friday, November 22nd, 2024 at the latest. As I stated earlier, we will attempt to begin promptly at 9:30 a.m. 21 each morning. We will end at approximately 5:30 p.m. each 22 day. We will try to break for lunch at approximately 12 to 23 12:30 each day. You'll be given approximately one hour for lunch. I will also endeavor to take routine breaks throughout

25

the day to give you a chance to use the restrooms and to stretch your legs. If, however, you absolutely require a break at another time, please let one of my staff know.

Now a few words about your conduct as jurors.

First, I instruct you that during the trial and until the time you retire to deliberate, you are not -- you are not to discuss this case with anyone, not even amongst yourselves. I know that many of you use cell phones, smart phones, like Samsung Galaxy and iPhones and other portable electronic devices, lap tops, net books, and other computers, both portable and fixed, and other tools of technology to access the Internet and to communicate with others. You must not talk with anyone about this case or use these tools to communicate electronically with anyone about the case. This includes your family and friends.

You may not communicate with anyone about this case on your cell phone, through e-mail, iPhone, text message, or on Twitter, through any blog or website, through any Internet chatroom, or by any other way of social networking websites, including, but not limited to Twitter, now known as X, Facebook, LinkedIn, Instagram, SnapChat, TikTok or YouTube. This means you should not talk about the case with anyone and you should not communicate with anyone about this case in any other manner, such as by e-mail or text message.

It is very important that you do not discuss the

case amongst yourselves until the end of the trial when you retire to the jury room to deliberate. You need to allow each juror the opportunity to keep an open mind throughout the entire trial. During the trial you may talk with your fellow jurors about anything else of a personal nature or comment interest but not about the trial. And also, you may tell your family and friends that you have been selected to be a juror in Federal Court, how long the jury -- excuse me -- how long the trial is expected to last, but that I have instructed you not to talk any more about the case, and they should not talk to you about it either.

The attorneys, parties, and witnesses are also not permitted to talk to you about the case. So if any attorney, party, or witness does not speak to you when you pass in the hall, ride in the elevator or like, remember it is not because they are being rude. It is simply because they are not supposed to talk or visit with you either. This is why it is important that you wear your juror tags. It shows that you are someone who is not to be approached in any way. If anyone should try to talk to you about the case, including a fellow juror, bring it to my attention immediately by telling my courtroom deputy, Mrs. Rhinehart.

Second, do not read or listen to any anything related to this case that is not admitted in to evidence. By way of example, if there is a newspaper article or radio or

television report relating to this case, do not read the article or watch or listen to the report.

In addition, do not try to do any independent research or investigation on your own related to this case, the matters in this case, or the individuals involved in this case. This means, by way of example, that you must not visit the scene, conduct experiments, consult reference works or dictionaries or search the Internet, websites, or blogs for any additional information or use a computer, cellular phone, or other electronic devise or tool of technology or any other method to obtain information about this case, this type of case, the parties in this case, or anyone involved in this case. You must decide this case based only on the evidence presented in this courtroom and my instructions about the law. It would be improper for you to try to supplement that information on your own.

Do not reach any conclusion in this case until all of the evidence is in. Keep an open mind. Do not make up your mind about the verdict until you have heard all of the evidence and I have given you final instructions about the law at the end of the trial and you have discussed this case with your fellow jurors during your deliberations.

You should also not concern yourself with -- strike that. Finally, you will be allowed to take notes during this trial. My Courtroom Deputy, Mrs. Rhinehart, will arrange for

pens and paper, and while you are permitted to take notes, you are not required to do so. How many notes you take, if any, is entirely up to you. If you do not choose to take notes, keep the following -- if you do choose to take notes, keep the following points in mind:

First, do not allow note-taking to distract you from your task as jurors. You must listen carefully to all of the testimony and decide whether and how much to believe each witness. This will require you to watch the appearance and the behavior of the witness while he or she is testifying. It may be difficult to take detailed notes and pay attention to what the witnesses are saying at the same time.

Second, be brief. Do not try to write down everything that is said and do not try to summarize all of the evidence. Your notes are not a transcript. Make sure that your note-taking does not interfere with your listening to and understanding and considering all of the evidence.

Third, remember that your notes are not evidence.

They're merely a way to refresh your memory of the evidence.

You should rely on your memory in reaching a decision in this case. Do not give more or less weight to the views of a fellow juror just because that juror did or did not take notes.

Finally, if you do take notes, keep them to yourself until the end of the trial when you and your fellow

jurors go to the jury room to deliberate. Be sure to take your notes with you each time you leave the courtroom. Please leave them in the jury room when you leave at night. After the conclusion of the case, the Court officer will collect and destroy them to protect the secrecy of your deliberations.

Now a few words about your job as jurors and my job as the judge.

You have two main duties as jurors. Your first duty is to decide what the facts are based on the evidence.

You and you alone are the judges of the facts. You will have to decide what happened. I play no role in judging the facts.

Your second duty will be to apply the facts to the law that I will give to you. My role is to be the judge of the law. I will make whatever legal decisions have to be made during the course of the trial, and at the end of the trial, I will explain to you the law which you must apply in reaching your decision in this case. You must follow the law, regardless with whether you agree with it or not. However, you should not take anything I may do or say during the trial as indicating what I think of the evidence or what your verdict should be.

Let me talk to you about evidence, and I'll define it for. You must make your decision in this case based only on the evidence that you see and hear in court. Do not let rumors, suspicions, or anything else that you may have seen or

5

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

25

heard outside of court influence your decision in any way.

The evidence upon which you may base your decision includes only the following: One, the testimony of the witnesses, that is what the witnesses say when they are testifying under oath. Two, the documents and other things admitted as exhibits.

Three, any facts to which the parties agree. And four, any facts that are judicially-noticed, that is to say facts that I say you must accept as true. You should base your decision only on such evidence.

Certain things are not evidence and must not be considered. Statements, arguments, and questions by lawyers are not evidence. Objections by lawyers are also not evidence. There are rules that control what can be received into evidence, and lawyers have an obligation to make an objection when they believe a question or an exhibit is not permitted by those rules. However, the objection is simply a request that I make a decision on a particular rule of evidence. You should not be influenced by the fact that an objection was made or by my ruling on it. If an objection is sustained, simply ignore the question. Do not speculate about what a witness might have said or what an exhibit might have shown. If an objection is overruled, treat the answer or the exhibit like any other. I may also instruct you that some item of evidence should be considered only for a limited purpose, and you must follow that instruction.

Also, certain evidence may be excluded or struck from the record, and I will instruct you to disregard this evidence, and you must not consider any evidence or testimony that is struck or excluded.

At times during the trial, it may be necessary for me to talk with the attorneys here at the bench. This is called a sidebar or a bench conference. During a sidebar, you will hear a white noise play over the jury box. You should not be able to hear the discussion here at the bench. If you are able to hear any of the sidebars, please let my Courtroom Deputy, Mrs. Rhinehart know. The purpose of these conferences is not to keep important information from you. But rather to allow me to discuss with the attorneys any objections to evidence, and to be sure that the evidence is presented to you correctly under the rules.

Sometimes a lawyer may request a sidebar and I may not always grant that attorney's request. Do not consider my granting or denying a request for a conference as suggesting my opinion of the case or what your verdict should be.

And finally, anything you may see or hear about this case outside of the courtroom is not evidence and must be disregarded. You must decide this case based only on the evidence presented here in court, as I've noted.

Let me talk to you now about direct and circumstantial evidence. You'll be presented with two types

of evidence in this trial, direct evidence and circumstantial or indirect evidence. Direct evidence is simply evidence which, if believed, directly proves a fact. For example, a witness may testify that he saw it raining outside.

Circumstantial evidence is evidence which, if believed, indirectly proves a fact. By way of example, if someone walked into the courtroom wearing a wet raincoat and carrying a wet umbrella, that would be circumstantial or indirect evidence from which you could reasonably conclude that it was raining. You should consider all of the evidence presented in this case, both direct and circumstantial. The law makes no distinction between the weight that you should give to either type.

In weighing the evidence, you should use your common sense. Consider it in light of your everyday experience with people and events, and give it whatever weight you believe it deserves. If your experience tells that you certain evidence reasonably leads to a conclusion, you are free to reach that conclusion. It will up to you to decide what testimony you believe and testimony you do not believe. You are the sole judges of the credibility of the witnesses. The credibility means whether a witness is worthy of belief. You may believe everything a witness says, only part of it, or none of it. In deciding what to believe you may consider a number of factors, including the following:

One, the opportunity and ability of the witness to see, or hear, or know the things the witness testifies to; two, the quality of the witness's understanding and memory; three, the witness's manner while testifying; four, whether the witness has an interest in the outcome of the case or any motive, bias, or prejudice; five, whether the witness contradicted -- excuse me -- whether the witness is contradicted by anything the witness said or wrote before trial or by other evidence; six, how reasonable the witness's testimony is when considered in light of other evidence that you believe; and seven, any other factors that bear on believability.

This is a civil case, as I have noted. The Plaintiff, the party who brought this lawsuit is the Pennsylvania State University. The Defendants are the parties against whom this lawsuit are filed is Vintage Brand, LLC, Sportswear, Incorporated, and Chad Hartvigson. In this case, the Plaintiff must prove its claims by a standard called preponderance of the evidence. This means that the Pennsylvania State University has to prove to you that what it claims is more likely so than not so. To put it differently, if you put the evidence favorable to the Plaintiff, Penn State, on one side of the scale and the evidence favorable to the Defendant, Vintage Brand, on the opposite side of the scale, the Plaintiff would have to make the scale tip somewhat

on its side. If Pennsylvania State Univeristy fails to meet this burden, your verdict must be, then, for the Defendants.

You may have heard of the phrase proof beyond a reasonable doubt. That is a stricter standard of proof that applies only in criminal cases. It does not apply in civil cases such as this one. You should put anything you may have heard about the reasonable doubt standard out of your mind and apply only the preponderance of the evidence standard which I have just explained to you.

Shortly after lunch we will begin the trial.

First, each side may make an opening statement. What is said in the opening statement again is not evidence but is simply an outline to help you understand what each party expects the evidence to show. After the attorneys have made their opening statements, each party is given the opportunity to present its evidence.

The Plaintiffs' Counsel will present witnesses and evidence first, because the Plaintiff has the burden of proof, and the attorneys for the Defendants will have the opportunity to cross-examine those witnesses. Following the Plaintiff's case, the Defendants' attorney may present witnesses and evidence, and the Plaintiff's Counsel will have the chance to cross-examine these witnesses.

After all the evidence has been presented, the attorneys will present to you closing arguments that will

summarize and interpret the evidence. And as with closing -excuse me -- as with opening statements, closing arguments are
not, themselves, evidence. After you've heard closing
arguments, I will give you final instructions concerning the
law that you must apply to this case.

And finally, after my instructions on the law, you will retire to consider your verdict. Your deliberations are secret. You will not be required to explain your verdict to anyone. You must reach a unanimous verdict, which means that each of you must agree to it. Remember to keep an open mind during this trial. Do not make up your mind about any of the questions in this case until you have heard each piece of evidence, and all of the law, which you must apply. In other words, do not come to a decision until the end of the trial at which point you will begin your deliberations.

All right. Well, we are right at the noon hour, a perfect place, I think, to end for the moment. And so I'm going to stand -- have you stand in recess for about an hour for lunch.

I am not a shill for Wegman's grocery store. But, you will note that there is a Wegman's grocery store here in town directly across Third Street. I would commend their food court to you. Yes, I know full-well that it's overpriced. I eat there regularly. That's not lost on me. But you can get a reasonable variety of things to eat, and a number of the

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

restaurants in town are open, starting today, on Tuesday. They will not be open on Monday, typically. You're welcome to explore that. But again, the food court is an easy and, for the most part, a fairly economical place to eat. We'll stand in recess for an hour, until about 1:15 p.m. I would like you back in the building, maybe 10 minutes before that, 5 minutes before that. You're going to report to the jury assembly room where you were first thing this morning on the second floor. The Court Security Officer will show you up. There will be -- someone from the staff will be waiting there. And we'll try to get under way here at about 1:15. So report to the jury assembly room on the second floor. Mrs. Rhinehart, Mrs. Reynolds or someone else from the staff will bring up to the jury room. Mrs. Rhinehart is going to show you the jury room now, and we'll stand in recess at this time. Please don't discuss the case -- I don't believe there's anything to discuss -- with your fellow jurors. Find some other topic to talk about. And we'll you in about an hour. Escort the jury out, please. (At 12:18 p.m., the jury left the courtroom for their lunch recess.) THE COURT: Be seated. All right. We're back on the record now outside

the presence of the jury. I believe there were some issues,

Counsel, that you wanted to discuss with me that principally relate to the charge. So I'm going to make these rulings.

I've looked over everything that you've submitted the last couple of days in terms of papers. I don't think I need any additional argument on this. I heard a little bit of argument this morning.

Again, I've already started to work on the jury charge. That will, of course, be modified, as you'd expect, during the course of the trial based on the evidence and the testimony presented. But there seem to be four issues that have come up as to these instructions, and let's discuss those and I'll give you some orientation of my thinking on these issues at this time.

First, there appears to be a dispute over Vintage Brand's proposed nominative fair use instruction, specifically, whether Vintage Brand may even present such a defense.

Pennsylvania State University asserts that the only fair use defense asserted in the Defendants' answers was a classic fair use defense. And I agree that it appears that the ninth affirmative defense is a classic fair use offense.

Am I missing something? And if not, why, Vintage Brand, should I not, then, conclude, Mr. Fetters, that you have waived the affirmative defense of nominal fair use? Afterall, this Circuit, the United States Court of Appeals for the Third

Circuit, has repeatedly stated that, quote, Failure to raise an affirmative defense by responsive pleading or by appropriate motion generally results in the waiver of that defense, end quote.

And I am citing from, as you would expect to know, Elliott, E-l-l-i-o-t-t and Frantz, F-r-a-n-t-z, Incorporated against Ingersoll Rand Company, found at 457, F3d, 312, specifically at page 321, a decision of our Court of Appeals from 2006.

MR. FETTERS: Your Honor, if I may defer to my colleague, Mr. McKenna?

THE COURT: Mr. McKenna?

MR. MCKENNA: Thank you, Your Honor. So I think the starting point here is that the Plaintiffs claim -- the nature of Plaintiffs' claim, and specifically what it has charged to be the infringement, has been a moving target throughout this entire case. So it still remains unclear, actually, which images on any of the shirts Penn State accuses of being infringing.

The emphasis on the website was a much later development in the case. As Your Honor remembers on summary judgment, that question arose. You asked for supplemental briefing on the question because it was clearly being argued at that time. So Penn State's been on notice or quite a long time that nominative fair use was the argument that Vintage

Brand was making with respect, specifically, to the website uses. Early in the argument that Penn State was making, it was pretty clear that the accused infringement was referring specifically to the -- to the products, not to the uses on the website. Uses on the website were just the context in which those things were being sold.

Later, in their more recent things, they have now started to make it clear that they apparently also allege that the uses on the website are separately infringing. And of course our argument has always been, was on summary judgment, was on the supplemental briefing, that if the -- if the products themselves are legal to sell, then it is legitimate for Vintage Brand to sell them on the website and to refer to them by name, which is what the Nominative Fair Use Doctrine is. So I think that doctrine has been in the case for quite a long time. They've been on notice of it insofar as their claim refers to the website text in particular, which again, has been a moving target. I think it's been pretty clear that Nominative Fair Use has been Vintage Brand's defense to that.

THE COURT: Who is going to speak for Penn State?

Ms. Wheatley?

MS. WHEATLEY: I will, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

MS. WHEATLEY: The Defendants' infringement on the website was alleged in Penn State's Complaint, so Defendants

had the opportunity at that point to assert a Nominative Fair Use in their defense. As Your Honor noted, they asserted a classic fair use defense. They did not assert Nominative Fair Use. This has been clear from the beginning. The website was pictured in the Complaint. We discussed Defendants' advertising. We separated out both the goods and the way they called it a Penn State Nittany Lion's store. And raising it in summary judgment does not resolve the deficiency of not raising it in the pleading.

After that, discovery was closed, and the opportunity to depose witnesses on this issue was -- had ended.

THE COURT: Okay. I understand. I'll take it under advisement. You'll have a ruling in due course.

So second, as you all well remember, I think there was a dispute in the Motions In Limine about whether Vintage Brand can present a defense related to anti-trust law. I held that the Defendants may present such a defense. I was initially going to ask Counsel for Vintage Brand why no instructions were submitted in relation to that defense, but, in Penn State's filings on Friday evening and again on Saturday afternoon, they stated that Vintage Brand does not intend to pursue such a defense.

Of course my decision on the Motion In Limine permitting evidence of anti-trust concerns was premised

entirely on the viability of that defense. So absence the defense, it seems to me that evidence is now irrelevant in this case. So why should I not prohibit the introduction of evidence related to the anti-trust issues? Who is going to speak to that for Vintage Brand? Mr. McKenna? Mr. Fetters?

MR. FETTERS: Your Honor, we think it's fairly assumed within the topic of aesthetic functionality, meaning that if these designs and logos on Vintage Brand's products are not functioning to indicate to consumers who is responsible for the quality of the products, then the alternative is that Penn State is asserting these claims to control the market for any images that cause the consumers simply to think and evoke thoughts of the University.

And so while we have no intention of explicitly making arguments, introducing evidence of conspiracy to restrain trade, things like that, we think that it should be fairly allowed that we make arguments to -- similar to what I just expressed, that Penn State is bringing this claim not because consumers are confused as to the source of Vintage Brand's products, but because they want to control the market of any imagery or any products that simply evoke thoughts of the University, which is the per se model that has been discussed in the briefing and in your Court's orders.

THE COURT: Who is going to speak for Penn State?
Mr. Finkelson, go ahead.

MR. FINKELSON: I will, Your Honor. Dave

Finkelson. Control the market is the language of anti-trust.

Your Honor allowed them to proceed with an anti-trust defense in the Motion In Limine ruling. They had communicated to us, and we had communicated, frankly, prior to that ruling that they were no longer asserting it as a defense. They reaffirmed that after the fact of Your Honor's ruling. They do not have an anti-trust defense.

Evidence about controlling the market or anti-competitive behaviors or suggestions is irrelevant under Rule 402, highly prejudicial under Rule 403, and under those and every other Rule of Evidence have zero relationship to aesthetic functionality under any articulation, whether the Defendants' articulation or our articulation.

So we think that evidence is highly inflammatory. The Defendants can tell their story without any nod to anti-competitiveness, any nod to monopolization, any nod to controlling the market, and we would ask that any such evidence and argument be excluded.

THE COURT: Good. I'll take that under advisement, as well.

Third, there appears to be a dispute about instructions for contributory infringement. Penn State objects to any such instruction because it asserts its claims against Sportswear are for direct infringement, not

contributory infringement. Starting with Defense Counsel, do you care to speak, perhaps, to that issue, and, in particular, Penn State's assertion that contributory liability is not an issue in this case. Does Vintage Brand agree, in light of that statement, that a contributory liability instruction is not appropriate?

MR. HARMS: Yes, Your Honor. Penn State hasn't pleaded facts supporting direct infringement against Sportswear. The only reason Sportswear is part of this lawsuit is because it contributed to the alleged infringement. The only theory that makes sense under the paradigm pled in this case, and Penn State's offered pleading, is a contributory infringement allegation, is a liability for contributory infringement.

So per the pleadings, we don't believe that there's a direct claim against Sportswear for infringement, which is why we believe it to be appropriate to instruct the jury in that regard.

MS. WHEATLEY: Your Honor, contributory infringement is when the infringement contributes, say, by -- by providing services for the goods, but does not directly affix the mark to the products or ship the products to consumers. Here, Sportswear is the party that actually affixes the infringing marks to the products. They manufacture the products. The manufacturer of infringing

products is always directly liable. They are also the distributor. They actually ship the products to the consumers, while Vintage Brand is the seller. All three of those are well-recognized bases for direct liability.

THE COURT: All right. Good. I'll take that under advisement, as well.

And fourth, Penn State is proposing an instruction regarding licenses and licensees to which Vintage Brand objects. So I assume the only licensee at issue here is CLC, but perhaps I'm wrong. So is there a dispute here about whether the licensor/licensee relationship has, in some way, corrupted or destroyed Penn State's trademark rights here such that anything beyond a basic instruction regarding licensor/licensee relationship is required?

MR. MCKENNA: Your Honor, I think the objection is essentially that the mere reference to trademark rights arising out of licensing grossly understates the actual legal rules about the circumstances under which licensors are able to establish trademark rights. And so I think our request is if there's going to be an instruction along those lines, then it needs to actually track the law and it needs to actually require the jury to make findings about quality control and actual quality control by Penn State, and not just contractual references to it.

MS. WHEATLEY: Your Honor, Defendants have taken

the position that the only trademark source of a product is the manufacturer. That is one of the things they have argued in the jury instructions they have proposed and to limit source to that. The Lanham Act expressly recognizes licensing. There is a section of the Lanham Act that goes precisely to that point, that the licensor steps into the shoes of the licensee, and that the licensee's use and the rights therefrom inure to the benefit of the licensor.

In other words, Penn State steps into the shoes of its manufacturers and the rights they derive from selling Penn State-branded products go to Penn State. And because of their argument that only the manufacturer is the source, we think it is important here to have an instruction for the jury so that they understand that a licensor can still own a trademark and have trademark rights from that. And our instruction is entirely consistent with the Lanham Act. It's a separate section. And the Lanham Act does not require, you know, extensive quality control. But we're going to put on evidence of quality control, so I don't think that's an issue.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

MR. MCKENNA: Can I respond to that quickly? I just want -- I think Counsel's conflating two different points that I just want to make sure the Court is clear about. So the argument that Vintage Brand has consistently made is that with respect to understanding the use by Vintage Brand on --

on its clothes that Plaintiff needs to prove that that's use as a trademark, that's got one definition under the Lanham Act, the use and commerce requires use to identify the source of a particular product. That's with respect to the proof regarding the nature of the use on Vintage Brand's products.

This argument is about the acquisition of rights by Penn State. We don't dispute that the Lanham Act says that a party is entitled to claim trademark rights by virtue of the rights that derive from its licensee. But it is the definition of a related company under the Lanham Act that in order to acquire rights in that way, you must establish quality control. So our -- again, our objection is that if the jury is going to be instructed about rights acquired through licensing, they need the whole picture of what's required in order for that to be true.

MS. WHEATLEY: Your Honor, to my knowledge,
Defendants have never challenged that there is quality control
here, and we are going to put on evidence of the same, and
they have not actually challenged Penn State's rights in that
respect. And most importantly, they have not alleged any sort
of abandonment affirmative defense, which is what they would
have had to do if, at this late stage, they wanted to say Penn
State does not control use of its marks.

So a jury instruction on that point would be going to an issue that is not in the case. So I think it would be

very, very confusing to the jury.

THE COURT: All right. I'll take that under advisement, as well. Thank you.

And finally, there seems to be an issue unrelated to the jury instructions. So we talked about this in camera earlier. Penn State, last Tuesday, filed a stipulation of facts between the parties, although it appears that the stipulated facts are now not entirely stipulated to, as we discussed earlier off the record.

So specifically, as I understand it, Vintage Brand complains that Penn State is improperly refusing to stipulate to Vintage Brand never sold merchandise featuring certain marks. Penn State, do you generally contest this fact? And furthermore, I should add, Vintage Brand objects to the inclusion of paragraphs 28 through 33 on relevance grounds.

So I'll start with you, Ms. Wheatley.

MS. WHEATLEY: We do contest the fact that -- that we should be required to stipulate that Vintage Brand has never sold goods with certain Penn State marks. There is testimony, under oath, that they have designated it goes to some of those marks. And we do not have a complete record of their website. There is evidence in the case that the memorabilia they assembled and that they applied to merchandise includes memorabilia which has the marks that they're saying we should stipulate they have never used. So

we don't feel we can do that.

MR. HARMS: Yes, Your Honor. The fact that Vintage Brand never made available the Lion head or chipmunk, as it's occasionally called, and the paw print design on its website is completely uncontested in this case. Penn State is not going to put on any contrary evidence, and under the local rules, they are required to stipulate to that fact. The only party that's offering evidence contrary to that fact is Vintage Brand itself. And Vintage Brand is offering that evidence, the testimony of Ms. Maffey, to prove that it's wrong, not to prove that the fact that those logos actually appear on the website.

So Penn State is not offering contrary evidence. The fact that it's not contested otherwise, they should be required to stipulate to it.

THE COURT: How soon do you need a ruling on that stipulation? Is it going to affect these openings?

MR. FINKELSON: I don't think the stipulation affects the opening. But it was our intent, Your Honor, to read and put in to evidence the stipulation before our first witness today, following openings. And this is a little bit of a different kind of factual stipulation because it's got visuals, and I know it's typically just read into the record. But it is our intent to present those stipulations to the jury at the start of the presentation of our case following opening

statements. THE COURT: All right. Well then I'll have a ruling for you -- I can make a ruling on that issue over the 3 lunch hour. I'll give you that ruling before you begin your opening statements in an hour or so. All right. I think that covers it, at least based on what I 6 7 can see from your papers over the course of the weekend. All right. Well, let's say -- you'll need about an 8 hour or so for lunch. I think, realistically, we are probably -- and I need to research this one issue to my satisfaction. 10 So we'll stand in recess, and we'll assume we'll be back on 11 the record at about 1:30. 12 13 Mr. Finkelson, you're going to open, I think, for Penn State? 14 MR. FINKELSON: I am, Your Honor. 15 THE COURT: And, Mr. Fetters, you're going to open 16 for Vintage Brand. You anticipate these openings, somewhere 17 around half an hour each, I think? 18 19 MR. FETTERS: Yes. THE COURT: And then we'll deal with -- I assume 20 you have at least some witnesses lined up. Do you have a 21 sense of -- is it a number of witnesses, Ms. Wheatley, 22 Mr. Finkelson, this afternoon? Is it one or two? I mean --23 by the time we -- I'm just sort of plotting out where we will be. We will probably be -- we will probably be done with 25

opening statements somewhere in the 2:30 lineup. You might want to decide at this point whether we should take a short recess at that point or not. We can. I typically try to go an hour-and-a-half to an hour and 45 minutes, you know, before there's a recess. And Mrs. Rhinehart instructs the jurors, you know, use the restroom. This is the time to do it, on the recess. It's not to be -- I don't want to interrupt you in the trial. That apparently happens -- it happened downstairs last week in another trial. Unbelievable. Somebody had to go to the bathroom, you know, in between the recesses, in my mind. But it happened. So they get pretty clear instructions here on what they do and what they shouldn't do.

So, just, you might want to chart that out in your mind in terms of, you know, who you're going to call, the amount of time it will take for direct and cross examination. And again, I would like to get as much done today, the first day, disrupted, obviously -- necessarily disrupted by the voir dire process, which was nevertheless conducted fairly expeditiously. So sort of think about that in terms of your lineup of people.

But I think you'll be under way in the trial probably in the 2:30 to 2:45 time frame. And then we will press on accordingly.

Is there anything else I need to know before I go to lunch?

```
MR. FETTERS: No, Your Honor.
1
              THE COURT: All right.
                              No, Your Honor.
              MR. FINKELSON:
3
              THE COURT: All right. You'll have a ruling on the
4
    one issue before the jury is reassembled so you can prepare
5
6
    accordingly with regard to the stipulations. All right. Very
    good.
7
              Court will rise, then, until about 1:30 p.m. Court
8
    will rise.
              (At 12:37 p.m., a lunch recess was held.)
10
              (1:44 p.m.)
11
              THE COURT: All right. We're back on the record
12
13
    after our luncheon recess. The jury remains in the jury room.
    Before we bring the jury in, I will briefly rule on some of
14
    the outstanding issues that will impact our trial.
15
              First, given the parties' statements and Vintage
16
    Brand's statement that it will not pursue an anti-trust
17
    defense, I find that evidence related to anti-trust concerns
18
19
    is no longer relevant, and such evidence has little, if any
20
    relevance to an aesthetic functionality defense, and any
    possible relevance is substantially outweighed by the
21
    possibility of unfair prejudice confusing the issues and
22
    wasting time. Evidence related to anti-trust concerns will
23
    therefore be excluded from the trial.
24
              Second, as to the issues regarding the proposed
25
```

stipulations, frankly, it doesn't seem to the Court to be of any great reason why the parties cannot stipulate to the contested fact, for whatever reason, the stipulation cannot be 3 reached. So I'm not going to put my thumb on the scale, so-to-speak, and force any stipulations to which the parties 5 do not agree. And therefore, the parties should leave out Vintage Brand's proposed stipulation and also strike 7 paragraphs 28 through 33 from the stipulations. The parties 8 may present whatever evidence they believe is necessary to prove these facts, subject, of course, to the Federal Rules of 10 Evidence. 11 So I think I've addressed the immediate issues we 12 13 have to be concerned with. Mrs. Rhinehart, if you want to escort the jury in, please. 14 MR. MCKENNA: Your Honor, before we bring the jury 15 in, can I just have one minute. I just --16 THE COURT: Slow down a little bit. You're 17 excited, but the court reporter is not so much. 18 19 MR. MCKENNA: I'll start over. I just wanted to 20 add one thing on the nominative fair use, which I understand you've still taken under advisement and not ruled on. Counsel 21 referred to the Complaint. During the break, we had a chance, 22 actually, to look at the Complaint again, and I recommend it 23 to the Court. In the Complaint, the Complaint -- all of the

allegations of infringement are by references to what are

25

called the infringing marks. The infringing remarks is a defined term, and in the Complaint, the definition of infringing marks is done entirely by references to images on the shirt. There's no separate allegations regarding infringement in any other way. There are allegations that the shirts are sold on the website. But there are no additional allegations that are specifically addressing infringement in any way, other than on the shirts.

Obviously, Vintage Brand can't have waived an affirmative defense to conduct that was not clearly articulated as infringing, which is what our nominative fair use has always been focused on, which is not the shirts, but the image -- the website references and all of the other things. So I think -- I just wanted to draw the Court's attention to that.

I also draw the Court's attention to a recently-decided Third Circuit decision, Artoss, Inc., It's A-r-t-o-s-s, Inc., versus Artoss GMBH. There's not a federal reporter citation, but it's a 2024 West Law, 282, 7927. Holding that the trial court didn't err when instructing the jury on nominative fair use, even though it mentioned until the eve of trial. Obviously this is not a circumstance where it was only mentioned on the eve of trial. This came to the Court's attention and to Counsel's attention in the Daubert Hearings in May of 2023.

```
MS. WHEATLEY: Your Honor --
              THE COURT: Well, do you have a microphone? All
    right. Use Mr. Finkelson's.
3
4
              MS. WHEATLEY: I'll read from the Plaintiff's
    Complaint. Additionally -- this is paragraph 91.
5
    Additionally, Defendants' web page for Penn State is titled
6
    quote, Penn State Nittany Lion's Vintage Designs for apparel
7
    gear in a clear attempt to associate Defendants' goods with
8
    Penn State and the goodwill Penn State has built over decades
    as embodied in the University marks.
10
              I believe we very clearly stated that the text on
11
    the website was part of our infringement claim, and we also in
12
    our count for federal trademark infringement, referenced the
13
    advertising of the goods.
14
              So we would contend that the Defendants were very
15
    much on notice that we alleged the website. This is in
16
    addition to repeated pictures of the full website and the body
17
    of the Complaint.
18
19
              THE COURT: Thank you. All right. The Court will
20
    take that under advisement. Anything else?
              MR. MCKENNA: No, Your Honor.
21
              THE COURT: Let's get under way. Mrs. Rhinehart,
22
    escort the jury in.
23
              (At 1:47 p.m., the jury entered the courtroom.)
24
              THE COURT: You may be seated.
25
```

All right. We're ready to hear opening statements, I believe. Mr. Finkelson, you're opening for Penn State, I believe?

MR. FINKELSON: I am, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Go right ahead, sir.

MR. FINKELSON: Thank you. You can't take what doesn't belong to you. Someone else's home, their car, groceries you haven't paid for, and most importantly, for purposes of this case, you can't take somebody else's good name. Their identity. For my client, that good name, that identity is the Pennsylvania State University. Penn State and the symbols that the University owns and uses to communicate to the public who the University is and what it stands for.

Walk onto any one of the more than 20 Penn State campuses across the Commonwealth, visit any of the businesses, many of them family-owned, who make a living selling authentic Penn State merchandise with our permission, and Penn State's identity is impossible to miss. The school traces its roots back to the 1800s. And the evidence in this case will show that for decades and decades, Penn State has protected its identity with trademarks. Words and logos that are registered with the United States Patent and Trademark Office that the University owns and that the University uses to tell the world we are Penn State. We stand for education, for research, for community, for quality, and for excellence.

2

3

5

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

25

For Penn State, those words and symbols, its trademarks, which I think you can now see up on your screens, are symbols of the University's reputation. And for the businesses, many in Pennsylvania who play fair and by the rules, who seek and get permission to use Penn State's trademarks on merchandise and give some of the proceeds of those merchandise sales back to the University, Penn State's trademarks mean a livelihood.

But the evidence in this case will show that for these Defendants from Seattle, Washington, Penn State's trademarks are just a way to make a quick buck. By breaking the rules that everybody else plays by, by just taking and copying the trademarks that belong to Penn State and putting them on t-shirts -- you can see them up on your screen and you'll hear about this during the trial -- putting Penn State's trademarks on t-shirts and other merchandise that the Defendants sell on their own website without any permission from Penn State at all, profiting unfairly and unlawfully from the reputation that Penn State and so many others have spent so much time, effort, and money building, the millions of students, parents, faculty, alumni and Pennsylvania merchants who support the University. And we're here, ladies and gentlemen, to ask you please make the Defendants stop once and for all. Give us back our name.

I'm Dave Finkelson, and together with my law

partner, Lucy Wheatley, and our team, we have the honor and the privilege of representing Penn State in this case, and I want to start on behalf of us, but most importantly on behalf of our client, Penn State, by saying thank you. Thank you for serving on this jury. We know what a sacrifice this is. It is taking you away from our families and your daily lives. And we're going to do our best in this trial to present the evidence to you as efficiently and as clearly as we know how.

So this is a case about trademarks. So first and foremost, what is a trademark. Well you already know more than you may think. Slide four, please, Mr. Burkhart. A trademark can be a name, a logo, or a design. It's often referred to as a brand. And here's the thing. Anyone can own a trademark. Me, you, a mom and pop business, a community organization, Penn State. There are some examples of trademarks for apparel up on your screen. The United States Marine Corps, the band, The Rolling Stones, the Olympics, the Pittsburgh Steelers, the Red Cross. But trademark symbolizes its owners' reputation. And it tells you, as a consumer, who stands behind the product.

You're going to learn in this case that trademarks are a type of property. And in many respects, owning a trademark is a lot like owning other types of product. Think of a car or your home. And just like a homeowner has every right to keep trespassers off of their land, a trademark

owner, like Penn State, has the right to the exclusive use of its trademark property and the right to decide who else can use it. And when someone, here, the Defendants, takes a name or logo that belongs to someone else, Penn State, without permission and in a way that is likely to confuse the public, that's known as trademark infringement. It's also called unfair competition, which makes sense, right, because it's not fair to do that. It's not fair to Penn State. It's not fair to the small businesses who are playing by the rules. And it's not fair to consumers who may be confused in to thinking that Penn State stands behind these Defendants' merchandise, when that's not the case at all.

Which brings me to three things that I want to preview for you in our short time together this afternoon, and that the evidence in this case will show.

First, Penn State owns its name and logos as trademarks. In fact, as you'll hear, many of those trademarks have been registered with the United States Patent and Trademark Office for so long that they're known as incontestable. Nobody can say that Penn State doesn't own them; nobody can say that they're not valid trademarks.

Second, the Defendants, Chad Hartvigson and two of his companies, Vintage Brand and Prep Sportswear have sold Penn State-branded apparel and merchandise on their Vintage Brand website without Penn State's permission. The evidence

will show that the Defendants have infringed Penn State's trademarks. They have competed unfairly.

Third, the Defendants have done it on purpose and they will do it again in a heartbeat if you let them. And that's where Penn State needs your help.

Many cases that end up in front of a jury like you are about lots of money. I'm going to tell you from day one, this isn't one of those cases. Yes, the Defendants have already profited wrongly from Penn State's trademarks, and they should pay a price for that. But the amount of money that Defendants have already made isn't why we're here today. We're here because Penn State, like any other university or organization or business who owns trademarks has an obligation to protect those valuable trademarks and because we can't stop Mr. Hartvigson and his companies by ourselves.

As you'll hear, we tried, because when all this started, that's exactly what Penn State asked Mr. Hartvigson to do. Just stop. But Mr. Hartvigson and his companies wouldn't stop. Penn State didn't want to file this lawsuit. Penn State had to file this lawsuit to protect its trademark property, to protect its reputation, and to protect all those people out there who do respect Penn State's trademarks and who benefit from using those trademarks lawful.

But bringing this lawsuit, as you'll learn, only did the job part way.

As you'll hear, it led Mr. Hartvigson to put a temporary pause on selling Penn State merchandise until this lawsuit is over. The key word there is temporary. Because Mr. Hartvigson makes no bones about it, he and his company will start selling Penn State trademark merchandise again tomorrow, at the click of a button, unless you tell him it's not okay.

This trial is Penn State's only way to put a stop to Defendants' unlawful use of our trademarks for good.

So let's talk about those Penn State trademarks that are so important in this case. They're on the board that is up in front of you. Penn State owns other trademarks as well. But the ones that you see on the board are the ones that we'll all be focused on in this trial. The evidence will show that every one of these trademarks is meaningful and valuable, not because they're especially pretty, not because Penn State is the only thing that you can call a university or the Nittany Lion is the only mascot that you can pick for a University. They're meaningful and valuable because of the reputation that Penn State and so many others in its community have built in these names and logos. They're meaningful and valuable because these trademarks have come to represent Penn State and its reputation and nothing else.

As you'll learn, each of these trademarks also has a story. You'll hear that from Jackie Esposito. Ms. Esposito

is the retired librarian of the University. She worked at Penn State for 35 years, and she literally wrote the book on Penn State's symbols and their historical significance. She's going to be the very first witness we put on the witness stand this afternoon.

Ms. Esposito, can you please stand so the jury can see you? Thank you.

Let's start with the Penn State trademark. It's the one at the top of the board, and everyone in this room has heard of this one. The earliest reference we could find was in a yearbook from 1890. And in the early 1980s, after many years of using the name Penn State, Penn State applied for and received from the United States Patent and Trademark Office the first of many trademark registrations that it's received for the words Penn State in any font or style.

As you already know, trademarks are property. And just like your house or land comes with a deed or your car comes with a title that tells the world you own it. So, too, in trademarks.

This is the official trademark registration for the trademark Penn State. You can tell by the gold seal that's on the very first page. It tells Penn State, it tells the world, it tells you that Penn State owns it and has the exclusive right to use it on merchandise.

The Pennsylvania State University trademark, the

second one on the board, the University's official name. It got that name in 1953, and it's used it ever since. If you've ever been to a Penn State football game, the Pennsylvania State University is etched in stone right next to Beaver Stadium.

The University seal trademark. It's the third one down from the top. That, too, was created in 1953 when the University adopted the Pennsylvania State University as its formal name. It appears on a ton of authentic Penn State merchandise. But more importantly, it appears on every Penn State diploma. If you're a graduate of a college or a I offer the or a high school, a diploma symbolizes all the hard work you put in and that you made it. And for graduates of any of Penn State's campuses across Pennsylvania and for their families who helped them get over the line, the University seal symbolizes that accomplishment.

But you'll learn in this case that not only are the Defendants trying to get away with using the University seal on the merchandise that they sell, they're actually trying to take the University seal away from Penn State. Believe it or not, they are going to ask you in this trial to cancel the seal trademark so that Penn State would not own its own seal any more.

They're claim is that the University seal, which truthfully reflects that Penn State is a public university,

and it says the Penn State University right on it, looks too much like an insignificant any I can't of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to be a trademark in its own right.

Well, the Patent and Trademark Office didn't think so. It granted Penn State a trademark registration for the University seal way back in 1984, and it's renewed it ever since. And the Defendants haven't located a single person who second guesses that.

The Nittany Lion shrine trademark, the next one down on the board. It's a logo version of a sculpture, a Nittany lion shrine. You probably don't know this, but there's a Nittany Lion shrine sculpture on virtually every Penn State campus. It's a place to go, the place to celebrate. The first one was actually a gift from the class of 1940. Four members of that class went off to fight for our country in World War II.

The Pozniak lion trademark, the next to the last one on the board in front you. This one was defined by the artist, Ray Pozniak, in the late 1970s. Throughout the 1980s, it was actually a primary symbol of the university's athletic programs, and when Mr. Pozniak passed away, his family granted the rights to the Pozniak lion trademark to Penn State, which has continued to honor the family's wishes by allowing a few groups to use the trademark going forward, the Nittany Lion's Wrestling Club, and a group called the Lion Ambassadors, which

is run by Penn State Alumni, and as the name suggests, are ambassadors for the University for its legacy and for its reputation.

Every one of the trademarks that I've talked about so far has a registration with one of these gold seals on it. Issued by the Government that says it belongs to Penn State, not to the Defendants. So when you see authentic merchandise out in the marketplace with these registered trademarks, you'll often notice it because they have a symbol. It's a cricle with an R inside of it, and you can see it on those trademarks are. That's R or registered trademark.

What you'll also learn in this case is there's a second way in this country to own a trademark and have all the rights that come with owning it. If you use it first and then you use it continuously on products, it's yours, even if you don't register it. And no one else is allowed to use that trademark in a way that confuses the public.

That's the case with the last trademark on the board, the S lion. And you can tell it's one of those trademarks because it has the letters TM next to it at the bottom. That's TM for trademark. The S lion symbol has a long history, dating back to when the Nittany Lion was pictured as having a mane. Bringing that history to life, Penn State has been branding apparel and merchandise with the S Lion for years, long before the Defendants ever launched

their Vintage Brand website.

Now, Penn State authorizes hundreds of companies, large and small, to put Penn State's trademarks on apparel and merchandise sold to the public online and in stores. That authorization is known as a license. Think permission. It's a mutual agreement between Penn State and its licensees and its mutually beneficial. Penn State grants those licenses with the help of a company called Collegiate Licensing Company, which is one of several entities out there that help universities like Penn State connect with manufacturing and retail partners so that retailers can sell authentic Penn State merchandise at all price points, low, medium, and higher, to meet customers' needs.

And they sell that authentic merchandise and make it available to customers pretty much everywhere, whether that's at the Kohl's that's across the street from the courthouse here at the Walmart that's in or near the town where you live or online at Dick's Sporting Goods dot com or at any other legitimate legitimate websites.

But you're here in this trial, what really sets

Penn State apart from most other colleges and universities is

that so many of those legitimate authentic merchandise sales

are made by businesses right here in Pennsylvania. Those

Pennsylvania businesses and their employees depend on the sale

of Penn State-branded goods for their livelihood.

In fact, the highest seller anywhere of authentic

Penn State-branded merchandise, number one, is a store called

The Family Clothesline, a family business in State College.

You can see a picture of the storefront for The Family

Clothesline up on your screen. You can also see the Lions

Pride, which is on the same street in State College, and is

also among the top sellers.

Back in the gallery today, I saw Caroline Gummo, a Penn State alum, who runs the Family Clothesline, along with her husband. Ms. Gummo took time out of her day to drive here today because this case is important to her, to her family, and to her employees also. Ms. Gummo, can you please stand so that the jury can see you? Thank you.

I'd also like to ask Stephanie Petulla to stand.

Ms. Petulla, also a local Penn State alum, is Penn State's director of licensing and visual identity. She's at the table with us today. She's going to be here right next to you for the whole trial at our table on behalf of Penn State. Thank you, Ms. Petulla.

Ms. Petulla will testify to you about the Penn
State brand that she helped build with these local businesses
and others to ensure that Penn State's trademarks are used in
a way that helps the University and that protects its
reputation, and about how the people who make and sell genuine
Penn State merchandise adhere to Penn State's standards for

quality, Penn State's standards for safe working conditions and for paid labor. All of that is part of Penn State making sure that customers know that the University stands behind its merchandise, that customers can trust in it, so that when it arrives in the mail to you or to the person you gave it to as a gift, you get what you paid for, the real deal.

But when these Defendants sell what they sell, using Penn State's trademarks, they don't have permission; they don't have a license. None of what they sell is subject to Penn State's quality standards, and not a cent of the money made from those sales goes back to benefit the University or the community. It just goes straight into the Defendants' pockets.

So I've talked about the long history of Penn State, the long history of Penn State's trademarks.

Defendant, Vintage Brand's history is a lot shorter.

You'll learn that out in Seattle, Mr. Hartvigson started selling Penn State-branded goods on his website in 2018. Those goods are printed and distributed by another Defendant in this case, Prep Sportswear, which is another company for which Mr. Hartvigson is the CEO and a large shareholder. Vintage Brand, just like the company's name suggests, sells so-called vintage versions of other peoples' brands. No one is off limits. Small colleges, big universities, professional sports teams. You name it; Vintage

Brand sells it; Prep Sportswear prints and ships it.

3

5

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

So you can see, this case is about a lot more than just Penn State.

So how do the Defendants pull it off? What you'll learn in this case is that Defendants start by acquiring pieces of memorabilia of Penn State and others. Think about a ticket stub or a button or a pennant. But the Defendants don't resell that memorabilia. This is not a case about reselling on eBay or reselling at a secondhand store. Instead, the Defendants take that memorabilia and they run it through a scanner, a scanner, just like you may have seen at your office or at the local copy store. They create a digital image of Penn State's trademarks, and they transfer those trademarks onto a t-shirt or a sweatshirt or a hat, a mug, a pennant, and they slap a Vintage Brand label on it. They literally copy the trademarks that Penn State and so many in its community have worked to build. And they put those trademarks on merchandise that Vintage Brand sells itself online.

Can I have slide six, please, Mr. Burkhart? You're now looking at a page straight from the website that Vintage Brand uses to pull off those sales. You'll learn in this case that the Vintage Brand website looks very much like other websites out there selling authentic Penn State merchandise, and that's no accident.

You'll actually hear by video the testimony under oath of a consumer and Penn State alum, Meghan Maffey, who went to the Vintage Brand website and thought that it was authorized by Penn State. It's not. But you can see on the screen in front of you why she thought it was. It's titled Penn State Nittany Lion's Vintage Designs. We put a red box around it for you. And as you can see, the few examples I showed you when I first started talking today, are just the tip of the iceberg. The Vintage Brand website offers for sale one item after another, bearing the Penn State brand, the trademarks that belong to Penn State.

What false impression about a connection to Penn State does that give to consumers who visit the Vintage Brand website? That's a question about confusion, which is one of the things that you're going to be asked to consider in this case, whether any consumers are likely to be confused in to thinking that Defendants' merchandise is put out by or sponsored by, approved by, or affiliated with Penn State when, in fact, it isn't.

As you'll hear, and it makes sense, Defendants' merchandise doesn't have to be identical to the real thing for there to be confusion. The question is whether it is similar enough to the real thing that when consumers see it, they think, mistakenly and incorrectly, that it has Penn State's permission.

Now, as with everything else in this case, you can and should use your common sense to answer that question. But we tested it for you, too. You're going to hear in this trial from David Franklyn, a trademark law professor at the Arizona State School of Law, who specializes in conducting what are known as trademark confusion studies. Professor Franklyn performed one of those studies in this case, and as he'll walk through with you, it confirmed what your intuition may already be telling you. Mr. Hartvigston and his companies are causing substantial confusion.

About one out of every three people Professor

Franklyn tested, believed that Vintage Brand's merchandise had

Penn State's blessing, which it doesn't. As you'll learn,

that's more than twice, more than twice the amount of

confusion that all the experts in this field agree is too

much.

One more word on confusion. Having listened to me this afternoon, you already know a heck of a lot more than the average consumer about genuine Penn State merchandise on the one hand and Defendants' merchandise, that the evidence will show, is infringing. Take a look, please, at the merchandise that's been up on this display the whole time I have been talking. Ask yourselves, is all of this merchandise the real deal? Or is it all of it fake? Or is some the real deal and some the fakes? And if it's a mix of both, which is which?

If you can't tell for sure today, just imagine what you would have felt coming across these products yesterday while shopping online or seeing someone wear them down the street.

So in the face of all of this evidence, is there any reason why Penn State should be treated differently than every other owner of trademark property. Is there any reason why the rules that apply to everyone else don't apply to Mr. Hartvigson and his companies? Listen to the evidence. Use your common sense. And the only answer to that question is no.

Mr. Burkhart, can I have slide seven, please?

The Defendants will tell you that what they do is okay, as long as you just read the fine print. If you squint at the screens in front of you, you may be able to see an example of the fine print that the Defendants like to talk about at the top where Vintage Brand says on its website it is not affiliated with the Penn State Nittany Lions or the University book store or any college. These so-called disclaimers, the evidence will show, they don't make any difference. The fine print doesn't prevent confusion; that's common sense; and the scientific studies that you'll hear about in this case confirm it.

Defendants may also try to tell you that what they do is okay because they sell to fans. But the evidence will show that selling to fans is no defense for the Defendants'

trademark infringement, and it's no exuse for that trademark infringement either.

Universities, as you already know, who have fans and supporters have trademark rights, too, just like individuals and small businesses and professional sports teams and everyone else who owns and protects its reputation with a name or a logo.

I showed you earlier today the Steelers and Rolling Stones trademarks. When you buy a Steelers shirt at a game or a Rolling Stones shirt at the concert merchant, are you a fan? Yes. Would you also think that the Steelers or the Rolling Stones must have given permission for their names and logos to be used on that t-shirt, that they're getting a share of the proceeds? Of course. Can you, as a fan, run home, snap a digital picture of the names and logos on that t-shirt and start selling t-shirts yourself featuring The Rolling Stones and the Steelers? Of course not. And the Defendants can't do that to Penn State either.

And that brings me to my final point, and one that I would ask you to be on the look out for when you hear those and other excuses from the Defendants during the course of this trial. What will the evidence show is the Defendants' real intent in this case.

Can I have slide eight, please, Mr. Burkhart. First, it will show that Defendants know exactly what

trademarks are and how important they are. Both Vintage Brand and Prep Sportswear have trademarks in their own names or logos. You see on your screens Vintage Brand's trademark on merchandise, the hat, in the top corner. Why? Because trademarks mean something. They have value. And the Defendants know it. Vintage Brand even licenses its own trademark to Prep Sportswear. So they also both know what a license is and that you need to have one.

Second, the evidence will show that the Defendants knew full well that Penn State's names and logos are trademarks. When a trademark is registered in the United States, anyone can find out that it exists by searching a publicly-available website that the US Government makes available for anyone to search. Before -- before he started selling Penn State-branded goods, Mr. Hartvigson went to that website. He searched for and he found the trademark registration for Penn State. He knew it existed. But he went full steam ahead.

The Defendants know how to do this the right way.

But when it came to Penn State, they chose, instead, to ignore the rules that all other businesses fairly play by. They chose, instead, to take and profit from Penn State's trademarks without our permission, and they'll do it again unless you stop them.

So let me end right where I started, because we

```
think this case really is as simple as it may already seem to
          The Defendants took what doesn't belong to them.
    took and trespassed on Penn State's identity without
3
    permission in a way that is likely to confuse consumers into
4
    to thinking that Defendants have a relationship with Penn
5
6
    State.
           They don't. The Defendants are supporting and are
    supported by Penn State. They aren't. That's called
7
    trademark infringement. That's called unfair competition.
8
    And that's what we will prove to you over the course of this
    trial. Thank you.
10
              THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Finkelson.
11
              MR. FINKELSON:
                              Thank you, Your Honor.
12
13
   Mr. Fetters, opening?
              MR. FINKELSON: I'm going to have my colleagues get
14
    this out of Mr. Fetter's way.
15
              THE COURT: Oh. Thank you. Let's pause. All
16
    right. Mr. Fetters, opening?
17
              MR. FETTERS: Thank you, Your Honor.
18
19
              THE COURT: Go right ahead, sir.
20
              MR. FETTERS: Well, folks, by now you've figured
    out that this is a trademark case, and I'm guessing that when
21
    you received your jury summons, maybe some of you were hoping
22
    for a really interesting case, maybe a criminal case with
23
    facts similar to the things you see on shows like Date Line.
24
    Well, sorry to disappoint. This is a trademark case.
25
```

we'll try to make it as informative and useful for you as possible.

But you're about to get a crash course, really, in trademark law. And I'm guessing that for most of you, you probably haven't spent all that much time really thinking about trademarks or trademark law. And you might be wondering to yourself, what is this case really going to be about at its essence. Well, it's about consumers, folks just like you. You see trademark law is designed to protect consumers from being misled as to who is responsible for the quality of a producer's products.

So when you hear the attorneys and the witnesses talk about consumer confusion, confusion as to source, that's what we're talking about. Are consumers being mislead in to thinking that Penn State is responsible for the quality of Vintage Brand's products.

Let me put that slightly differently. Do consumers intend to purchase products put out by Penn State but they're being misled in to purchasing products from Vintage Brand instead. That's what Penn State is here trying to prove. We see — we say that consumers are not confused as to who is responsible for the quality of Vintage Brand's products. And we think that at the conclusion of the evidence, you'll find also that the answer is consumers are not being misled as to who is responsible for the quality of Vintage Brand's

products.

And I think that there are really two primary reasons why the evidence will support you in reaching this very same conclusion.

The first relates to the buying experience when consumers do purchase Vintage Brand's products. Consider this. There is only a single place to purchase Vintage Brand's products. It's at Vintage Brand's websites, www dot Vintage Brand dot com. You can't get Vintage Brand's products at Macey's; you can't get them at Wegman's; you can't get them at The Family Clothesline. Only at Vintage Brand's website, Vintage Brand dot com.

And on that website, you'll see that Vintage Brand sells new merchandise, things like t-shirts, sweatshirts, socks, hats, glassware, wall art, posters, puzzles featuring designs, like this, (indicating) derived originally from historic sports memorabilia, and that Vintage Brand offers products like these relating to hundreds of different universities and pro teams.

Now on this website, again, talking about the consumer experience of buying Vintage Brand's products, consumers see that Vintage Brand places prominent disclaimers throughout its website in different formats so that folks know for sure that Vintage Brand's products are not sponsored, licensed, or endorsed by any university or team.

But consider this. It's not just the fact that

Vintage Brand places those disclaimers on its website. It's
the fact that Penn State's licensees do something completely
opposite of that. They pronounce to the world that their
products are officially licensed Penn State products. And why
do they do that? Well you'll hear from the evidence, there's
two reasons: One, they're contractually required to do that,
to affix officially licensed statements to their store fronts,
to their websites, in their advertising, and on the products
themselves. They affix officially-licensed labels and
stickers that are so tightly controlled, that those
officially-licensed stickers contain uniqute serial numbers
and holograms where consumers can actually look up, by typing
in that serial number on the website to confirm that those
products are officially licensed.

And what does that mean? Well, it means that consumers don't have to guess. If a consumer is genuinely interested in only acquiring officially-licensed Penn State merchandise, that consumer can do that, because Penn State's licensees make sure that consumers know that. You'll hear that this is a valuable marketing advantage to be able to promote your products as officially licensed Penn State products. And that's what those licensees get in exchange for working with Penn State and all of the controls that come with that.

And so again, what is Vintage Brand doing? They're doing the complete opposite. They're not saying on their website that they're offering officially licensed products. They're not say -- staying silent on the topic. They're going so far as to affirmatively tell consumers, in multiple formats, throughout the entirety of the website that their products are their own, that they are not sponsored, they are not licensed by any team or university or pro team.

Now, there's a second reason why the evidence will show that consumers are not being mislead as to whether Penn State is responsible for Vintage Brand's products. And that second reason is really more fundamental. And it's about the role of the historic memorabilia designs that Vintage Brand prints on its shirts.

I said before that trademarks exist so that consumers know who is responsible for the quality of the product. And why is that so? Because we have a system where we want to ensure that consumers have an efficient way to go shopping, to make their buying decisions. And let me give an example of that.

I think maybe the most well-known trademark that folks might think of is the Nike swoosh. When you see that Nike swoosh on the side of a shoe, you know immediately who is responsible for the quality of that shoe. That's because that Nike swoosh is a trademark, and that Nike swoosh is doing

trademark work. That's an important concept throughout this entire trial. Trademark work. Communicating to consumers efficiently and effectively who is responsible for the quality of the shoe. It's not just the reputation of the trademark holder generally. That's a key distinction. The reputation of the trademark holder for producing the shoe. That's trademark work.

When Vintage Brand wants consumers to know who is responsible for the quality of Vintage Brand's products, you look to the label where it says Vintage Brand. You look to the sticker on Vintage Brand's hats, which says Vintage Brand. You look to the packaging that the products come in, which says Vintage Brand. That's all doing trademark work. It's acting like the Nike swoosh.

This -- this historical memorabilia artwork that

Vintage Brand prints on its shirts, it's not doing trademark

work. You'll hear from Chad Hartvigson, who will testify that

the reason that Vintage Brand prints historic memorabilia

artwork on its products is because he hopes that consumers

will find the artwork attractive. He hopes that consumers

will have a sense of nostalgia, having looked at the artwork.

And perhaps most fundamentally, he hopes that by wearing these

products, consumers can express their affinity, their

affection, their school spirit, their fandom for their

favorite schools and teams. So that when folks wear these

products to the games, they can show that they're part of the team. That's what this artwork does. It's not doing trademark work.

And what Penn State will say, is well, our trademark -- we have a trademark in our name, and that appears in this artwork. But this is not a copyright case. This is a trademark case. And what do trademarks do? They communicate to consumers who is responsible for the quality of the shirt. And so just because Penn State's name appears within the composition of historic memorabilia artwork and just because consumers think of the university in a general sense, that does not mean that consumers are being misled in to believing that Penn State is responsible for the quality of this shirt.

Now, I mentioned at the outset that this case is about about consumers and that's true. But this case is also about another thing. It's about over reach, over reach by the University. The University brought this lawsuit because it thinks that it has trademark rights over any image that simply causes consumers to think of the University and to think of the University's reputation as an educational services provider. Not the reputation as a product producer. But just to look at these images and think of the University. That's not how trademark law works. And again, this is not a copyright case. It's about whether consumers are being misled as to the source of Vintage Brand's products.

Now let me add some context. Let me start first with Chad Hartvigson. Chad, who is here today, you'll hear him testify. Chad is an entrepreneur. He's a former professional baseball player, and he's a lifelong sports fan. And, in fact, this isn't Chad's first time to Williamsport. He was here in 1982 playing in the Little League World Series, with a team from Washington State that achieved a historic championship win over Taiwan, which was subsequently documented in 30 for 30 ESPN documentary.

While Chad went on to play professional -- or college baseball, he graduated with a degree in business, and after graduating, he was drafted to play professional baseball. When you hear Chad explain, that like many professional baseball players, he started out at the lowest level of the minor leagues. And he progressed his way up to the highest level of the minor leagues, triple A baseball.

And you'll hear Chad explain that, unlike the folks you see on t.v. playing in the big leagues who are making millions of dollars, Chad, as a minor league baseball player, barely made enough money to afford food. And so after he retired from professional baseball, he was eager to put that business degree to work, and he was eager to make it in business.

So fast-forward to 2003. That's when Chad first came up and founded his first apparel company called Prep

Sportswear, or Sportswear, Inc., is the full formal name. And Sportswear was a first of its kind for many reasons. Prep Sportswear is an online apparel company, and it was the first to create a national database of youth sports leagues and teams, like Little League baseball teams, and K through 12 schools across the country where parents, students, coaches, fans of children playing in those leagues and on those K through 12 teams to go online, find their school or find their Little League, prepopulate it with templates so that fans and parents could buy apparel for those student athletes.

So, for example, if you were to go on to the Prep Sportswear website, you could search in the Williamsport Area High School, find that school, preload it with templates, with the school name, school colors, all customizable so that if you have a son who plays on the baseball team or a daughter who plays on the softball team and you want to order shirts for those kids to wear during practice, you can do that with easy-to-load templates and combinations and sizes that you can't find anywhere else.

Now, Prep Sportswear was not only innovative in its website platform, it was innovative in its manufacturing process. You'll hear Chad explain that the traditional methods of printing these apparel under the old regime really was not cost effective. And so Chad and Prep Sportswear created their own manufacturing and printing facility right

here in the US, in Kentucky, where all of its products were printed on demand, only after a customer placed an order. And under the old model, it was almost impossible for parents to get small batch clothing like this.

So Prep Sportswear effectively created a new industry within the apparel industry.

So through -- from 2003 until 2009, Sportswear focused on the youth sports league and K through 12 business model. And even at this -- even today, this continues to be the bread and butter of the company. But in 2009, Sportswear thought it would try something different, thought it would try expanding its product offerings, and so it decided to start offering licensed college logos printed on products, t-shirts and sweatshirts. They decided to do basically what everyone else was selling within that genre.

And so Prep Sportswear contracted with a company called Licensing Resource Group, which through a series of mergers became Learfield, which then became Collegiate Licensing Company or CLC. And under this license, Sportswear sold products featuring college's modern logos and included all of their acquired officially-licensed statements on the website and on the products themselves. And over time, Chad came to find that the traditional collegiate licensing regime just really wasn't all that compatible with Sportswear's direct-to-consumer, print-on-demand business model. The old

licensing regime was really traditionally based on the traditional method of brick and mortar stores, wholesalers, retailers, each imposing their own mark-ups. And under the traditional regime, the licensing industry really wasn't being able to offer a lot of unique designs or color combinations or sizes.

And so by about 2020, that relationship with the CLC ceased, and those products are no longer offered.

And just to be clear, Prep Sportswear never offered any products related to Penn State. That wasn't within their portfolio.

But let me back up to 2017. That's when Chad started considering an idea for Vintage Brand, and Vintage Brand would be a new company, but it would be based on something old, something very old. And that's historic sports memorabilia.

Now, Chad has been a life-long sports fan and a sports collector for a long time, and like many in the 1980s, Chad got his start in sports collectables, collecting baseball cards. Well, you'll hear Chad explain that his interest in sports collectables has greatly expanded, and he'll describe the fact that he has spent hundreds of hours meeting with sports collectors, going to sports collectables trade shows, searching on eBay, going to collectors' houses and sifting through dusty boxes in garages and attics, all in the search

for rare sports collectables from the 1940s, 50s, 60s, decades and decades ago. Why spend all this time doing that?

Well, once you see some of the artwork that appeared on these sports collectables from the distant past, I think you'll get a sense of how amazing some of this stuff is. What you see here are examples from the Vintage Brand collection of sports memorabilia with artwork related to Penn State, and these are game brochures, and you can see that a lot of these brochures are adorned with artwork that are created by third parties that are cartoon-ish, really impressive, often relating to two different teams.

Here are examples of stickers, decals, buttons within Penn State's collection. And by the way, the button at the bottom right should look familiar to you, because that's where this shirt came from, the I like Penn State shirt.

Here are some examples of historic team tickets.

And these are particularly impressive for the artwork that used to come on these old tickets. And of course these tickets have information about the date that they've -- that these games were played. But contrast that to anyone who has gone to a modern sporting event with digital tickets. This kind of artwork just doesn't exist on tickets anymore.

And so what was Vintage Brand's process? Well, first, it was acquiring the complete collection of memorabilia that it has, which, by the way, consists of more than 25,000

different items relating to hundreds of different universities and pro teams.

At that point, Vintage Brand's founders took the painstaking effort and process of enhancing or scanning the artwork that appeared from that memorabilia. And then, went through the painstaking process of enhancing those scanned images to deal with things like wrinkles, smudges, and to make them suitable for printing on new products, so enhancing for clarity and for vibrant color. And then the final step is offering those products with the enhanced artwork on things like coasters, mugs, t-shirts, sweatshirts, canvas wall art, all print on demand.

And Vintage Brand, as a startup, did not have its own manufacturing facility from the outset. And so Chad had Vintage Brand contract with his other company, Prep Sportswear, which did have a manufacturing facility in Kentucky to print all of Vintage Brand's products. You'll hear Chad explain that now that Vintage Brand is more established, it has its own manufacturing facility in Nashville where it prints all of its products to this day.

You'll hear Chad also explain that the company
Vintage Brand is able to offer a huge array -- huge array of
design choices to consumers, as varied as the memorabilia
artwork that it derives from, and it's able to do so at an
affordable price, and it's able to sell those designs and

products to consumers, even if they don't sell very much. And the reason it can do that is because it's direct-to-consumer, print-on-demand.

The old way of doing business in this industry is for retailers to acquire a large stock of inventory in advance, and that inventory is then placed on a rack or it's sold online. But because retailers often don't know which designs are going to be favored most by consumers through their purchasing behavior, it's inherently risky. And so that necessarily causes retailers to limit the number of designs that they offer, limit the number of color combinations, limit the sizes that can be purchased. That's not a problem for Vintage Brand and its business model of online, direct-to-consumer, print-on-demand. It can offer a wide selection of image variety, a wide selection of color combinations, and a wide selection of sizes, everything from infant all the way up to 6X.

So now you know about Vintage Brand and its business model. Let's take another look at the Vintage Brand website. And remember, one of the reasons -- primary reasons I said that the evidence will show that consumers are not confused as to who is responsible for Vintage Brand's products is because of the context of the entire buying experience on the Vintage Brand website.

What you see here is a screenshot of the Vintage

Brand website, and you have to keep in mind these are static screenshots of a dynamic website, and so it's not quite a one-to-one translation in terms of what you see here and what the actual experience is on the website. But you see at the top left, the Vintage Brand name and stylized V logo. The Vintage Brand color scheme is black and white, and that appears along with the name and logo on every page of the Vintage Brand website.

At the top, the home page is organized with hyperlinked categories of college, baseball, football, basketball, Vintage athletes and more.

As you scroll down, there's arrangements of different mocked-up product offerings to help consumers and how they want to go shopping for Vintage Brand's products. So one of the first cluster of product offerings that you see here that consumers can hyperlink to expand the selections are just a variety of top colleges with historic artwork, and in this case, relating to the Auburn Tigers, Oklahoma Sooners, Notre Dame Fighting Irish, Florida Gators, Nebraska Corn Huskers, Ohio State, and Alabama.

So consumers can click on that link and shop similar designs related to other universities. Consumers can shop -- a popular option is two-team rivalries. So if your favorite school is commonly-playing each year in a big rivalry game, Vintage Brand has historic memorabilia designs related

to that theme you can shop for. You can isolate and look at the entire directory of universities for which there's historic memorabilia artwork on the Vintage Brand website, or you can search by an individual at the University and find artwork related to that University.

What you see here is what the web pages related to Penn State artwork look like on the Vintage Brand website. And just scrolling down here, you see that the way this is organized is that Vintage Brand has digital mockups of a wide variety of different like product types, coasters, wall art, sweatshirts, t-shirts, things like that, and that those different blank types are populated with mockups of the range of different memorabilia artwork that is available on the Vintage Brand website.

Now going back up to the top of this page, we see again the Vintage Brand name at the top left, and we have the disclaimers that are visible here and here. (indicating) And there's disclaimers also at the bottom of the page.

Now remember, keep in mind, it's not even so much that Vintage Brand has these disclaimers on its website. It's that Vintage Brand is not silent on the issue at all, and that Vintage Brand does not falsely proclaim to offer officially-licensed merchandise, and it's the fact that Penn State's licensees proclaim to offer officially-licensed merchandise. And all of that combines to form the consumer

experience when purchasing these products.

If a consumer were to click on one of the thumbnails and look at an individual product offering, you might see something like this. (indicating) Again, Vintage Brand's name is in the top left. If we zoom in on the product description, you see something like this, (indicating) 1950 Penn State Nittany Lion's mug. And you'll hear from Chad explaining his process of researching and attempting to date these historic images. In this case, Chad and Vintage Brand believe that this image first originated in 1950 on historic memorabilia.

You'll see that there's yet again, another disclaimer saying by Vintage Brand, not affiliated with or sponsored by Penn State Nittany Lions. And then below that is a description of the image itself. And it goes in to the history of the Nittany Lion mascot.

And that's there because it's important to tell the stories of these images, because that's what Vintage Brand believes these images do, that they tell stories, that they evoke a sense of nostalgia.

Now if a consumer places an order, those products arrive at their doorstep with Vintage Brand packaging, what you see with the sticker on the box and the packaging in the top -- the bottom left. They arrive with Vintage Brand's name on the products, like you see on the label at the neck and the

brim of the hat.

And so that's the Vintage Brand website, and the indicators for that website as to why consumers are not confused as to source -- the source of Vintage Brand's products.

So let's now talk again about Penn State's licensees.

So what you see here is an excerpt from the contract between Penn State's licensing agent, CLC, and one of CLC's licensees, Penn State's licensee, retail licensee, with language requiring that licensees affix official -- official-license articles to all of its products that officially-licensed statements be included with all advertising and marketing. And at the bottom here, you see some examples of the holographic stickers and labels with unique serial numbers that those products come -- that are attached to the products. Again, when I mentioned that consumers can actually look up those serial numbers that they can determine that their product is officially licensed. This is an example from the college vault program of an officially licensed product game tag that's affixed to the product.

And these are some examples from The Family
Clothesline. What you see on the left is right on the banner
of the storefront of the retail outlet at State College. They
proudly proclaim on the banner for all to see, Officially

Licensed Penn State Merchandise. There's a website address there. Penn State clothes dot com. And of course at that store, you'll hear from the proprietor of that store that all of their products are related to Penn State. Their products don't -- they don't offer products related to the University of Alabama or other pro teams in the way that Vintage Brand does.

On the right, you see a screenshot from their website. And again, Officially-licensed appears in several locations, and, in fact, on every single page of that website, every single page, it says officially-licensed Penn State gear. So again, if a consumer wants officially-licensed merchandise, they don't have to guess because Penn State's licensees make sure that consumers know that.

And it's no surprise that there is no evidence of actual confusion. And in fact, Penn State will offer only a single witness who will attempt to testify on this issue of whether anyone is confused as to who is responsible for the quality of Vintage Brand's products.

But you'll hear that this customer is not any ordinary customer. In fact, she's not a customer at all. She is the president of the largest alumni association Chapter for Penn State University in Washington D.C. And you'll hear her testify, via deposition, and she'll explain that in the summer of 2022, she reached out to 100 different online businesses

offering products related to Penn State, 100 different online businesses with essentially an identical e-mail. She was soliciting free products related to Penn State that could be raffled off at an alumni association event. And when questioned about whether she visited the Vintage Brand website, she said she did, and she said that she saw two logos that she recalled seeing, and she was very firm about that. One she described as the chipmunk logo, which is a lion head profile. And it looks a little bit like a chipmunk. The second one she described as a paw print logo. You'll hear from Chad and you'll take a look at all of the screenshots that you see from the Vintage Brand website. But you'll hear from Chad, and he'll explain that neither of those modern logos for Penn State were ever on the Vintage Brand website at any time.

And in addition to this, the time frame that she claims to have been on the Vintage Brand website, the Vintage Brand web pages related to Penn State were not even live and available to the public. You heard from Counsel during opening statement that when Penn State brought this lawsuit, Vintage Brand temporarily took those pages down. That was in 2021. Ms. Maffey claims that she was on the website for Vintage Brand, looking at these pages, in the summer of 2022. There is no evidence of actual confusion. And, in fact, this is confirmed by the empirical scientific research that has

been conducted.

One of the witnesses you'll hear from is Dr. Tulin Erdmen. Dr. Erdem is the chair of the marketing department at New York University Stern School of Business. And she has a PhD, and she is an expert in consumer behavior. She conducted a scientific survey to assess consumer reaction to the Vintage Brand website to determine whether consumers are being misled in to believing that Penn State is the source of Vintage Brand's products.

You'll hear Dr. Erdmen explain that consumers do not believe that Penn State is responsible for the quality of Vintage Brand products. There is no confusion as to source.

Now, Penn State will offer its own survey expert,
David Franklyn. You'll hear from David Franklyn and you'll
find that unlike Dr. Erdem, who has a PhD and is an expert in
consumer behavior, Mr. Franklyn has no formal training in
survey research. He has no PhD, and, in fact, he's a lawyer.

One of the other experts you'll hear from is another defense expert, Dr. David Neal, and he was retained to critique Mr. Franklyn's survey. Dr. Neal also is a PhD and an expert in consumer behavior. And he'll explain that Mr. Franklyn's survey is deeply flawed in his methodology; he utilized a bad control; he distorted the commercial context, in which consumers purchased Vintage Brand's products; and the summation is his conclusions are invalid. Junk science in,

junk science out.

So as I wrap up my comments here, I refer back to the old familiar addage, there are often two sides to every story. You've just now heard from the other side. We're here today because Penn State thinks that it has the right, the trademark right to control all images that simply evoke thoughts of the University, even when consumers are not confused as to the source of those products. And again, this — this is not a copyright case. This is a trademark case. And trademarks are designed and intended to protect consumers from being misled as to who is responsible for the quality of that — of those products.

Ask yourself, do consumers intend to purchase products put out by Penn State but are misled in to purchasing products put out by Vintage Brand instead? That's what Penn State's trying to prove. We say they aren't. Or do consumers intend to purchase products put out by Vintage Brand and that's what they get and that they know that those products are put out by Vintage Brand?

Or perhaps it's a third option. Maybe consumers don't even care who is responsible for the quality of Vintage Brand's products. If a consumer does not care who is responsible for the quality of Vintage Brand's products, that consumer necessarily cannot be confused as to the source of those products because source was never a consideration in the

first place.

I said before that the images that Vintage Brand puts on its products are there to tell a story. Similar to what Sports Illustrated has done in its Commemorative 25-year Anniversary issue related to Penn State. The entirety of this issue, which Sports Illustrated sells, presumably to Penn State fans, for compensation, the entirety of this magazine is related to stories about Penn State's football team. And just because Penn State's name and logos appear within this magazine, consumers aren't being misled in to thinking that Penn State is responsible for the quality of this magazine. That's how trademark law works. And that's no different than this.

The artwork that appears at the center of these t-shirts, even though the Penn State name is there, is not doing trademark work. It's about Penn State. It's not from Penn State. And that's the key trademark distinction.

At the conclusion of all the evidence, we think that you'll reach that same conclusion. At the conclusion of all of the evidence, we'll ask that you render a verdict in the Defendants' favor. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, sir.

Counsel, if you don't disagree, I think we'll take a short recess at this point.

Ladies and gentlemen, Mrs. Rhinehart will escort

```
you out for a 10-minute recess. Court will rise.
              (At 3:00., p.m. a recess was held.)
              (At 3:16 p.m., the jury entered the courtroom.)
3
              THE COURT: All right. We're back on the record
4
    after a short recess. Plaintiffs' Counsel, are you ready to
5
6
    call your first witness? Ms. Wheatley?
              MS. WHEATLEY: Your Honor, we'll start by reading
7
    the factual stipulations into the record.
8
              THE COURT: That's fine. Go ahead. As modified by
    the Court.
10
              MS. WHEATLEY: As modified by the Court.
11
    Mr. Burkhart will show the stipulations on the screen so the
12
13
    that the jury is able to see the images.
              THE COURT: Go right ahead.
14
              MS. WHEATLEY: The parties, the Pennsylvania State
15
    University, Vintage Brand, LLC, Sportswear, Inc., and Chad
16
    Hartvigson stipulate to the following facts:
17
                  Vintage Brand, LLC, formed in September, 2017.
18
19
   Vintage Brand's members, i.e., owners consist of co-founders,
20
    Chad Hartvigson, Erik Hartvigson, and Michelle Young. Chad
    Hartvigson owns 70 percent of Vintage Brand, while Erik
21
    Hartvigson and Michelle Young each own a portion of the
22
    remaining 30 percent. Vintage Brand has no W-2 employees.
23
                 Vintage Brand owns and operates a website,
24
   Vintage Brand dot com, where consumers can purchase
25
```

print-on-demand apparel, drinkware, and other goods.

- 3. Vintage Brand owns a collection of sports memorabilia, which consists of pennants, buttons, game tickets, decals, brochures, patches, stickers, trading cards, and programs bearing images from collegiate sporting events of the past memorabilia.
- 4. Vintage Brand's business model consists of selecting and scanning images or parts of images from its collection of memorabilia and memorabilia owned by others and printing those scanned images or parts of images on blank products such as t-shirts, sweatshirts, hats, socks, drinkware, and other items. These products are offered for sale to customers across the United States through Vintage Brand's website at Vintage Brand dot com.
- 5. From 2018 to 2021, Vintage Brand's website included, among other things, a team page entitled Penn State Nittany Lion's Vintage Designs on which it made available merchandise featuring roughly 35 images related to Penn State.
- 6. Vintage Brand first sold a product bearing Penn State-related images in May, 2018.
- 7. Sportswear, Inc., also called Prep Sportswear, formed in 2005. Chad Hartvigson is CEO of Sportswear and owns 30 percent of the outstanding shares in Sportswear. The remaining 70 percent are owned by 14 individuals.
 - 8. Sportswear owns a manufacturing facility in

Kentucky. Because Vintage Brand did not have its own manufacturing facility during the time relevant to this lawsuit, Vintage Brand contracted with Prep Sportswear to manufacture and ship all of the goods sold through Vintage Brand's website and to provide customer service for Vintage Brand.

- 9. Penn State was founded in 1855.
- 10. Penn State owns US Registration No. 1308610 for the word mark Penn State, which covers decals, stickers, decorative wall plaques, drinking mugs, tankards, glasses, cups, tumblers, pennants, banners, shirts, t-shirts, sweatshirts, socks, hats, and nontextile wall hangings.
- 11. US Registration No. 1308610 was registered on December 11th, 1984.
- 12. Penn State owns US Registration No. 5766698 for the word mark Penn State, which covers decorative magnets, drinking glasses, cutting boards, fabric flags, hooded sweatshirts, sweatpants, caps, being headwear, coasters, and jigsaw puzzles.
- 13. US Registration No. 5766698 was registered on June 4th, 2019.
- 14. Penn State owns US Registration No. 1315693 for the word mark the Pennsylvania State University, which covers decals, drinking mugs, tankards, glasses, cups, and tumblers.

2

4

7

11

12

14

17

19

21

22

23

24

25

```
15. US Registration No. 1315693 was registered on
    January 22nd, 1985.
              16. Penn State owns US Registration No. 5399989
3
    for the word mark the Pennsylvania State University, which
    covers hats, jackets, shirts, shorts, sweatshirts, and
5
    t-shirts.
              17. US Registration No. 5399989 was registered on
    February 13th, 2018.
8
              18. Penn State owns US Registration No. 5742516
    for the word mark the Pennsylvania State University, which
10
    covers decorative magnets and fabric flags.
              19. US Registration No. 5742516 was registered on
13
   May 7th, 2019.
              20. Penn State owns US Registration No. 5305910
    for the Pozniak Lion design mark which covers hats, t-shirts,
15
    and sweatshirts.
16
              21. US. Registration No. 5305910 was registered on
    October 10th, 2017.
18
              22. Penn State owns US Registration No. 1276712
20
    for the University seal design mark, which covers decorative
    magnetic stickers, decals, stickers, decorative wall plaques,
```

23. US registration No. 1276712 was registered on May 8th, 1984.

drinking mugs, tankards, glasses, cups, tumblers, pennants,

shirts, t-shirts, sweatshirts, shorts, and hats.

```
Penn State owns US Registration No. 5877080
1
    for the University seal design mark, which covers coasters,
2
    ceramic mugs, fabric flags, banners of textile and hooded
3
    sweatshirts.
              25. US Registration No. 5877080 was registered on
5
    October 8th, 2019.
6
              26. Penn State owns US Registration No. 1350286
7
    for Lion shrine design mark, which covers decorative magnetic
8
    stickers, decals, drinking mugs, tankards, glasses, cups,
    tumblers, pennants, shirts, t-shirts, sweatshirts, and hats.
10
              27. US Registration No. 1350286 was registered on
11
    July 23rd, 1985.
12
13
              28. Vintage Brand owns US Registration No. 6029818
    for the logo below for use in connection with online retail
14
    store services, Vintage Brand.
15
              29. Vintage Brand has sold and/or offered to sell
16
    t-shirts, sweatshirts, hats, koozies, pennants, drinkware,
17
    coasters, posters, magnets, wall art, socks, puzzles, and
18
19
    cutting boards featuring images related to Penn State.
20
              30.
                   The Penn State-related images that have been
    depicted on the merchandise offered and sold by Vintage Brand
21
    include, but are not limited to the following images:
22
               (Referring to display of images displayed to the
23
               jury.)
24
              The Vintage Brand website has numerous pages,
25
```

including A, a home page, the main landing page on the domain www dot Vintage Brand dot com, B, team pages, secondary landing pages with Vintage imagery related to specific teams or institutions, and C, product pages, pages showing digital mockups of potential product offerings utilizing artwork from Vintage Brand's collection of memorabilia.

- 32. A representative screen capture of Vintage
 Brand's Penn State Nittany Lion's vintage designs team page is
 shown here. (indicating.)
- 33. The Vintage Brand website features specific pages for each item offered for sale. An image of the top of an example product page is shown here. (indicating)
- 34. Vintage Brand's Penn State Nittany Lions
 Vintage designs team page contains text beneath the header
 which reads: Vintage designs not affiliated with, licensed,
 or sponsored by any college team or league. Vintage Brand's
 product pages showing merchandise with Penn State-related
 imagery contain text beneath the header which reads, By
 Vintage Brand TM, not affiliated with or sponsored by Penn
 State Nittany Lions.
- 35. Vintage Brand sold 1,269 products through the Penn State Nittany Lion store on Vintage Brand dot com.
- 36. Vintage Brand received revenues from sales through the Penn State Nittany Lion store amounting to \$23,219.27.

```
Neither Vintage Brand, Prep Sportswear, nor
1
    Chad Hartvigson have a license to use any of Penn State's
    trademarks.
3
              THE COURT: Very good. Thank you.
              MS. WHEATLEY: I'm afraid another boring part, now
5
6
    I'm going to move in to evidence our large group of exhibits
   that the parties agree can be admitted.
7
              THE COURT: Fine. You may do that.
8
              MS. WHEATLEY: The Plaintiffs move to admit P-2,
9
    P-4, P-6, P-8, P-10, P-12, P-14, P-16, P-18, P-20, P-23, P-24,
10
    P-26, P-27, P-30, P-31, P-73, P-77, P-103, P-107, P-132,
11
    P-137, P-140, P-142, P-147, P-149, P-170, P-172, P-174, P-175,
12
13
   P-176, P-214, P-218, P-219, P-247, P-265, P-267, P-269, P-270,
   P-272, P-274, P-277, P-279, P-280, P-283, P-85, P-287, P-289,
14
   P-292, P-293, P-295, P-298, P-303, P-304, P-305, P-306, P-307,
15
   P-308, P-309, P-310, P-326, P-341, P-342, P-354, P-355, P-363,
16
    P-364, P-383, P-407, P-409, P-421, P-423, P-424, P-425, P-427,
17
   P-429, P-431, P-432, P-434, P-435, P-437, P-438, P-440, P-442,
18
19
    P-443, P-445, P-446, P-448, P-449, P-456, P-457, P-460, P-461,
   P-462, P-463, P-465, P-466, P-467, P-470, P-471 P-472, P-482,
20
    D-126, D-137, D-139, D-141, D-185.
21
              That's all, Your Honor. So we would move to admit
22
   those into evidence.
23
              THE COURT: Objection from Defense Counsel?
24
              MR. FETTERS: No objection, Your Honor.
25
```

```
THE COURT: Duly admitted. Thank you.
1
              Ladies and gentlemen, the reading of the
2
    stipulation and the recitation of the exhibits that Counsel
3
    have agreed to is going to save us a great deal of time. I
4
    thank Counsel for their courtesies and professionalism and
5
    agreeing to the stipulations and of course agreeing to the
6
7
    admission of those exhibits.
              With that said, Plaintiffs ready to call their
8
    first witness?
              MS. WHEATLEY: Yes.
10
              THE COURT: You may do so.
11
              MS. WHEATLEY: Plaintiff calls Jackie Esposito to
12
13
    the stand.
              THE COURT: Ms. Esposito, come forward and be
14
    sworn, please.
15
              MR. FETTERS: Your Honor, may we have a brief
16
    sidebar?
17
              (A discussion was held at sidebar off the record.)
18
19
              (The witness, Jackie Esposito, was sworn.)
              COURTROOM DEPUTY: Go ahead and have a seat.
20
    chair does not move. Can I get you to state your full name
21
    and spell your last name for the record.
22
              THE WITNESS: My full name is Jacqueline Esposito.
23
    It's J-a-c-q-u-e-l-i-n-e. The last name is Esposito,
   E-s-p-o-s-i-t-o. But I go -- I'm known by Jackie.
25
```

```
THE COURT: Go right ahead, Ms. Wheatley.
1
              MS. WHEATLEY: Thank you, Ms. Esposito.
                         DIRECT EXAMINATION
3
4
   BY MS. WHEATLEY:
         Can you tell the jury where you live?
5
    Ο.
         I live in State College, Pennsylvania.
6
   Α.
         Are you currently employed full time?
7
    Q.
         I am not. I'm retired.
8
         Where are you retired from?
      I'm retired from Penn State. I worked at Penn State for
   Α.
10
    35 years.
11
         And what was your job title at Penn State?
12
13
         I was the University archivist and special projects
   librarian.
14
        And when did you start working at Penn State?
    Ο.
15
        October of 1986.
16
        And when did you retire from the University?
17
        July 31st, 2021.
    Α.
18
19
    Q. Since you've retired, have you had any further
20
    involvement with the University?
         I do have involvement with the University.
21
    speaking engagements for the alumni association for the
22
    life-long living -- life-long learning organization. And I am
23
   a site supervisor for the history department for interns that
24
```

work at historical societies.

- Q. And so that I don't have to do that math, how long did
 you work for Penn State?
- 3 A. 35 years.
- Q. And what is your educational background?
- 5 A. I have a Bachelors of Arts in American political history
- from St. Joseph's College in Brooklyn, New York. I have a
- 7 Masters of Arts from St. John's University in American
- 8 Political History and African studies, and I have everything
- 9 but a dissertation in higher education history at Penn State.
- Q. And can you tell the jury what your job at Penn State entailed?
- 12 A. The University archivist is in charge of documenting --
- collecting, processing, and making accessible the documents of
- 14 the history of Penn State going back to 1855. So that would
- 15 include all sorts of documents, everything from Board of
- 16 Trustee's meeting minutes to faculty members' papers, student
- 17 organization papers, and it represents all of the 24 campuses,
- 18 the Hershey Medical Center, and the Dickinson Law school.
- 19 Q. And can you give the jury a size -- an idea of the size
- 20 of the University archive?
- 21 A. The University archive is about 25,000 cubic feet of
- records, those nice white boxes sitting by -- all over the
- 23 courthouse here. It also is over a half a million
- 24 photographs. A little bit over -- the library itself is 7.5
- 25 million books. The archives itself has over a half a million

5

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

```
books, specifically related to Penn State history, as well as
artifacts and memorabilia, everything from Evan Pugh's barn
door to the shovels for various dedications of buildings.
Ο.
    And how long has the University had an archive?
     The University archive was established in 1904 in
anticipation of the 50th anniversary. So the 50th anniversary
would have been in 1905. The first archivist was a Penn State
history faculty member who began collecting materials. He
collected everything from General Beaver's documentations from
his time as a Civil War general and a member of the Board of
Trustees, as well as from his years of Governor of
Pennsylvania to all of the documents for the Commonwealth
history that are duplicated in the Penn State archives --
Pennsylvania State archives down in Harrisburg.
    And separate from your job at Penn State, do you
currently have a personal interest in the history of Penn
State?
     I have written at least one popular book about Penn
State. I've also written numerous articles about higher
education implications about Penn State. I'm also very
interested in written articles about Penn State women and
about student organizations and the conflict -- the conflux of
town and gown. It's really important to understand the
history of State College by understanding the relationship
between town and gown.
```

- Q. And I think you mentioned it, but -- if I may publish?

 MR. HARMS: Yes.
- 3 BY MS. WHEATLEY:
- Q. Ms. Esposito, can you tell the jury what this is? I can bring it up.
- A. No. I have it. It's the Nittany Lion, an Illustrated
 Tail. It's the book that I wrote with a co-author about all
 the various Nittany stories and legends that go back through
 the history of Penn State.
- 10 Q. And can you tell the jury what's shown here on the cover?
- 11 A. The cover is the Nittany Lion shrine.
- Q. And what sort of research did you conduct to write this book?
- In addition to conducting over 40 oral history interviews 14 with everyone from the class of 1940 class president and the 15 editor of the student newspaper to people -- to men who wore 16 the mascot -- they wore the suit. We also did interviews with 17 various historians and environmentalists about the stuffed 18 19 Lion. We also did research in the University archives and the 20 Pennsylvania State archives and in various other archives about the role of mascots and the role of symbols at 21 universities. 22
- Q. And what got you interested in writing a book about the Nittany Lion?
- 25 A. I got tired of answering the question, what is a Nittany

Lion. Almost every single day in my job, somebody would call and ask what is a Nittany Lion. And it was either what is its gender, what type of Lion is it. Was it a cougar or a puma or -- not an African Lion. But what, exactly, was the Nittany Lion. What were the Nittany traditions. Who was Princess Nittany. And I thought, mistakenly, that if I collected them all and put them together and created an eight-page brochure, I would never have to answer that question again.

Unfortunately, the eight-page brochure became a 265-page book. It also became an eight-page brochure. I did stick to that. But it meant that I became the person to ask when you had questions about Nittany Lion history.

- 13 Q. And here you are today.
- 14 A. And here I am today.

3

5

7

8

10

11

12

- Q. And when was this -- your book on the Nittany Lion 15 published? 16
- 1997. It is still the number one selling book for the 17 Penn State press. 18
- 19 Q. So as I think the jury has already seen in opening, some of the trademarks in this case are representations of the 20 Nittany Lion. So I'd like to discuss him to start. So in 21 your time in Penn State archivist, is it fair to say your work 22 encompassed research related to the Nittany Lion? 23
- Yes, it did. It encompassed that kind of research almost 25 every day.

Q. Now to begin, was Penn State always associated with the Nittany Lion?

A. No. The college had two mascots prior to the Nittany Lion. The first mascot was Old Coaly. It was a mule that was purchased to help move limestone to build the original main administration building. He was the mascot for about 40 years. His skeleton was kept after he died and is still on display in the student union building today.

The second mascot was a pair of bull dogs that were purchased to guard the ladies' cottage. They were purchased with the thought that they would protect the ladies from scandalous young men coming to visit. And it was the bull dogs that were replaced by the Nittany Lion in 1904.

- Q. Can you tell the jury how the Nittany Lion then came to be Penn State's mascot?
- A. In 1904, the Penn State baseball team was on an eastern road trip. At that point in time, it meant they got on a train and went to various different schools over the course of a week. At the end of the road trip, they were at Princeton, and they were being given a tour of campus. And Princeton has the Princeton tiger. And the Princeton's students were bragging about how strong the Princeton Tiger was. And Joe Mason, who was the third baseman, bragged that back up at Penn State, we had the Nittany Lion that had never been beaten in a fair fight, so watch out, Princeton Tiger.

He went on to score three -- three times in the baseball game, and in his career at Penn State, the four times they played Princeton, they won three out of the four times. He went back to campus and they -- most of the athletes lived in a building known as the track house. They started talking about it and writing it up and started advocating for the Nittany Lion to become the mascot of the school. And that was in 1904.

Q. Okay. And was there ever a real Nittany Lion?

A. There was a taxidermied lion that was on campus. It was in a display of animals that was in the first floor of the main administration building. It was on display. It had been given to Penn State in the 1880s. It had been captured in 1859 and stuffed and taxidermied and kept by a family. It was used like a rocking horse. And they donated it to Penn State to be used as part of the zoology department to demonstrate extinct animals.

The Nittany Lion was sent to two World's Fairs as an example of an extinct animal. He was then sent to the Carnegie Museum in Pittsburgh and was on display in an exhibit for over 40 years. When that exhibit came down, the curators of the Carnegie Museum contacted Penn State and asked them if they wanted their lion back. And a faculty member in zoology went with two graduate students to the Carnegie Museum and brought the lion back.

```
I'd like to put up on the screen demonstrative P-232,
    which I believe --
              MR. HARMS: No objection.
3
   BY MS. WHEATLEY:
4
         Can we publish a picture for the jury to see?
5
         That is the Nittany Lion that was in the old main museum,
    and it was in -- on display at the Carnegie Museum. It is now
7
    on display at the old sports museum on the second floor.
   has been conserved -- a conservator from the Smithsonian
    Institution came up and conserved it. She found out that it
10
   had been treated with arsenic originally. So it had to be
11
    neutralized. And it had to have its mangy areas replaced with
12
13
    fur. And the fur in the mangey areas is actually rabbit fur,
   because if you do DNA testing, you want the real lion fur and
14
   not the rabbit fur, and so that distinguishes that. There has
15
   been DNA testing that proves that it's nearest relative is the
16
   Colorado Mountain Lion.
17
        And during Mr. Fetter's opening, he showed a screenshot
   Q.
18
19
   of a little blurb on the Vintage Brand page about the Nittany
20
   Lion.
         Um-hum.
21
   Α.
        And did you have any thoughts on that?
22
    Q.
        It was with the 1950s mug --
23
        Yes.
    0.
         -- that was shown in the opening. And the description
```

Α.

```
with the 1950s mug was that Joe Mason was embarrassed and that
   he -- there was no mascot. And neither one of those
    statements are true. Joe Mason bragged. As, you know, most
3
4
    athletes, when they're being taunted, he --
              MR. HARMS: Objection.
5
              THE COURT: Is there an objection?
6
7
              MR. HARMS: Objection. Foundation. Personal
    knowledge.
8
              THE WITNESS: We have --
              THE COURT: Hold on. Go ahead, Ms. Wheatley.
10
              MS. WHEATLEY: Ms. Esposito is the University
11
    archivist who has written a book on the history of the Nittany
12
13
   Lion.
              THE COURT: Objection noted. Overruled. I'll let
14
   you explore. Go right ahead.
15
   BY MS. WHEATLEY:
16
      Go ahead, Ms. Esposito.
17
        Joe Mason was a Penn State student and a long-term alum,
18
    Α.
19
    and he actually tells his own story about the -- how the --
20
   what happened in Princeton when the lion shrine sculpture was
    dedicated in October of 1942. We have the transcript of that
21
    in the archives.
22
              And it doesn't reflect the story that's with the
23
    1950s muq.
    Q. Thank you, Ms. Esposito.
25
```

- A. I'm sorry.
- Q. No. Don't be sorry. And so this was sort of the
- 3 original Nittany Lion, what we have on the screen. Have there
- 4 been other versions of the Nittany Lion over the years?
- 5 A. Yes, there have. There have been other examples of the
- 6 Nittany Lion. There have been representations that included
- 7 an African Lion. There have been other representations that
- 8 have been done by student organizations.
- 9 Q. So I'd like to look at another one, demonstrative P-233,
- 10 which I understand is without objection.
- MR. HARMS: No objection.
- 12 BY MS. WHEATLEY:
- Q. All right. Can you tell the jury what we're seeing here?
- 14 A. We're seeing a paper mache lion that actually looks like
- 15 a pig. But it is a paper mache lion that was done by the
- 16 students, probably for the homecoming parade. That's usually
- when they used a lot of paper mache. It's from 1910. And it
- 18 | would have been -- the reason I'm thinking it's homecoming, is
- 19 because it has the letter S for state, and it has the
- 20 keystone, which were symbols used by Penn State back in 1910.
- 21 Q. Did Penn State ever claim trademark rights in this
- 22 version of the Nittany Lion?
- 23 A. No.
- 24 Q. All right. So I'd like to discuss now how the Nittany
- 25 Lion evolved to get to the lion shrine mark Mr. Finkelson

```
talked about in opening. Can we put up the demonstrative of
   the Nittany Lion shrine logo? And, Ms. Esposito, I've got to
    warn you, that when you touch the screen, it makes those
3
    little blue dots.
         I'm sorry.
5
        No, don't be sorry. I don't know how to make them go
7
    away.
              THE COURT: Mrs. Rhinehart will take care of that.
8
              MS. WHEATLEY: Thank you very much.
              THE WITNESS: I'll sit on my hands.
10
   BY MS. WHEATLEY:
11
         Do you recognize this logo on the screen?
12
13
         It's the logo that represents the Nittany Lion shrine
   that was built on campus and dedicated in 1942.
14
   Q. And the lion shrine that's on campus, I believe earlier
15
   you had said this was a picture?
16
        Yes.
17
   Α.
        Does -- do physical versions of it exist anywhere else in
18
    Q.
19
   the Penn State system?
20
         The full size lion shrine is only at University Park.
    Every other location under the Penn State's purview has a
21
    three-quarter size replica that sits either in the lobby or a
22
   prominent place on campus.
23
              In addition, the same sculptor who sculpted this
24
```

Lion created a model for replicas that are given out for

```
anniversaries and sold and marketed in stores, department stores and stuff.
```

- Q. The replicas for anniversaries you mentioned, what sort of anniversaries are those?
- A. They're given to employees when they've reached certain
 landmarks, like 10 or 25 years. They're given for outstanding
 alumni. They are usually made in stone and handed and given
 as an award.
- 9 Q. And can you -- are you familiar with how the lion shrine 10 came to be built?
- 11 A. Yes.

- Q. Can you tell the jury of how the idea for a lion shrine statue first arose?
- The towns people in downtown State College got tired of 14 having pep rallies on the corner of College and Allen --15 that's a major intersection in town. One of the pep rallies 16 got particularly out of control. They had a big bonfire, and 17 it got lit with the wrong kind of fuel. And even the 18 19 quarterback got knocked down by the fumes for about a mile 20 down the street. And the townspeople went to the president of the University and said you have to find a place on campus for 21 your students to have pep rallies. And the President of the 22 University put together a committee involving art faculty, the 23 president of the student class, the editor of the Collegian newspaper and several other representatives to come up with a 25

place on campus where they could have a place for the students to gather. They chose a place that was centrally located. It would be by old Beaver Stadium, but -- which is now a parking lot -- the Nittany Lion Inn, and rec hall, which was brand new. It had been built in 1939. And once they decided a location, they contracted with a sculptor who was known for sculpting animal sculptures. And that was Heinz Warneke. He was known in Pennsylvania because he sculpted the mother elephant and its baby at the Philadelphia Zoo. It's still on display if you go to the Philadelphia Zoo. They contracted with Heinz Warneke, and he designed and built the lion shrine sculpture.

Q. And who paid for the lion shrine sculpture?

A. The money for the lion shrine sculpture came from the class of 1940 as a class gift.

When students started as freshman, they had a deposit that was put into their accounts. That deposit was held for all four years. And at the end of four years, they could designate where the money went. In 1940, the students voted on two options, either the shrine or a scholarship. And they voted for the shrine.

- Q. Now, in -- in 1942, were all of the members from the class of 1940 able to attend the dedication of the shrine?
- A. No. As a matter of fact, the class president, who was a major person involved in selecting the animal and selecting

```
the sculpture was fighting -- building bridges in France
during World War II. There were significant people at the
dedication, and one of them was Joe Mason.
```

- Q. And you mentioned that a sculptor named Heinz Warneke built the shrine. Was anyone else involved in building the shrine?
- Heinz Warneke himself had an assistant. And the project 7 actually was part of a public work -- public arts work project 8 that the art faculty had students participate in. So you, as a student, could go by the shrine as they were sculpting it. 10 They used a system called pointillism, where they would chip 11 away at the limestone. And you could help do that. It was 12 13 the second public art project on campus. The first was a series of murals that were in the main administration 14 building. They were done by Henry Varnum Poor, who was a 15 well-known muralist who had done many works progress 16 administration projects in post offices, including one that 17 was down here in Williamsport. 18
- Q. Now you mentioned, I believe, that Mr. Warneke was hired by the University. Was he paid for his work?
- 21 A. He was paid \$5,400 to sculpt the shrine.
- Q. And after he built the shrine, did Mr. Warneke do any other work for the University on the shrine?
- A. He designed the three-quarter replicas. He also designed the smaller replicas for sale and for awards. He also came

back several years later when someone had taken a sledge hammer to the shrine and knocked off the ear. He came back to replace the ear. By that point, he was in his late 80s. And they picked him up at the airport and had hoped to take him straight to the Nittany Lion Inn so he could rest. But he wanted to see his lion. And when he got to his lion, he touched where the ear was broken and he cried. It's one of those stories that, you know, touches me when I hear it.

We have pictures of him at the site when he's touching the ear in the archives.

- Q. And from your work in Penn State, do you have information about how often the shrine is visited?
- A. The shrine is the most heavily visited site at Penn State. It is -- because it's open in the public, it's open 24/7, so people can go -- it's visited hugely during home football games and the lines at graduation go for miles.

There was a survey done by Penn Live, which is a news feed down in Harrisburg about 10, 12 years ago, and they cited the Nittany Lion shrine as the second most visited site in Pennsylvania; the first most visited site is the Liberty Bell.

- Q. And the two-dimensional version you have on your screen, do you recall, from your time at Penn State, whether the University licenses this image to be put on merchandise?
- A. Yes, it did.

- Q. And have there been various versions of the shrine trademarked?
- A. There -- various ways that you show this shrine. You can show this shrine four-dimensionally, you know, in various different positions.
- Q. And I know you started in the 1980s. Was the University using the shrine logo in the 1980s?
- A. The University was using the shrine logo from the time it was created in 1942, when it was dedicated in 1942.
- Q. I'd like to transition to a different one of the trademarks Mr. Finkelson showed in opening. Can you put up the picture of the Pozniak lion logo? Ms. Esposito, do you recognize this image?
- 14 A. This is the Pozniak lion.
- 15 Q. And who created this?
- A. Ray Pozniak. He was a Penn State alum and a graphic designer. He lived and worked in State College.
- 18 Q. Do you know when he created this logo?
- 19 A. The late 1970s, '78, '79.
- Q. And do you know anything about Mr. Pozniak personally as to why he might have created this design?
- A. He was a very big fan. He was specifically a very big
 fan of the wrestling club, and he felt that the athletics
 department needed a good logo for the uniforms. And so he
- designed it.

- And was this symbol used by Penn State in the late 70s and 80s? Mostly on intercollegiate athletic uniforms. 3 And so was it the primary athletics brand during that 4 Q. time period? 5 6 Α. Yes. 7 Q. Do you recall, during that time period, whether the University sold other apparel, like t-shirts or hats with the 8 Pozniak lion design? A. Yes, it did. 10 MR. HARMS: Objection. Foundation. 11 MS. WHEATLEY: Should I respond, Your Honor? 12 13 BY MS. WHEATLEY: Ms. Esposito, were you at the University in the 1980s? 14 I started in 1985. '86. I'm sorry. October of '86. We 15 have documents in the archives that go beyond -- before that. 16 MR. HARMS: Best evidence rule, Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: No. The objection's noted. It's 18 19 overruled. The Court accepts the answer. You may continue. 20 MS. WHEATLEY: Thank you. BY MS. WHEATLEY: 21 Stepping back a bit, you mentioned that Ray Pozniak
- Q. Stepping back a bit, you mentioned that Ray Pozniak created the logo and that he was a fan. How was the University able to use the logo that he created?
- 25 A. He gave them permission while he was alive. And then

```
when he died, his son, Steven, who was his executor,
    transferred the rights to the University.
         And I'd like to look at a document concerning that. Can
3
   we pull up Plaintiff's Exhibit 407, which has been admitted.
              Ms. Esposito, hopefully this is in your binder.
5
         Um-hum.
   Α.
6
         It might be easier to read there. It's sort of small on
7
    the screen. But I'll give you a second to turn to that.
8
   Α.
         Thank you.
        Ms. Esposito, can you explain to the jury what this
10
    document is?
11
         It's an intellectual property purchase agreement. It's a
12
13
   purchase agreement between Steven Pozniak and Penn State
   University for the Pozniak lion.
14
        And on the first page, scrolling down a bit, the
    Ο.
15
   paragraph labeled Section 101, do you see the definition for
16
   purchased assets in this paragraph?
17
         Purchased assets means all intellectual property or other
    Α.
18
19
    proprietary rights in, associated with, or related to the
20
    Pozniak mark, including, but not limited to the Pozniak
    registration, which is listed on Schedule A, all common law
21
    rights in the Pozniak mark, any work protected by copyright
22
    that consists of or features the Pozniak mark, and all
23
    derivative works thereof, the domain name, cat on the hat dot
24
```

com, and all content published at such web address, the

- domain, all of the forgoing, together with the goodwill of the business in connection with the Pozniak mark has been used, and all licenses of the Pozniak mark to third parties are set
- 4 forth in Exhibit B.
- Q. All right. And I'd like to turn to Schedule A that's mentioned here among the purchased assets.
- Based on Schedule A, what was Penn State purchasing from Ray Pozniak's son?
- A. The Pozniak lion so they could use it on clothing.
- Q. Thank you. And I'd also like to go to Exhibit B of this
- agreement, which is on page 11. Are you able to see that on
- 12 your screen?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Now, based on this, you had mentioned that Ray Pozniak
- 15 had an affection for, I think, wrestling?
- 16 A. Um-hum.
- 17 Q. What groups were specifically included in this agreement
- 18 to have rights to use the Pozniak Lion?
- 19 A. The Penn State Alumni Association, the Lion Ambassadors,
- 20 which is a student group within the Alumni Association, and
- 21 the Nittany Lion Wrestling Club.
- Q. Thank you. Now I'd like to turn to yet another Penn
- 23 State mark, the S Lion logo.
- Do you recognize this logo?
- 25 A. Yes, I do.

5

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Q. Is this a design that Penn State has used on merchandise? Yes, it is. Α. I'd like to start by talking about the block S that's in the background of the logo. Is this -- is this something Penn State has used as a symbol? Penn State has used the block S for -- since about the The Penn State name, the college has had its name changed four times. In 1855, when it was founded, it was founded as the Farmer's High School. That name was changed in 1862 to the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania. When the Land-Grant Act and the Morrill Land-Grant Act were both signed, Penn State was designated by the legislature of the Commonwealth as the Pennsylvania State College, because it would be the State College that would get the funds from the Land-Grant Act. At that point in time in 1874, the S -- the block S started being used as a symbol for Penn State.

The University of Pennsylvania, which is traditionally an ivy league college, did not want to be associated with the State College because the students at the State College were not the caliber of the students at the University of Pennsylvania. So there was a distinguishment made between the two. And the name was changed for a fourth time in 1953 to the Pennsylvania State University.

done that way specifically to distinguish it from the

University of Pennsylvania, which used a block P.

```
Thank you. I'd like to look at another exhibit.
    Q.
    Actually, we will just use this one as a demonstrative,
    Plaintiff's 231.
3
              MR. HARMS: That's fine. No objection.
   BY MS. WHEATLEY:
5
        Ms. Esposito, can you tell me, who is pictured in that
   picture the jury sees on their screen?
7
         This is Joe Mason. He is the third baseman that made the
8
    initial boast about the Nittany Lion. He graduated with a
    degree in mining engineering from Penn State and went to work
10
    in the Pittsburgh area and in Kansas on specifically potash.
11
    He actually has inventions under potash. He's wearing a
12
13
    letter sweater he would have gotten from playing on the
   baseball team. He lettered in baseball for four years, and
14
   the lettermen would get those sweaters at the end of each year
15
    when they were designated as lettermen.
16
         And so is this an example of how that block S was used
17
   historically at Penn State?
18
19
   Α.
        Yes.
20
        And now switching back to the S lion logo, do you
    recognize the lion that is shown here?
21
         It's an African lion that was used initially when people
22
   Α.
   thought about the Nittany Lion, even though there were never
23
    any African lions native to Pennsylvania.
        And so about when did Penn State switch to the -- to the
25
```

mountain lion?

3

7

8

10

11

12

13

24

They switched to the mountain lion in 1938/39, when they changed both the mascot suit, as well as the lions that they were using on material -- on publications and stuff. have continued to use the mountain lion when they do retro days or go-back days. They do the same thing with the school colors because the school colors were originally pink and black. We would have been the pink and black mules under Coaly or the pink and black bull dogs before the lion. the school colors were changed to blue and white.

And so when they do retro merchandising, they tend to use pink and black and the African Lion as opposed to the cougar.

- And so does Penn State continue to use this S lion on 14 Q. that retro-style merchandise? 15
- 16 Α. Yes.
- Now I'd like to ask you about the trademark Penn State. 17
- When did the school's nickname become Penn State? 18
- 19 Α. As I mentioned, the name was changed in 1874 to the 20 Pennsylvania State College. Almost immediately, it was known as Penn State. It's similar to the University of Pittsburgh 21 22 is known as Pitt, and the University of Pennsylvania is known as Penn. 23
- Almost immediately, it was known as Penn State. And it was very much to distinguish it as the college where, 25

- as the -- as the Land-Grant Act requires, was open to the citizens of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for all their children.
- Q. And from your review of the University records, has the school been consistently referred to as Penn State since the 1800s?
- A. In everything that I've seen, in documents, and in talking with alums and in talking with, you know, people who worked at the University, it was always known as Penn State.
- On official documents, it's either the Pennsylvania

 State College or the Pennsylvania State University, but in

 nomenclature it's Penn State.
- Q. And, Ms. Esposito, over the years when you've -- have you introduced yourself to people who don't know you as working for Penn State?
- 16 A. I have.
- 17 Q. Has anyone ever asked you what Penn State was?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 Q. And are you aware, starting from when you joined the
- 20 University in 1986, has the University consistently sold
- 21 merchandise with Penn State on it?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. And when -- starting when you were at the University in
- 24 the -- in the late 1980s, did the University license the right
- to use Penn State on apparel and merchandise?

- A. The University had a licensing committee that was
 established in 1982 that would look at what items venders
 wanted to sell and approve those items based on the vendor
 proposals.
- Q. And you mentioned that the University's official name is the Pennsylvania State University. When did that become the University's official name?
- A. 1953. It was changed specifically to reflect the amount of research that was being done at the University. There's a higher education rule about who gets to use the word college and who gets to use the word university. And it has to do with your research relationship.
- Q. And from -- in your tenure at the University from 1986 to 2021, was merchandise with the Pennsylvania State University on it consistently sold?
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. Shifting gears again, I'd like to get to the University seal, if we can put that up on the screen.
- Ms. Esposito, are you familiar with this trademark?
- A. Yes. It's the University seal. It appears on -- the actual seal is on diplomas and on official documents. This is a replica.
- Q. And when was this first adopted?
- A. The seal itself was first adopted back when it was the Pennsylvania State College. It was changed to the

Pennsylvania State University in 1953. The seal for the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania was very similar to this. And what is the significance of the 1855 on the seal? 3 Α. That's the founding date of the University. And why was the University seal shaped like this with the 5 scalloped edge? Back in the day, when you did seals, they were literally 7 -- it was literally a piece of equipment that went on wax, and 8 you would push down on the wax, and the wax would scallop like that. This replicates the scalloping of a wax seal. 10 seal goes back to ancient Roman and Greek times. Perhaps the 11 most famous one is on, like, the Magna Carta or the 12 13 Declaration of Independence. It works that way. The seal is very specifically used for important documents like diplomas 14 or deeds to peoples' houses. 15 It's also of significant importance in terms of 16 recognizing the validity of an institution. 17 And during your time at Penn State, did your research Q. 18 19 ever touch upon colleges or universities, other than Penn State? 20 Always. We were always looking at what other colleges 21 were doing, specifically colleges that were considered our 22 comparison colleges, like Big Ten colleges. But we always 23

looked at what other colleges were doing in terms of what was

the best practices. And almost every college has a seal.

As a matter of fact, in order for you, as an international student to come to Penn State, you have to show your diploma with the official seal on it in order for you to be accepted as an international student at Penn State.

Q. Thank you.

And now switching gears again, has the University historically created its own designs and logos?

- A. It created its own designs and logos back in the early days and did so with its own print shop for decades up until, you know, cooperate agreements, you know, got other companies involved.
- Q. Do you know -- do you have an idea of how far back the printing shop dated?
 - A. The printing shop goes back to the 1890s, and it works specifically with university offices to print up things like class schedules and the course catalogs, as well as to print up things like sporting event tickets. It still exists.
 - Q. And for tickets, how did the process work to create tickets to sell to students historically?
 - A. If you were printing tickets back in the day, you would use a printing plate. And the printing plate would -- would print out blocks of blank tickets at the beginning of the season. And then as the season went on, you would put in the names of the opposing teams and their logos. You would put the dates and you would put the seat markers.

And the reason you put the seat markers is so you would have blocks. So you would have the away team have their block of seats similar to the way we do, you know, whiteouts now where there's blocks of seats. But the tickets were literally sold in chunks that were called blocks.

- Q. I'd like to look at an example. I believe Mr. Fetters showed this in his opening when he was talking about memorabilia. Can we put Defendant's Exhibit 126 up on the screen.
- What is the date on this ticket, if we look at the upper right?
- 12 A. It's November 9th, 1929.

1

3

5

6

7

8

10

11

22

alums.

- 13 Q. Based on this, who created this ticket?
- A. This would have been created by the University of 14 Pennsylvania, because this is an away game. They're playing 15 at Franklin Field. And so they would have created the blocks 16 within the dotted lines. And Penn State would have added the 17 Keystone versus, with the lion. And they would have had the 18 seat numbers and the stands and all of that would have been 19 20 printed and sent to Penn State. Penn State would then add their part to it and distribute it to their students and 21
- Q. And by their part, are you referring to the upper part with the lion?
- 25 A. Where it says Penn State versus with the lion and the

- football with the keystone. So would that be at the University print shop? Q. It would have been at the University print shop, yes. 3 Ο. And would those have been sold to students? 4 They would have been sold to Penn State students and 5 alumni to go to the game at Franklin Field. And then they would all sit in the same section, you know, at Franklin Field. 8 And the design behind the lion, what is the significance of that shape? 10 The keystone is significant to the history of 11 Pennsylvania. Penn State -- the keystone, in Pennsylvania, 12 13 was -- Pennsylvania is considered the keystone state during the American Revolution because it connected the northern 14 states with the southern states. So the keystone has been a 15 symbol in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania since the 1770s. 16 Penn State used it because it was the Pennsylvania State 17 College and designated by the Commonwealth as such. 18 19 0. Okay. And I'd like to introduce a second exhibit, a 20 similar one, I believe, was in Mr. Fetter's opening. It's Defendant's Exhibit No. 185. This is actually -- an actual 21 ticket. May I approach? 22
- THE COURT: You may.
- 24 BY MS. WHEATLEY:

Q. Ms. Esposito, what era is this ticket, and if we can

```
show, maybe the -- there we go -- on the screen, so the jury
    can see it a little bit. What era is this ticket from?
         It's November 25th, 1978. The parts of the ticket that
3
    are not typed would have been the block of ticket that was
4
   used until they had the game, the opponent in the game. In
5
    this case, the block part where it's typed was actually one of
   the earliest uses of computers on campus where they would
7
    actually print these out and sell them.
8
              So anything that you see that's -- looks like it's
   typed, actually was computer printed.
10
   Q. And who would have applied the Nittany Lion logo to this
11
   ticket?
12
13
         The ticket office would have asked the printing shop to
   make these tickets.
14
    Q. Thank you. And we can put that one away. And actually
15
    I'll get it back.
16
              MS. WHEATLEY: May I approach?
17
              THE COURT: You may.
18
19
   BY MS. WHEATLEY:
20
        Now, you mentioned working with the licensing committee,
    so this may be a foregone conclusion. But in your time at
21
    Penn State, did you ever have any responsibilities related to
22
   the University's trademarks?
23
         I served on the licensing committee for about 10 years,
24
```

from 1989 to about 1999, at which point the licensing

committee changed because of our relationship with CLC. And can you explain what the licensing committee did? The licensing committee was a committee established by 3 the president of the University to review requests by vendors to use the University name and symbols on merchandise. And 5 they would review the items -- initially we actually reviewed the physical items. When that became too big of a job, we 7 started using photographs. 8 And I'd like to introduce a document regarding the start of that committee, Plaintiff's Exhibit 22. 10 MR. HARMS: Objection, Your Honor. 11 Unauthenticated, hearsay, and 403. 12 13 MS. WHEATLEY: Your Honor, 901.8, this qualifies as an ancient record. 803.16, this is also a statement in 14 ancient document, so it's not hearsay. 15 MR. HARMS: It's unsigned, so it would not qualify 16 as an ancient document because there's not a sufficient 17 guarantee of trustworthiness, and it still is objectionable 18 19 under FRE 403, contains legal conclusions, legal argument, 20 etc. MS. WHEATLEY: Your Honor, I believe Ms. Esposito 21 can authenticate where the record was maintained, and it does 22 not contain legal argument. It provides the historical 23

origins of Penn State's licensing of its marks and evidences

Penn States protections of its marks since that time.

```
THE COURT: Objection's noted. Overruled.
1
   ahead.
2
   BY MS. WHEATLEY:
3
   Q. Now, looking at Exhibit P-22, Ms. Esposito. Do you
4
   recognize this document?
5
        It's a memorandum from Dr. John W. Ozwald, who was
6
   Α.
   president of the university from 1970 to 1983. It's dated
7
   August 5th, 1982. And it talks about establishing the
   licensing committee.
   Q. Okay. And is this document located in the University
10
   archives?
11
   A. Yes, it is. It's part of the president's papers.
12
13
              MS. WHEATLEY: I'd like to move this in to
   evidence.
14
              MR. HARMS: Same objections.
15
              THE COURT: Objection noted. Overruled. Duly
16
   admitted. Do you wish to publish this, Ms. Wheatley or --
17
              MS. WHEATLEY: Yes, I do.
18
19
              THE COURT: You may publish to the jury.
20
   BY MS. WHEATLEY:
        Ms. Esposito, can you explain to the jury what was going
21
   on that caused this memorandum to be written?
22
        In the late 1970s, there was a lot of -- there was a big
23
   Α.
   push to have individualized t-shirts, usually it came out of
25
   bands who wanted t-shirts. It kind of changed the culture of
```

what students would wear to school, and so there were many requests to Penn State to start using Penn State materials. It was also the same time that the football team was becoming 3 very successful and the football team was going to numerous championships and so it was a conflux of a change of fashion 5 as well as a change of the school's notoriety in athletics. And based on this -- this demand and this concern, did 7 the University take any steps to protect its trademarks? 8 The University did two things. They did a review to see how many requests had been made prior to this date. And they 10 had a number of requests that had been made. And so they 11 determined that there needed to be an effort made to protect 12 13 -- to protect the trademarks, as well as to have a committee 14 review the requests. And looking -- if we could flip to page eight of the 15 memorandum. I'd like to look at some of the -- what marks we 16 were interested in. 17 Do you see the section titled Names and Marks to be 18

Do you see the section titled Names and Marks to be registered?

- A. The University name, together with Penn State, PSU,
 Nittany Lions, and the University seal would be registered as
 trademarks with respect to appropriate categories of use.
- Q. And so we know what Penn State is, the University's name, is that the Pennsylvania State University?
- 25 A. State University.

19

20

21

- Q. And university seal, what was that referring to?
- 2 A. It would have been the seal that we looked at just a few minutes ago.
- Q. And so these symbols were among the very first trademarks the University sought to protect; is that fair to say?
- 6 A. Yes, yes, they were.
- Q. And I'd like to go back to page one, and looking at the history section, I think you mentioned they had cataloged the request. Is this what you were referring to?
- Yeah. The office of the senior vice president for 10 financing had cataloged 93 requests beginning in the year 1973 11 of intention to use its name and other identifying marks in 12 connection with commercial goods and services. There is a 13 summary attached to this memorandum. And they included 14 wearing apparel and alcoholic beverages, bicycle bags and 15 other things. And the response to these requests was varied 16 depending on the nature of the intended uses. The licensing 17 committee continued to have a standard of quality it would 18 19 enforce in the period of time I was on the committee.
- Q. And the corporate seal that's being referred to here, that there were requests to use, do you know what that's referring to?
- 23 A. It's the seal that we looked at earlier.
- 24 Q. And the Nittany Lion, do you know what that refers to?
- 25 A. It usually refers to the Nittany Lion shrine. It can

- also refer to the mascot. It depends on what use it's being put to.
- Q. So I'd like to look at an official record from this time period or shortly after, after you've gotten to the University related to how the University maintained its trademarks.
- MS. WHEATLEY: We would like to introduce
 Plaintiff's Exhibit 363.
- MR. HARMS: No objection.
- 9 BY MS. WHEATLEY:

- Q. If we could zoom in on the top half so Ms. Esposito can see that.
- Ms. Esposito, do you recognize this document?
- 13 A. It's a document from the United States Patent and
- 14 Trademark Office registering the trademark -- the Penn State
- University seal on May 8th, 1984.
- Q. And do you see the section titled Declaration. Who is
- 17 David Branigan?
- 18 A. He was the assistant treasurer at the time. He worked in
- 19 the Office of the Senior Vice President for Finance.
- 20 Q. Okay. And if you and -- was this declaration made under
- 21 penalty of perjury?
- 22 A. Yes, it was.
- 23 Q. And if we could go to actually page three to see -- if we
- 24 can zoom in on that. Did Mr. Branigan sign this?
- 25 A. He signed and dated it April 24th, 1990.

- Q. Okay. Did this declaration, do you know what the purpose of this declaration was?
- 3 A. It was to register the trademark for the mark for Penn 4 State.
- Q. Was there any effort made to show -- made to show that
 Penn State was using its trademarks?
- 7 A. Yes. You would always have examples. Whenever you 8 submitted a trademark registration, you would have examples.
- 9 Q. Okay. If we could scroll through, I'd like you to tell
 10 me if you recognize the examples that were attached to this
 11 declaration.
- There is key rings and a knife, and then the bottom one 12 13 is stationery. Then you have some jewelry, you have note cards, a portfolio. The one on top is actually really 14 significant because it's a chair. And while it looks like an 15 ordinary chair, when you've served at Penn State for 25 years, 16 you get to choose what chair you will get from the University, 17 and it's either a Captain's chair or a rocking chair, and it 18 19 has the seal on it. It's either in blue and white or it's in 20 elms from the historic elms on campus. When the historic elms fall down, they take the wood and they make it into products. 21 And you get to choose, after you've been there for 25 years, 22 which one of those chairs you would like to have as a gift 23 from the University for your service.

And so that's what these chairs are. They're very

- significant to employees because they have the seal.
- 2 Q. And do you recall that this was how the University was
- 3 using the seal on merchandise and other items in 1990?
- A Yes.
- 5 Q. All right. Now, I -- and is your work -- you were on the
- 6 licensing committee in 1990, correct?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. So would you review those types of products?
- 9 A. We would review. We would meet every -- initially, we
- 10 met quarterly. Then we had to meet every month. And we would
- 11 review requests from venders for products. And we would
- 12 review them for the type of product they wanted to produce,
- the quality of the product, how the symbols were being used,
- and how it was going to be marketed, because oftentimes they
- 15 were marketed for short periods of time. And we would accept
- 16 those that met the standard that had been set in the
- documentation we put forth for the vendors. Venders always
- 18 | had documentation as to what was expected of them. And if the
- 19 vendors didn't meet those expectations, their request was
- denied.
- 21 Q. And I'd like to look at a document related to the -- to
- 22 the declaration we just looked at. Can we pull up Exhibit
- 23 364. If we can zoom in on this. Is this another document
- 24 from the Patent and Trademark Office?
- 25 A. It is. It's from the Patent and Trademark Office

- recognizing that the patent that Penn State had requested was approved.
- 3 Q. Thank you. I'm sorry. Trademark?
- 4 A. Yeah -- I'm sorry. It's from the Patent Office -- Patent
- 5 and Trademark Office. It's from the Trademark Statute.
- 6 Q. Thank you.
- 7 A. My mistake. I'm sorry.
- 8 Q. No. Don't. Don't. It's been a long day.
- 9 A. This -- this is actually publicly available on the Patent
- 10 and Trademark Office website.
- 11 Q. Thank you. So the Patent and Trademark Office accepted
- Penn State's examples of how it was using the trademark?
- 13 A. Yes, it did.
- 14 Q. And if you can look at the last line here, what did the
- 15 Patent and Trademark Office convey to Penn State?
- 16 A. Your request fulfills the statutory requirements and has
- 17 been accepted.
- 18 Q. Thank you, Ms. Esposito.
- And one more of these to look at. So that first
- one was related to the University's seal.
- MS. WHEATLEY: Can we introduce Exhibit 354?
- MR. HARMS: No objection.
- 23 BY MS. WHEATLEY:
- Q. Is this -- if we can zoom in to the top. Is this a
- 25 similar sort of declaration to the Trademark Office?

- A. It is. It's for the mark Penn State. And it was submitted December 11th, 1984 by the same David Branigan.
 - Q. Well, actually, scrolling to the end, and I see the date there, when did he -- if you can scroll to the signature page.
- 5 A. It was submitted in April 24th, 1990.
- 6 Q. Was this a renewal of the trademark?
- 7 A. Yes.

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

25

- Q. And scrolling through the examples of use attached to
 this one, can you let me know if you recognize these from your
 time at Penn State on the licensing committee?
- 11 A. Yeah. There are all kinds of memorabilia from cheering
 12 horns to the unfortunate stuffed lion that you just showed.
- 13 Q. He looks a little bummed out.
 - A. He does look a little bummed out. I will say that there were items that the licensing committee turned down. There were two that come to my mind is particularly reasons that -- we had real good reason to turn them down. We had at one point had a request to put the lady in the red shoes. She was posed by the Nittany Lion, and all she had on was the red shoes. And that was supposed to be a -- put on t-shirts. We rejected that.

We also rejected a Penn State coffin, which was blue and white and the -- blue on the outside, white on the inside, and all of the -- the top of the coffin was Penn State symbols. We rejected that, as well. They were considered

- l inappropriate.
- 2 Q. Understood. And to your knowledge, was this declaration
- on the use of the trademark Penn State also accepted by the
- 4 Trademark Office?
- 5 A. Yes, it was.
- 6 Q. When you were on the licensing committee, were potential
- 7 licensees required to submit samples of their products?
- 8 A. Yeah. Initially they were asked to submit samples of
- 9 their products, and we actually kept all the samples until it
- 10 became a space consideration, at which point we went to asking
- 11 for photographs and would only ask for samples if we had
- 12 additional questions.
- Q. And you mentioned quality restrictions on the merchandise
- 14 that was -- that was given permission to use the Penn State
- 15 trademarks. What sort of things would you look for for the
- 16 products?
- 17 A. The quality in the production of the product, the type of
- 18 materials that were being used, was it being fairly sourced,
- and also were the images appropriate to the message for the
- 20 University.
- 21 Q. And do you recall why the University had rules in place
- about how its trademarks were being used?
- 23 A. Because the University wanted to protect what people
- 24 believed were symbols of its heritage and its history. I mean
- 25 some of these images go back hundreds of years for Penn State.

And they're very tied to alums and fans in terms of how they think about Penn State.

Specifically, the seal. I mean just recently in a Penn State alumni magazine, there was an alum who was asking about the seal. And then the Nittany Lion shrine is absolutely affiliated with Penn State in peoples' minds.

- Q. And in the time you were on the licensing committee, were there ever times where people sold Penn State merchandise without a license?
- A. Yes, there were. We would -- we would -- the University would send a cease and desist letter. If the cease and desist letter wasn't sufficient to stop the sale, they would pursue legal action.
- Q. And generally, was a cease and desist letter sufficient?
- 15 A. 95 percent of the time.

3

4

7

- Q. And I believe you mentioned, has -- in your experience on the licensing committee, has the University generally, you know, used throw-back or retro designs at times?
- A. Um-hum, yes. They used retro -- students like doing
 that. They like to use throw-back designs, especially when it
 comes time for the anniversary. Because the University's
 anniversary is February 22nd, 1855. That's when the charter
 was signed. And so usually around that period of time, they
 will -- they will do throw-back.
 - Q. And over the time you were at the University, did Penn

- State's number of companies who were permitted to use the Penn State trademarks grow?
- A. Exponentially, especially once the football team got really popular and the football team was going to championships. And so by, you know, '82, '83, '86, when we were having the good years, it grew exponentially, and that
- 7 was part of the reason, once we joined the Big Ten, that we
- 8 started working with CLC because the operation became
- 9 seismically large for the six-person committee that was
- 10 sitting reviewing these things.
- 11 Q. And when companies were granted permission to use a Penn
- 12 State trademark on merchandise, did Penn State receive any
- sort of payment from those companies?
- 14 A. They usually received a royalty. The royalty was usually
- between 7 and 10 percent.
- Q. Ms. Esposito, have you, yourself, ever bought Penn State
- 17 clothing?
- 18 A. Yes. Multiple times in my 35 years at Penn State.
- 19 Q. I have to ask.
- 20 A. I know. I am -- when I'm doing public presentations, I
- 21 usually will wear Penn State clothing. And every baby that's
- ever been born in the family has gotten Penn State clothing.
- 23 Yes, I do buy Penn State clothing.
- 24 Q. And about how many pieces have you bought, would you say?
- 25 A. Hundreds. There's at least 20 in my closet right now

```
that I swap out, depending on what I'm doing.
        If Penn State's mascot were still Coaly the mule, who you
    0.
    mentioned earlier, would it make a difference to you in
3
   wanting to buy Penn State clothing?
         I think it depends on what the values are for Penn State.
5
    You know, for me, Penn State's values are its education and
    its research, and I work with a lot of students -- I've always
7
    worked with a lot of students who believe that value, believe
8
   what they're getting from Penn State. And so if we had gotten
    to a point where it was going to be the black and pink mule,
10
    and that was going to be what we were going to be, I think
11
    that works. I mean the University of Southern California in
12
13
    Santa Barbara has a banana sea slug as their mascot, you know.
    I think that your loyalty is to your school, and Penn State
14
    students and alums are extraordinarily loyal to what they
15
   believe the values of the school are, in my experience.
16
         And so when you purchase Penn State merchandise, does the
17
    University's reputation influence your purchase decision?
18
19
   Α.
        Yes.
        And do you recall some of the retailers who you've gotten
20
   merchandise from?
21
         I usually buy all of my Penn State merchandise from the
22
   retailers downtown. I like to shop local. I'm not a big box
23
    store shopper normally. Occasionally, I will go to Walmart.
```

But normally, I prefer to go to the local stores downtown. 25

```
And have you ever bought Penn State clothing knowing it
1
    wasn't sold or authorized by the University?
        Not knowingly.
3
        And does it matter to you, as a consumer, whether the
4
    Q.
   University approves of the Penn State clothing and merchandise
5
   you buy?
6
7
        Yes, but part of that is my experience at the University
    and my years at the University, but part of it also has to do
8
    with the quality of the images.
              MS. WHEATLEY: No further questions, Ms. Esposito.
10
              THE COURT: Thank you. Defense Counsel care to
11
    cross-examine?
12
13
              MR. HARMS: Yes, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Go right ahead, sir.
14
                         CROSS EXAMINATION
15
   BY MR. HARMS:
16
        Good afternoon. We haven't met before, have we?
17
        Not that I know of.
    Α.
18
19
    Q. Not that I know of either.
        I'm not good with faces, though, so.
20
         I'm Josh Harms. I'm one of the attorneys for the
21
   Defendants. It's nice to meet you. I only have a few
22
   questions for you today. This will be pretty quick.
23
              Penn State developed a licensing program in 1983; I
24
```

believe that's correct?

- 1 A. In 1982, yes.
- Q. 1982. Thank you. Is that also when the licensing
- 3 committee began?
- 4 A. Yes. It was chartered by the president to take care of
- 5 this issue that had become too big for the finance office to
- 6 handle.
- 7 Q. Um-hum. And then you joined the licensing committee in
- 8 1986, I believe, you testified to?
- 9 A. 1989.
- 10 0. 1989?
- 11 A. My boss had been on it prior to that. The University
- archivist was asked to be on the committee, specifically to
- identify historical images.
- 14 Q. Understood. I believe you mentioned in your testimony
- 15 that in 1989, the licensing committee retained CLC; is that
- 16 correct?
- 17 A. The University retained CLC. It was part of the
- 18 agreement that they made with the Big Ten. The Big Ten had
- 19 already committed a contract with the CLC. As part of the Big
- 20 Ten, we were encouraged to join that.
- 21 Q. And that was in 1989?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. You mentioned that reviewing products became too big of a
- job for the licensing committee. Could you explain more what
- 25 you meant by that?

- A. The number of vendors, the type of items, and sometimes the short turnaround.
- 3 Q. Um-hum.
- A. You know, for example, right now, the licensing committee
- 5 would be anticipating championship games and bowl games, and
- 6 you have a real short turnaround on things like that. And
- 7 when the committees's only meeting once a month, or, you know
- 8 -- actually, when it was meeting quarterly, we had to start
- 9 going to once a month. And then we would have ad hoc meetings
- if we had to for short periods of time. So it was just the
- 11 number of vendors, the number of requests they we were
- getting, it was much more than a six-person committee could
- 13 deal with.
- 14 Q. And about when did that start happening?
- 15 A. The late 90s, '96, '97.
- 16 Q. Can you estimate about how many licensees for retail
- merchandise the University had at that point?
- 18 A. I could not, no. But it was -- it was in the thousands.
- 19 0. It was in the thousands?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. And you had received photographs --
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. -- of merchandise from --
- 24 A. And all those photographs are in the binders, in the
- 25 records, in the archives under the licensing committee's

- 1 record group.
- 2 Q. Understood. And that's what the licensing committee
- 3 would review --
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. -- for product quality?
- 6 A. Yes. If we had questions, we would actually ask to see
- 7 samples.
- 8 Q. Right. How often did you have questions?
- 9 A. Maybe one in four or five times. Maybe, you know, 10, 20
- 10 percent of the time.
- 11 Q. 10 or 20 percent of the time --
- 12 A. Um-hum.
- 13 Q. -- you were requesting to --
- 14 A. To see actual samples. When we stopped collecting
- 15 samples and we were looking at photos, when we would get
- samples, we would send them back to the vendor.
- 17 Q. Understood. During your testimony, you mentioned
- 18 rejecting designs. I think you mentioned rejecting a coffin
- 19 design.
- 20 A. Um-hum.
- 21 Q. So in those situations, you were rejecting a design,
- 22 rather than the physical item, correct?
- 23 A. It was both. It was both the physical item and the
- 24 design.
- 25 Q. Okay.

- A. It was deemed to be inappropriate at the time. Now I

 don't know if it has gotten -- you know, if -- since I no

 longer served on the licensing committee, if they have since

 approved a Penn State coffin. But at the time we were

 presented with it, we felt it was inappropriate.
- Q. Understood. Just looking at how products appear in a photograph, that doesn't really tell you about the actual material though, does it?
- A. No. The vendor had to provide specifications.
- 10 Q. Specifications. Can you please explain?
- 11 A. There were guidelines for every vendor as to what they

 12 were to provide us so we could make decisions, and there were

 13 specifications as to what kind of materials had to be used

 14 and, you know, the quality of the materials.
- 15 Q. But you couldn't assess those materials in person?
- 16 A. No. But if we had a question, we asked for a sample.
- Q. Okay. What would trigger you to have a question about them?
- A. Usually if the imprint on the shirt was blurry, or if the image did not look like it should look, you know, if -- if there were misspellings. I know that sounds ridiculous, but we would get examples that had misspellings on them. And, you know, then you contact the vendor and ask for things to be fixed.
 - Q. So that would be an issue with the design that was

```
printed on the merchandise?
   Α.
        Yes.
        Okay. Is that also the quality -- did that also affect
3
   the quality of the product, the tangible thing?
        Not -- it wouldn't necessarily have to. I do not work in
5
    retail. I was there to review the validity of the request
   based on the images and on the use of the marks.
7
        Understood. Did the licensing committee focus on
8
    licensing designs for Penn State fan apparel and fan
   merchandise? Would that be a fair way to characterize it?
10
         That's who the audience was. They were selling it to
11
    Α.
    Penn State students, Penn State alums. I assume that those
12
13
   people are Penn State fans.
        Right. And this might be a silly question, but bear with
14
    Q.
    me. Why was the target market for these items Penn State
15
    fans? Why wasn't it the public generally?
16
              MS. WHEATLEY: Objection. Foundation.
17
              MR. HARMS: I believe this is directly consistent
18
19
   with something she talked about during her direct testimony.
              THE COURT: I agree. Objection noted. Overruled.
20
    Go ahead.
21
              THE WITNESS: Could you repeat the question?
22
              MR. HARMS: Yes.
23
   BY MR. HARMS:
```

Why would the Penn State fan merchandise and fan apparel

```
be marketed directly to Penn State fans and Penn State
    supporters, rather than the public at large?
              MS. WHEATLEY: I'll renew the objection but
3
    understood.
4
              THE COURT: Objection noted. Overruled.
5
   BY MR. HARMS:
6
7
    Q. You may answer.
              THE COURT: Go ahead, ma'am.
8
              THE WITNESS: The audience for the apparel were for
9
   people who supported Penn State, Penn State students, Penn
10
    State alumni. They tend to be Penn State fans. I wouldn't
11
    imagine that the general public would buying Penn State stuff
12
13
    if they weren't Penn State fans. My -- you know, my brother
    lives in Brooklyn. And the Penn State material he has is
14
    stuff I've sent to him because his sister lives in State
15
    College, not because he's a Penn State fan, necessarily, but
16
   because he's received it as a gift from somebody who is
17
   associated with Penn State.
18
   BY MR. HARMS:
19
        You mentioned during your testimony a moment ago that
20
    you, yourself, own fan apparel?
21
   Α.
        I do.
22
    Q. And you testified, I believe, that you own it because of
23
    the reputation of Penn State?
   A. Absolutely.
25
```

Q. Can you please explain more what you mean by reputation in that context?

A. I personally believe in the value of the education and the research that's done at Penn State. I personally believe that students from working class families should have a university to go to, that first generation students should have a school that's theirs that they can go to that they can have loyalty to. I believe in those things that are part of the mission statement of Penn State. That's important to me. It was important to me when I was hired at Penn State. It's important to me as part of being an employee of Penn State, even though I'm retired from Penn State. That still means a great deal to me.

And when I purchase Penn State apparel to give as gifts, it's because I'm proud of the things that Penn State has done. Penn State is responsible for thousands of inventions and innovations, and I am really proud of that record of what Penn State has done since 1855.

Q. I appreciate that answer, Ms. Esposito.

Let's pull up Exhibit D-105. And we're not going to publish this to the jury right now. And I apologize.

Actually, let's pull up P-22. Sorry about that.

Do you remember testify -- do you remember testifying about this a moment ago, Ms. Esposito?

A. Yes. From -- from Dr. John Ozwald. It's in the

```
president's papers in the University archives.
        Let's turn down to page three of this memo. And I want
    to look at this heading one, Advantages of protection of
3
   marks. I'm going to read 1-A. Enable the University to stop
   the unauthorized use by any person or company of the
   University marks, names, or symbols.
              Did I read that correctly?
7
        Yes.
8
   Α.
        And there are a few sub points below 1-A that I'd like
    you to read to yourself. Please let me know when you've done
10
   that.
11
        (The witness complies.) Okay.
12
13
        Does any of this mention consumer confusion, confusion
   about the source of products?
14
         It's -- stops such use on goods or services for which it
15
    is not authorized by a license agreement. I don't know -- I
16
    don't understand what you're leading toward.
17
        Were you on the licensing committee when this memo was
    Q.
18
19
    issued?
20
        I was not. I was not even working at Penn State until
    1986. My boss was, and when he decided to step down from the
21
    licensing committee, I was appointed to the licensing
22
   committee because we had -- the president's office felt there
23
```

needed to be a representative from the University archives on

the committee to protect the University's historical images.

```
We talked a moment ago about -- we can take this exhibit
1
    down. We talked a moment ago about Collegiate Licensing
    Company, CLC, and you testified that that relationship with
3
   the University began in 1989, I believe. Is that correct?
4
5
    Α.
        Yes.
        Let's pull up Exhibit D-105. This won't be published.
7
   And let's scroll down a little bit. Ms. Esposito, I'd like
   you to read this first full paragraph of this letter to
8
    yourself, and let me know when you've done that.
   A. (The witness complied.)
10
              MS. WHEATLEY: I'll object to using this exhibit
11
    with this witness for lack of foundation. Hearsay.
12
13
              MR. HARMS: Have you finished reading the first
14
   paragraph of the letter, Ms. Esposito?
              THE WITNESS: This is from Michigan State. This is
15
   not from Penn State.
16
              THE COURT: Well, I think the question is have you
17
    finished reading the first paragraph?
18
19
              THE WITNESS: I've read the first paragraph, yes.
              THE COURT: Mr. Harms, ask your next question.
20
21
              MR. HARMS:
                          Thank you.
              MS. WHEATLEY: I will renew the objection to asking
22
    the witness about a letter from Michigan State.
23
              MR. HARMS: It's a letter on behalf of Penn State
24
```

and Michigan State and all the other schools that CLC

```
represents.
1
              THE COURT: I'll let you explore this. The
    objection's noted. Overruled. Go ahead.
3
   BY MR. HARMS:
        You see the text here that says, On behalf of the
5
    Ο.
    colleges that we represent. Correct?
        Yes.
7
   Α.
        And if we scroll up to the top of the letter, we see this
8
    is from the Collegiate Licensing Company, and it's dated May
    3rd, 1991, correct?
10
   Α.
        Yes.
11
        And would the license -- the colleges that the Collegiate
12
   Licensing Company represents at that time include Penn State?
        We just joined the Big Ten in 1991.
14
   Α.
        And you've testified earlier that the relationship
    Ο.
15
   between Collegiate Licensing Company and Penn State began in
16
    1989, I believe?
17
        We joined the Big Ten. Part of the Big Ten -- joining
18
   Α.
19
   the Big Ten meant contracts with other corporations that were
20
   part of the Big Ten, and Collegiate Licensing was one of
   those. We joined the Big Ten in 1991. Most of the other
21
    contracts were after 1991. Is that --
22
        I suppose the contract between the University and CLC
23
    0.
    specifically, not the contract between the University and
25
    other sub licensees. I believe you had testified that that
```

```
was 1989.
1
         That was my understanding, yes. If it was earlier, I
    apologize for my mistake.
3
4
              MR. HARMS: Your Honor, I'd move to admit this
   Exhibit, D-105.
5
              MS. WHEATLEY: Objection. Foundation. Relevance.
6
7
              THE COURT: What is the relevance of this?
              MR. HARMS: It goes --
8
              THE COURT: Where are you going with this,
9
   Mr. Harms?
10
              MR. HARMS: It goes on to describe the official
11
    label. If you look at the label marketing concept, under such
12
   matters that are going to be explored in this case, perhaps
13
   not with this witness for too long, but later in the case.
14
              MS. WHEATLEY: Objection. Hearsay. This has not
15
   been authenticated in any way. It is not from anyone involved
16
    in this case.
17
              MR. HARMS: It's a statement by a party agent. And
18
19
    there was no authenticity objection.
20
              MS. WHEATLEY: We objected based on hearsay.
    also, I don't think there's been any evidence that this was a
21
   party agent, that this was on behalf of Penn State.
22
              THE COURT: Is it a party agent? CLC?
23
              MR. HARMS: And it says the colleges that we
24
    represent, and it's May of 1991.
25
```

3

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

```
MS. WHEATLEY: There has been no witness who has
testified to any of the facts that Mr. Harms is asserting.
This is not a University -- Ms. Esposito has not been able to
authenticate this document. I don't see how this can come in
to evidence.
          THE COURT: Yeah. I'm inclined to agree. I will
disallow it. Objection's sustained.
          MR. HARMS: That is all right. We can move on.
BY MR. HARMS:
Q. Let's go to Exhibit D-28. This will be my last few
questions for you, Ms. Esposito.
          MR. HARMS: I don't believe this has been admitted
yet. I don't think there is an objection, Ms. Wheatley?
          MS. WHEATLEY: No.
          THE COURT: What's the Exhibit Number?
          MR. HARMS: D-28.
          THE COURT: D-28?
          MR. HARMS: Yes, Your Honor.
          MS. WHEATLEY: No objection, provided Ms. Esposito
is familiar with it.
          THE COURT: Let's start there.
BY MR. HARMS:
    Ms. Esposito, have you seen this document before?
0.
    I've seen documents similar to this.
    You've seen documents similar to this, the Penn State
```

```
brand book?
   Α.
         Yes.
              MR. HARMS: I would move to admit it, Your Honor.
3
              MS. WHEATLEY: I would object to asking
4
   Ms. Esposito about this document if she hasn't seen it. I
5
   have no objection to asking a witness who is familiar with it
7
   about it.
              THE COURT: Do you want to lay more of a foundation
8
   with this witness, Mr. Harms? Go ahead.
              MR. HARMS: Yes, Your Honor.
10
   BY MR. HARMS:
11
        How -- in what context have you seen this document
12
13
   before? Have you seen it on Penn State's website?
        I have seen versions of the visual identity standards as
14
   part of the licensing committee and as part of the
15
    documentation in the archives of how vendors and users are
16
    expected to use symbols related to the University. I don't
17
   necessarily believe I've seen this one in particular. But
18
19
   there have been versions of this.
20
        And do you understand this to be a version of what you
    were just describing, a later version, perhaps?
21
   Α.
        Definitely a later version.
22
              MR. HARMS: Your Honor, I would move to admit.
23
              MS. WHEATLEY: Your Honor, if this was after
24
   Ms. Esposito's time at Penn State, I don't think it's fair to
25
```

ask her to testify about it.

MR. HARMS: And, Your Honor, I would also note that there were no objections to this exhibit when it was identified.

THE COURT: They also didn't know which, I think, witness was going to be explaining it.

What else -- what else do you have -- what else do you have in terms of this exhibit in regards to questions for this particular witness?

- 10 BY MR. HARMS:
- Q. Ms. Esposito, earlier you talked about the athletics
- mark.

3

5

6

7

8

- 13 A. The Pozniak mark?
- 14 Q. The athletics mark. I believe it's the modern mark.
- 15 It's a side profile of the Nittany Lion that's used for the
- 16 Penn State athletics teams.
- A. I talked about the Pozniak mark. I haven't talked about
- 18 any other mark.
- 19 Q. Is there another mark that the Penn State teams use
- 20 currently that's not the Pozniak Lion?
- 21 A. Penn State, just within the last two weeks, changed their
- 22 marking. I don't know what specific mark you're talking
- about.
- 24 Q. Have you heard of the chipmunk mark?
- 25 A. I have, yes. I've heard that derogatory name used.

- Q. And I apologize. I don't mean to use it in a derogatory manner.
- A. No. You're not the only one. It was widely referred to as the chipmunk mark. Yes, I am familiar with the chipmunk.
- 5 Q. And would you please describe that?
- 6 A. It's a lion face with puffed cheeks. And that's why it
- 7 was referred to as the chipmunk, because of the puffed cheeks.
- 8 Q. And that's considered to be the Penn State athletic
- 9 trademark, correct?
- 10 A. It was used by Penn State athletics for a number of
- 11 years. I don't know that it's still used by Penn State
- 12 athletics.
- Q. During that period of use, was it designated as the
- 14 athletic trademark?
- 15 A. Not -- I don't know if that was its sole designation.
- 16 Q. Okay. What about the lion and shield design, I'll call
- it. Are you familiar with that logo?
- 18 A. A lion's face in the shield?
- 19 Q. Yes.
- 20 A. For Penn State or -- I mean specifically for Penn State?
- 21 Q. Yes. Yes. For Penn State. Are you aware of Penn State
- 22 having a logo that it uses that is a lion in a shield?
- 23 A. I've seen lots of images in publications at Penn State,
- 24 starting in the 1880s when the first yearbook was published.
- 25 There have been many versions of lions, lions and shields,

```
lions and keystones. You'd have to be a whole lot more
    specific.
        This would be the modern academic trademark that Penn
3
    State uses, the lion in the shield.
5
        I would need to see it. I'm sorry.
6
              MR. HARMS: No further questions, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Thank you. Any redirect?
7
              MS. WHEATLEY: Just briefly.
8
                        REDIRECT EXAMINATION
   BY MS. WHEATLEY:
10
        Ms. Esposito, when you reviewed products as part of the
11
    licensing committee at Penn State, did you take your job
12
13
    seriously?
        I took every day of my job seriously. I was responsible
14
    for the University documents. I was responsible for the
15
   University's history. I'm the person who was asked to speak
16
    for those documents and to protect those documents, and to
17
   make them accessible -- as accessible as possible. I took my
18
19
    job extraordinarily seriously.
20
    Q. And did you take the quality of Penn State's products
    that had Penn State symbols on them seriously?
21
        Absolutely. It was very important to me, and what people
   Α.
22
   were seeing represented Penn State. It's still very important
23
   to me. When I do presentations, when I do workshops, I always
```

talk about the integrity and the value of Penn State and what

25

it has done in 165 years. It has not been perfect, every one of those 165 years. But it has done a whole lot for the Commonwealth that it can be very proud of. And when people 3 look at the Penn State name and logos, that's what most alums that I've met in my lifetime see when they see that image. 5 6 MS. WHEATLEY: Thank you very much, Ms. Esposito. 7 No further questions. THE COURT: Any recross examination? 8 MR. HARMS: No, Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Ms. Esposito, thank you very much for 10 your testimony. You may stand down with the thanks of the 11 Court. 12 13 Unless you have a very short witness, I think this is a good time to recess, Mr. Finkelson? 14 MR. FINKELSON: Agree, Your Honor. I think our 15 witness will be too long for that, and it's been a long day 16 for everyone. 17 THE COURT: Indeed. 18 19 Ladies and gentlemen, you've heard the first day of testimony. Again, please don't discuss this case amongst 20 yourselves or with anyone else, other than if you return home 21 tonight to tell people that you are associated with that you 22 have been called to jury duty. You're serving as a juror in a 23 federal case, and you can tell them generally what the case is

25

about. That's it.

```
I'll have you back tomorrow ideally by about 9:15.
1
    You're going to assemble in the jury assembly room on the
2
    second floor as you did this morning. And by 9:30, you should
3
   be up in the jury room and we'll be ready to begin testimony
4
    for tomorrow. So Court will stand in recess, then, until 9:30
    a.m., Wednesday, November 13.
6
7
              If you want to escort the jury out, please.
              (At 4:56 p.m., the jury left the courtroom and were
8
               excused for the day.)
9
              THE COURT: So, Ms. Wheatley, Mr. Finkelson, where
10
    are we going to go tomorrow?
11
              MS. WHEATLEY: I believe we will hear from
12
13
    Ms. Petulla and Mr. Howell. We may play some of our
    designated depositions.
14
              THE COURT: I missed the last part. I'm sorry.
15
    Say it again.
16
              MS. WHEATLEY: Ms. Petulla, Mr. Howell, and we may
17
   play some of our designated depositions.
18
19
              THE COURT: What about Ms. Gummo?
              MR. FINKELSON: I don't think, Your Honor, we will
20
    get to Ms. Gummo tomorrow. If we have Mr. Howell,
21
    Ms. Petulla and the depositions. I think it will be likely
22
    that Ms. Gummo would probably be pushed to the following day.
23
              THE COURT: So how long is Ms. Petulla's testimony?
24
              MR. FINKELSON: Quite long. Mr. Howell is
25
```

```
considerably shorter.
              THE COURT: When you say quite long, give me a
    flavor of what quite long is.
3
4
              MR. FINKELSON: I'll let my colleague, Ms. Wheatley
5
              THE COURT: Oh, Ms. Wheatley.
6
              MS. WHEATLEY: I think it could easily take three,
7
    three-and-a-half hours just because of the -- establishing use
8
    and that evidence.
              THE COURT: So it will take the morning into the
10
    afternoon?
11
              MS. WHEATLEY: I think quite possibly.
12
13
              THE COURT: What sort of cross examination do you
   have for Ms. Petulla? Who is going to examine?
14
              MR. FETTERS: I will be cross-examining. It
15
    depends on the scope of the subject matter. But I would
16
    imagine it will be much shorter. An hour, at most.
17
              THE COURT: Do you really need to be that long?
18
19
    Why is she that long?
20
              MS. WHEATLEY: Well, she goes through the trademark
    registrations and the evidence of use. And she talks about
21
    the University's quality control. I'm going to do my best. I
22
    think some of that was taken care of today, so I'm going to do
23
    my best to --
24
25
              THE COURT: That's -- well, that's what I'm
```

```
wondering. All right. Well, do the best that you can. And
1
   Mr. Howell, what is he going to tell me. He's from CLC.
              MR. FINKELSON: He's from CLC, Your Honor. I
3
4
    suspect that Mr. Howell, on direct, will be less than an hour,
   maybe 45 minutes.
5
              THE COURT: Who is going to cross-examine?
6
              MR. HARMS: Me, Your Honor. And the cross will not
7
   be very long.
8
              THE COURT: And you want to play some depositions?
              MR. FINKELSON: We do.
10
              THE COURT: These are video depositiosns, I
11
    presume.
12
13
              MR. FINKELSON: They are, Your Honor. We've
    significantly reduced the deposition lengths. So we exchanged
14
    new designations with the other side over the weekend.
15
    under two hours all in on all of the depositions that we're
16
    playing in our case in chief. So I think it's an hour and 50
17
   minutes --
18
19
              THE COURT: So who are we hearing from tomorrow?
20
              MR. FINKELSON: So tomorrow you're going to hear --
    we'll decide on the order this evening. But tomorrow you will
21
    hear from both Ms. Petulla and Mr. Howell. And then you will
22
    most likely hear video testimony.
23
              THE COURT:
                          Right, the video.
24
              MR. FINKELSON: If we can get Ms. Gummo on, we will
25
```

certainly try. That's the next in the row for us. That will leave two witnesses for us, Your Honor, for Thursday. THE COURT: But just who am I hearing by way of 3 video deposition tomorrow? 4 MR. FINKELSON: Oh. It is -- it is -- we have 5 four. One is Erik Hartvigson, one is Chad Hartvigs. On, one 6 is Michelle Young, and the other is Ms. Maffey, who was 7 referred to today. Those are the four that we are intending 8 to play tomorrow, depending on time. And then there's one other deponent that we're still making decisions on, 10 Mr. Delong. 11 THE COURT: And then you might get to Ms. Gummo is 12 13 what you're telling me. MR. FINKELSON: We may get to Ms. Gummo. We're 14 certainly going to try. Certainly if the cross examinations 15 are relatively short, we would get to Ms. Gummo, and we'll 16 disclose her to the other side tonight, that she'll be a 17 witness tomorrow. And then that will leave Mr. Franklyn --18 19 THE COURT: And so if you don't put Ms. Gummo on tomorrow, she would role into Thursday, the 14th. 20 MR. FINKELSON: She would, Your Honor. And then no 21 assurances as to the order as between Mr. McGrath and 22 Mr. Franklyn. Those would be our two final witnesses. 23 think Mr. McGrath will be relatively short. Mr. Franklyn has to take the time to walk the jury through the survey, so that, 25

I expect, will be a little bit longer.

It's our current expectation, Your Honor, that, you know, we'll rest our case either end of day Thursday, probably more likely sometime early on Friday. But -- but resting on Thursday is not out of the question if we continue to move at the pace we're moving.

THE COURT: Very good. What -- may I ask, you have, and I appreciate this, you've listed a number of the -- I want to describe them as sort of business records custodians for CLC, Internet archives, an individual from San Francisco, a Mr. Frank White, who is an Internet archivist, I guess, Garnett Lee for authentication purposes. Are these people going to be called, do you think? Is there going to be a need for that, or have you come to stipulations on this?

MR. FINKELSON: I think we've come to an agreement on most of the exhibits that would have required that. And then Your Honor dealt with the way back machine issues. I think we have one potential authentication witness. We have a sweatshirt that has the Pozniak lion on it. And based on the meet and confer last night, my understanding is that the Defendants are insisting that we put on an authenticating witness. That authenticating witness would be our client, Mr. Dulabon, whose sweatshirt it is. That seems unnecessary, but if the other side wants us to do that, we can put Mr. Dulabon on the stand to do that. And we would probably do

```
that tomorrow if we can't reach an agreement to avoid that
   tonight.
              THE COURT: All right. Well, do what you can with
3
4
   that. All right. Very good.
              So with that -- thank you, Counsel. So with that
5
    in mind, the Defense has to assume that you may very well
6
7
   commence your case Friday. So you're going to have your
    witnesses around for that purpose. No reason to think it's
8
    any earlier than that, I think, once the path has been
    chartered here.
10
              I'm looking at you, Mr. Fetters, but I mean to
11
    everyone.
12
13
              MR. FETTERS: Yes, we would be ready to commence
   Friday once the Plaintiff rests.
14
              THE COURT: All right. So we'll circle back to
15
    you, then. We'll stand in recess until tomorrow, which is
16
    Wednesday, November 13, at 9:30 a.m. Court will rise.
17
              (At 5:03 p.m. the proceedings were concluded.)
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

CERTIFICATION

of the United Sates.

I, Colleen V. Wentz, Federal Official Realtime

Court Reporter, in and for the United States District Court

for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, do hereby certify

that pursuant to Section 753, Title 28, United States Code,

that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the

stenographically-reported proceedings held in the

above-entitled matter, and that the transcript page format is

in conformance with the regulations of the Judicial Conference

(The Foregoing of this transcript does not apply to any reproduction of the same by any means unless under the direct control and/or supervision of the certifying reporter.)

570.259.2258

/s/ Colleen V. Wentz

Colleen V. Wentz, RMR, CRR

U.S. Official Court Reporter

```
INDEX
 1
                                        -1-
 2
    1,269 [1] 86:21
 3
    10-minute [1] 81:1
    10151 [1] 2:10
    10th [1] 84:18
    11th [2] 83:14; 126:2
 5
    1276712 [2] 84:19, 24
    1308610 [2] 83:8, 13
    1315693 [2] 83:22; 84:1
    1350286 [2] 85:7, 11
 7
    13th [1] 84:8
    1420 [3] 2:3, 6, 13
 8
    14th [1] 152:20
    1770s [1] 116:16
    1776 [1] 5:4
    1800s [2] 39:19; 111:6
10
    1855 [6] 83:7; 90:14; 108:8; 113:3; 128:22; 138:18
    1859 [1] 95:14
11
    1862 [1] 108:10
    1874 [2] 108:15; 110:19
12
    1880s [3] 95:13; 108:7; 146:24
    1890 [1] 45:11
13
    1890s [1] 114:14
    1904 [4] 91:5; 94:13, 16; 95:8
14
    1905 [1] 91:7
    1910 [2] 98:17, 20
15
    1929 [1] 115:12
    1938 [1] 110:2
16
    1939 [1] 101:5
    1940 [5] 47:15; 92:15; 101:15, 19, 23
17
    1940s [1] 69:1
    1942 [5] 97:21; 99:14; 101:22; 104:9
18
    1950 [2] 74:6, 10
    1950s [3] 96:23; 97:1, 24
19
    1953 [5] 46:2, 7; 108:25; 112:8; 113:1
    1970 [1] 119:7
20
    1970s [3] 47:19; 104:19; 119:23
    1973 [1] 121:11
21
    1978 [1] 117:3
    1980s [7] 45:11; 47:19; 68:18; 104:6, 7; 105:14; 111:24
22
    1982 [5] 65:6; 112:2; 119:8; 132:1, 2
    1983 [2] 119:7; 131:24
23
    1984 [5] 47:6; 83:14; 84:25; 122:15; 126:2
    1985 [3] 84:2; 85:12; 105:15
24
    1986 [5] 89:16; 111:20; 112:13; 132:8; 139:21
    1989 [8] 117:25; 132:9, 10, 15, 21; 140:4; 141:17; 142:1
25
    1990 [4] 122:25; 124:3, 6; 126:5
    1991 [5] 141:10, 14, 21, 22; 142:25
```

```
1
    1997 [1] 93:17
    1999 [1] 117:25
                                         - 2 -
 3
    2003 [2] 65:24; 67:7
    2005 [1] 82:22
    2006 [1] 22:9
 5
    2009 [2] 67:7, 10
    2017 [3] 68:12; 81:18; 84:18
    2018 [4] 51:19; 82:15, 20; 84:8
    2019 [3] 83:21; 84:13; 85:6
 7
    2020 [1] 68:7
    2021 [4] 77:22; 82:15; 89:18; 112:14
 8
    2022 [2] 76:25; 77:23
    2023 [1] 37:25
    2024 [3] 1:11; 8:20; 37:19
    206-626-6000 [3] 2:4, 7, 14
10
    21-CV-01091 [2] 1:7; 4:6
    22nd [3] 8:20; 84:2; 128:22
11
    23,219.27 [1] 86:25
    23219-3196 [1] 1:20
12
    23219-3916 [1] 1:17
    23rd [1] 85:12
13
    24th [2] 122:25; 126:5
    25,000 [2] 69:25; 90:21
14
    25-year [1] 80:4
    25th [1] 117:3
15
    265-page [1] 93:10
16
17
    3000 [3] 2:3, 6, 13
    31st [1] 89:18
18
                                         - 5 -
19
    5,400 [1] 102:21
20
    50th [2] 91:6
    5305910 [2] 84:14, 17
21
    5399989 [2] 84:3, 7
    570.259.2258 [1] 155:17
22
    5742516 [2] 84:9, 12
    5766698 [2] 83:15, 20
23
    5877080 [2] 85:1, 5
24
                                         - 6 -
25
    6029818 [1] 85:13
```

```
1
    630-430-8051 [1] 2:11
 2
                                        -7-
 3
    7927 [1] 37:19
 4
                                        - 8 -
 5
    803.16 [1] 118:14
    804-775-1157 [1] 1:21
    804-775-4320 [1] 1:17
 7
                                         - 9 -
 8
    901.8 [1] 118:13
    98101 [3] 2:3, 7, 14
 9
                                        - A -
10
    A-r-t-o-s-s [1] 37:18
11
         [7] 1:11; 4:1; 7:9; 8:12, 21; 149:6; 154:17
    abandonment [1] 30:21
12
    ability [1] 17:1
               15:9, 10; 28:18; 55:14; 61:21; 68:5; 70:22, 24, 25; 81:13;
          [14]
13
    101:23; 105:24; 107:11; 143:3
    About [1] 54:11
14
    about [140] 6:6; 9:4, 13, 14, 16, 22, 23; 10:5, 6, 10, 11, 13, 20; 11:11, 14,
    19, 20; 13:6, 22; 14:20; 15:20, 24; 18:7; 19:11, 18; 20:5, 12, 19; 24:16;
15
    26:9, 22; 28:10, 18, 22; 29:23; 30:6, 13; 31:5; 33:8, 12; 34:19; 35:8;
           41:9; 43:7; 44:4, 10; 48:4; 50:20, 24; 51:14; 52:2, 6, 8; 53:12,
    40:15;
16
    14; 54:19; 55:15, 21; 59:3, 6, 7, 8, 13, 14; 60:20; 62:12; 64:15, 16, 24;
    68:7; 69:19; 71:18; 75:6; 77:5, 7; 80:8, 16; 90:21; 91:18, 19, 20, 21, 22;
17
    92:7, 18, 21, 23; 93:12;
                              94:6, 22;
                                         95:6; 96:19; 97:19;
                                                                 99:1;
    103:12, 18; 104:20; 108:3, 6; 109:9, 23, 25; 110:17; 112:10; 115:7; 117:24,
18
         119:8;
                 127:22;
                          128:2, 5; 129:24; 133:14, 16;
                                                           135:7, 17;
                                                                        136:19;
    138:22, 24; 139:14; 140:1, 2, 23; 144:5, 7; 145:1, 11, 17, 23;
19
    147:25; 148:25; 149:1, 19; 150:21
    above-entitled [1] 155:10
20
    absence [1] 25:1
    absolute [1] 5:23
21
    Absolutely [2] 137:25; 147:22
    absolutely [2] 9:2; 128:6
22
    academic [1] 147:3
    accept [2] 14:8; 124:15
23
    accepted [4] 114:4; 125:11, 17; 127:3
    accepts [1] 105:19
24
    access [1] 9:11
    accessible [3] 90:13; 147:18
25
    accident [1] 52:25
```

```
1
    accomplishment [1] 46:16
    accordingly [2] 34:23; 35:6
    accounts [1] 101:17
    accused [1] 23:3
 3
    accuses [1] 22:18
    achieved [1] 65:7
 4
    acquire [2] 30:11; 71:5
    acquired [2] 30:13; 67:21
 5
    acquiring [3] 52:5; 61:18; 69:24
    acquisition [1] 30:6
 6
    across [7] 19:22; 39:15; 46:14; 49:16; 55:2; 66:6; 82:13
    acting [1] 63:14
 7
    action [1] 128:13
    actual [9] 28:17, 23; 72:4; 76:16; 77:24; 112:21; 116:21; 134:14; 135:7
 8
    Actually [2] 109:2; 138:22
    actually [32] 22:18; 27:23; 28:2, 21; 30:19; 32:11; 36:23; 46:19; 47:14,
         53:1; 61:13; 75:18; 96:13; 97:19; 98:14; 102:8; 109:12; 116:21;
    117:6, 8, 10, 15; 118:6; 122:23; 123:14; 125:9; 126:3; 127:9; 133:8; 134:6
10
    addage [1] 79:3
    added [1] 115:17
11
    addition [5] 11:3; 38:17; 77:16; 92:14;
    additional [4] 11:9; 21:5; 37:6; 127:12
12
    Additionally [2] 38:5, 6
    address [2] 76:1; 106:25
13
    addressed [1] 36:12
    addressing [1] 37:7
14
    adhere [1] 50:25
    administration [4] 94:6; 95:12; 102:14, 17
15
    admission [1] 88:7
    admit [5] 87:9, 22; 142:4; 144:3, 23
16
    admitted [7] 10:24; 14:5; 87:7; 88:1; 106:4; 119:17; 143:12
    adopted [3] 46:8; 112:23, 24
17
    adorned [1] 69:9
    advance [1] 71:6
18
    advantage [1] 61:21
    Advantages [1] 139:3
19
    advertising [4] 24:6; 38:14; 61:9; 75:14
    advisement [6] 24:14; 26:20; 28:6; 31:3; 36:21; 38:20
20
    advocating [1] 95:6
    aesthetic [3] 25:7; 26:13; 35:20
21
    affect [2] 32:17; 136:3
    affection [2] 63:24; 107:15
22
    affects [1] 32:19
    affiliated [6] 53:18; 55:17; 74:13; 86:15, 19; 128:6
23
    affinity [1] 63:23
    affirmative [5] 21:21, 24; 22:2; 30:21; 37:10
24
    affirmatively [1] 62:5
    affirmed [1] 5:7
25
    affix [4] 27:22; 61:8, 10; 75:11
    affixed [1] 75:21
```

```
1
    affixes [1] 27:24
    afford [1] 65:20
    affordable [1] 70:25
    afraid [1] 87:5
3
    African [6] 90:8; 93:4; 98:7; 109:22, 24; 110:12
    After [6] 7:4; 13:3; 18:14, 24; 19:3; 24:10
                       19:6; 26:7;
 4
          [17]
                18:10;
                                      35:13;
                                             45:11;
                                                     53:10; 65:12, 20;
                                                                          67:2;
    81:5; 94:7; 102:22; 122:4; 123:22; 141:22; 144:24
5
    Afterall [1] 21:24
    afternoon [8] 8:19; 24:22; 33:23; 42:14; 45:5; 54:18; 131:17; 150:11
 6
    Again [5] 7:19; 21:7; 74:4; 75:17; 148:20
    again [24] 8:7; 18:12; 20:3; 23:17; 24:21; 30:12; 34:16; 36:23;
                                                                          43:4;
7
    44:5; 57:23; 60:20; 62:1; 64:23; 73:16; 74:12; 75:6; 76:9, 12;
    93:8; 112:17; 114:6; 149:16
8
    against [6] 4:4; 17:16; 22:7; 26:25; 27:8, 16
    agent [4] 75:9; 142:18, 22, 23
9
    Agree [1] 148:15
    agree [10] 13:18; 14:6; 19:10; 21:20; 27:4; 36:6; 54:15; 87:7; 136:20;
10
    143:6
    agreed [1] 88:4
11
    agreeing [2] 88:6
    agreement [9] 49:6; 106:12, 13; 107:11, 17; 132:18; 139:16; 153:15; 154:1
12
    agreements [1] 114:10
    Agricultural [2] 108:10; 113:2
13
          [18]
                23:23; 25:25; 39:5; 57:18; 58:19; 81:9, 14;
                                                                 88:20;
                                                                          89:1:
    97:10, 15, 17; 119:2; 131:14; 136:21; 137:8; 141:3; 144:9
14
    airport [1] 103:4
    Alabama [2] 72:20; 76:6
15
    alcoholic [1] 121:15
    alive [1] 105:25
16
    allegation [1] 27:13
    allegations [4] 36:25; 37:4, 5, 7
17
    allege [1] 23:8
    alleged [4] 23:25; 27:10; 30:20; 38:16
18
    Allen [1] 100:15
    allow [4] 6:7; 10:2; 12:6; 15:13
19
    allowed [4] 11:24; 25:17; 26:3; 48:16
    allowing [1] 47:23
20
    allows [1] 6:8
    Almost [3] 93:1; 110:20, 24
21
    almost [3] 67:3; 93:24; 113:25
    alone [1] 13:10
22
    along [3] 28:20; 50:9; 72:7
    already [11] 21:7; 41:10; 43:9, 11; 45:16; 54:8, 18; 56:3; 58:1;
23
    132:19
    Also [1] 15:1
24
         [52] 6:8; 8:25; 10:6, 12; 11:23; 14:12, 23; 23:8;
                                                                  28:1;
    37:16; 38:12; 42:6; 44:24; 48:12; 50:5, 12, 14, 15; 55:23; 56:11;
25
    59:24; 64:15; 70:21; 73:18; 78:20; 82:21; 90:23; 91:19, 20;
                                                                     92:17, 19;
```

```
1
    93:10; 102:24, 25; 107:10; 113:16; 118:14; 120:3; 122:1; 126:22; 127:3,
    19; 131:8; 132:2; 136:3; 142:21; 145:2, 5
    alternative [1] 25:11
    although [1] 31:7
 3
    alum [6] 50:9, 15; 53:2; 97:18; 104:16; 128:4
    Alumni [3] 48:1; 107:19, 20
 4
    alumni [8] 40:21; 76:22; 77:4; 89:22; 100:7; 116:6; 128:4; 137:11
    alums [6] 111:8; 115:22; 128:1; 130:15; 136:12; 148:4
 5
    Always [1] 113:21
    always [12] 15:17; 23:10; 28:1; 37:12; 94:1; 111:9; 113:21, 23;
    124:17; 130:7; 147:24
    amazing [1] 69:5
 7
    Ambassadors [2] 47:25; 107:19
    ambassadors [1] 48:2
 8
    Amendment [1] 4:23
    American [3] 90:5, 7; 116:14
 9
    among [4] 50:7; 82:16; 107:6; 121:4
    amongst [3] 9:7; 10:1; 148:20
10
    amount [4] 34:15; 43:10; 54:14; 112:8
    amounting [1] 86:24
11
    ancient [4] 113:11; 118:14, 15, 17
    animal [3] 95:19; 101:7, 25
12
    animals [2] 95:11, 17
    anniversaries [3] 100:1, 3, 4
13
    Anniversary [1] 80:5
    anniversary [4] 91:6; 128:21, 22
14
    another [15] 9:3; 34:9; 51:19, 20; 53:10; 64:16; 71:19; 74:12; 78:19;
    87:5; 98:9; 107:22; 109:1; 124:23; 145:19
15
    answer [10] 6:20; 7:2; 14:22; 54:2; 55:9; 59:24; 93:8; 105:19; 137:7;
    138:19
16
    answering [1] 92:25
    answers [1] 21:19
17
    anti-competitive [1] 26:10
    anti-competitiveness [1] 26:17
18
    anti-trust [9] 24:17, 25; 25:4; 26:2, 3, 8; 35:17, 18, 23
    anticipate [1] 33:17
19
    anticipating [1] 133:5
    anticipation [1] 91:6
20
    anymore [1] 69:22
    Anyone [1] 41:13
21
    anyone [18] 8:3; 9:7, 13, 14, 16, 22, 23; 10:19; 11:12; 19:9; 57:12, 14;
    69:20; 76:18; 102:5; 111:17; 142:16; 148:21
22
    Anything [1] 38:20
    anything
              [12]
                   10:5, 23;
                              13:19, 25;
                                          15:20; 17:8; 18:6;
                                                                20:18;
23
    34:24; 104:20; 117:9
    anywhere [3] 50:1; 66:19; 99:18
24
    apart [1] 49:21
    apologize [3] 138:21; 142:3; 146:1
25
    apparel [19] 38:7; 41:16; 42:24; 48:24; 49:3; 65:25; 66:3, 10, 23; 67:6;
    82:1; 105:8; 111:25; 121:15; 136:9, 25; 137:9, 21; 138:14
```

```
1
    apparently [2] 23:8; 34:8
    Appeals [2] 21:25; 22:8
    appear [3] 32:12; 80:9; 135:6
    appearance [1] 12:9
 3
    APPEARANCES [2] 1:14; 2:1
    appeared [2] 69:4; 70:5
    appears
 4
             [12] 21:14, 20;
                              26:22; 31:7; 46:9, 10; 64:5, 9; 72:7;
                                                                           76:9;
    80:14; 112:20
 5
    applied [3] 31:23; 45:12; 117:11
    applies [1] 18:5
 6
    apply [9] 13:12, 16; 18:5, 8; 19:5, 13; 55:7; 155:20
    appointed [2] 4:10; 139:22
 7
    appreciate [2] 138:19; 153:8
    approach [2] 116:22; 117:17
 8
    approached [1] 10:19
    appropriate [5] 22:3; 27:6, 17; 120:22; 127:19
 9
    approve [1] 112:3
    approved [3] 53:18; 125:2; 135:4
10
    approves [1] 131:5
    approximately [3] 8:22, 23, 24
11
    April [2] 122:25; 126:5
    archive [4] 90:20, 21; 91:4, 5
12
    archives [15] 90:25; 91:13, 14; 92:19, 20; 97:22; 103:10; 105:16; 119:11;
    133:25; 139:1, 24; 144:16; 153:10
13
    archivist [7] 89:13; 90:12; 91:7; 93:22; 97:12; 132:12; 153:11
    Area [1] 66:12
14
    area [1] 109:11
    areas [2] 96:12, 13
15
    aren't [3] 58:7; 79:16; 80:10
    argued [2] 22:23; 29:2
16
    argument [11] 21:5; 22:25; 23:2, 10; 26:19; 29:12, 24; 30:6; 118:19, 23
    arguments [6] 14:11; 18:25; 19:2, 4; 25:15, 17
17
    arising [1] 28:17
    Arizona [1] 54:4
18
    armed [1] 5:3
    arose [2] 22:22; 100:13
19
    around [4] 33:18; 53:7; 128:23; 154:8
    arrange [1] 11:25
20
    arrangements [1] 72:12
    array [2] 70:22
21
    arrive [2] 74:22, 24
    arrives [1] 51:5
22
    arsenic [1] 96:11
    Article [1] 4:12
23
    article [2] 10:25; 11:2
    articles [3] 75:12; 91:19, 21
24
    articulated [1] 37:11
    articulation [3] 26:13, 14
25
    artifacts [1] 91:2
    artist [1] 47:19
```

```
1
    Artoss [2] 37:17, 18
    Arts [2] 90:5, 7
 2
    arts [1] 102:8
    artwork [22] 63:15, 19, 20, 21; 64:2, 6, 10; 69:3, 7, 9, 17, 22; 70:5, 10,
    24; 72:17; 73:3, 5, 7, 13; 80:14; 86:5
    asked [10] 22:22; 43:17; 53:15; 95:22; 111:17; 117:13; 127:8; 132:12;
    135:16; 147:16
    asking [5] 127:10; 128:4; 140:22; 144:4, 6
 5
    assemble [1] 149:2
    assembled [1] 31:23
    assembly [4] 7:20; 20:8, 13; 149:2
    assert [2] 24:1, 3
 7
    asserted [2] 21:19; 24:2
    asserting [3] 25:11; 26:6; 143:2
 8
    assertion [1] 27:3
    asserts [2] 21:18; 26:24
 9
    assess [2] 78:6; 135:15
    assets [3] 106:17, 18; 107:6
10
    assistant [2] 102:7; 122:18
    associate [1] 38:8
11
    associated [5] 94:1; 106:19; 108:21; 137:18; 148:22
    Association [2] 107:19, 20
12
    association [3] 76:22; 77:4; 89:22
    assume [5] 28:9; 33:11, 20; 136:12; 154:6
13
    assumed [1] 25:7
    assurances [1] 152:22
14
    athletes [4] 66:10; 72:11; 95:4; 97:4
    athletic [4] 47:20; 105:3; 146:8, 14
15
    athletics [8] 104:23; 105:4; 120:6; 145:11, 14, 16; 146:10, 12
    attached [4] 75:17; 121:14; 123:10; 126:8
16
    attempt [3] 8:21; 38:8; 76:17
    attempting [1] 74:8
17
    attend [1] 101:23
    attention [6] 10:21; 12:11; 37:15, 16, 24
18
    attics [1] 68:25
    attorney [2] 10:13; 18:21
19
    attorney's [1] 15:17
    attorneys [12] 6:3, 8, 25; 7:5; 10:12; 15:6, 13; 18:14, 19, 25; 59:12;
20
    131:21
    attractive [1] 63:20
21
    Auburn [1] 72:18
    audience [2] 136:11; 137:9
22
    August [1] 119:8
    authentic [8] 39:16; 46:9; 48:7; 49:11, 14, 22; 50:1; 52:24
23
    authenticate [2] 118:22; 143:4
    authenticated [1] 142:16
24
    authenticating [2] 153:21, 22
    authentication [2] 153:12, 18
25
    authenticity [1] 142:19
    authorization [1] 49:5
```

```
1
    authorized [3] 53:4; 131:2; 139:16
    authorizes [1] 49:2
    available [7] 32:3; 49:15; 57:14; 73:13; 77:19; 82:17; 125:9
    Avenue [4] 2:3, 6, 10, 13
    average [1] 54:19
    avoid [1] 154:1
 4
    award [1] 100:8
    awards [1] 102:25
 5
    aware [2] 111:19; 146:21
    away [9] 41:6; 46:18, 20; 47:21; 99:7; 102:12; 115:2, 15; 117:15
                                        - B -
 7
    baby [2] 101:9; 129:21
 8
    Bachelors [1] 90:5
    Back [2] 50:8; 113:7
    back [38] 20:6, 24; 33:11; 35:12; 39:19; 40:7, 24; 47:6; 48:22; 51:11;
    68:12; 73:15; 79:2; 81:4; 90:14; 92:8; 94:23; 95:4, 23, 25; 98:20; 103:1,
10
    2; 105:22; 109:20; 112:24; 113:11; 114:8, 12, 14, 20; 117:16; 121:7;
    127:25; 134:16; 149:1; 153:17; 154:15
11
    background [2] 90:4; 108:4
    bags [1] 121:15
12
    banana [1] 130:13
    band [1] 41:17
13
    bands [1] 119:25
    banner [2] 75:23, 25
14
    banners [2] 83:11; 85:3
    Barbara [1] 130:13
15
    barely [1] 65:20
    barn [1] 91:2
16
    base [2] 14:2, 8
    baseball [15] 65:4, 11, 13, 14, 16, 19, 21; 66:5, 15; 68:19; 72:10; 94:16;
17
    95:2; 109:14
    Based [2] 107:7; 115:13
18
    based [15] 6:13; 11:13; 13:9, 23; 15:22; 21:9; 33:6; 68:1, 14; 107:14;
    112:3; 120:7; 136:7; 142:20; 153:19
19
    baseman [2] 94:23; 109:8
    bases [1] 28:4
20
    basic [1] 28:13
    basically [1] 67:14
21
    basketball [1] 72:11
    batch [1] 67:4
22
    bathroom [1] 34:10
    bear [2] 17:11; 136:14
23
    bearing [3] 53:10; 82:5, 19
    beaten [1] 94:24
24
    Beaver [2] 46:4; 101:3
    Beaver's [1] 91:9
25
    became [9] 67:18; 93:9, 10, 11; 118:7; 127:10; 129:8; 132:23
    Because [6] 44:3; 57:4; 62:17; 83:1; 127:23; 128:21
```

```
1
            [64] 10:15, 16; 12:22; 18:18; 22:23; 25:19, 20; 26:24; 27:10;
    29:11; 32:22; 42:7; 43:12, 14, 16; 44:16, 19, 22; 48:9, 20; 50:11;
    57:25; 61:19; 62:24; 63:19; 64:9, 10, 17; 69:14; 71:2, 7, 23; 74:17, 18;
    76:13; 79:5, 25; 80:9; 96:14; 98:19; 101:8; 103:14; 108:13, 21; 110:7;
3
    115:15; 116:14, 17; 118:1, 17; 123:15; 124:1, 14; 129:8; 137:15, 16, 17, 23;
    138:15; 139:23; 146:7; 150:8
4
    become [5] 5:15; 95:7; 110:18; 112:6; 132:5
    becoming [1] 120:3
5
    been [72] 4:13; 5:1; 8:10, 17; 10:7; 18:24; 22:16, 24; 23:10, 15, 16, 18,
    19; 24:4; 25:22; 37:12; 42:18; 46:3; 48:24; 54:22; 68:17; 77:17; 78:1;
    85:20; 91:7; 94:24; 95:12, 13; 96:9, 11, 16; 98:4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 18; 101:5;
           106:4; 107:2; 110:8; 111:5; 115:14, 19; 116:3, 4, 5, 15;
    104:1;
                                                                       117:4;
7
    120:10, 11; 121:2; 123:22; 124:16; 125:8, 17; 129:22; 132:11; 142:16, 21;
    143:1, 3, 12; 144:19; 146:25; 148:1, 16, 23; 154:9
8
    Before [2] 35:14; 57:14
    before [22] 1:11; 4:2, 6, 25; 17:8; 20:7; 32:20; 33:4; 34:4, 24;
    36:15; 48:25; 57:14; 62:15; 80:2; 105:16; 110:9; 131:17; 143:23; 144:13
    began [4] 91:8; 132:3; 140:4; 141:16
10
    begin [9] 4:21; 6:21; 8:19, 21; 18:10; 19:15; 33:4; 94:1; 149:4
    beginning [3] 24:4; 114:22; 121:11
11
    behalf [6] 41:3; 50:18; 140:24; 141:5; 142:22
    behavior [6] 4:13; 12:10; 71:9; 78:5, 16, 21
12
    behaviors [1] 26:10
    behind [4] 41:20; 42:11; 51:3; 116:9
13
    being [27] 10:16; 22:19, 23; 23:6; 59:10, 14, 19, 24; 62:10; 64:12, 24;
    68:4; 78:7; 79:11; 80:10; 83:18; 94:20; 97:4; 108:16; 112:9; 121:20;
14
    122:1; 124:13; 127:18, 22; 138:11
    belief [1] 16:22
15
    believability [1] 17:12
    Believe [1] 46:20
16
    believe [44] 7:2; 12:8; 14:15; 16:17, 20, 23, 24; 17:11; 20:17, 25; 27:15,
                       39:2, 3; 74:10; 78:11; 96:2; 99:15; 102:19;
    17;
        36:9; 38:11;
                                                                       115:6;
17
    116:20; 118:21; 128:16; 130:8, 16; 131:25; 132:8, 14; 136:18; 137:23;
    138:3, 4, 8; 140:4; 141:17, 25; 143:12; 144:18; 145:14; 149:12
18
    believed [4] 16:3, 6; 54:12; 127:24
    believes [1] 74:19
19
    believing [2] 64:12; 78:8
    Bell [1] 103:21
20
    belong [4] 39:7; 40:13; 53:11; 58:2
    belongs [2] 42:4; 48:6
21
    below [3] 74:14; 85:14; 139:9
    bench [5] 4:10; 7:4; 15:6, 7, 9
22
    beneath [2] 86:14, 18
    beneficial [1] 49:7
23
    benefit [3] 29:8; 43:23; 51:11
    Best [1] 105:17
24
    best [5] 41:7; 113:25; 150:22, 24; 151:1
            [13] 16:12; 31:7; 34:10; 49:6; 75:9; 91:24; 106:13; 108:24;
    between
25
    129:15; 141:16, 23, 24; 152:22
    beverages [1] 121:15
```

```
1
    beyond [3] 18:3; 28:13; 105:16
    bias [2] 6:14; 17:6
 2
    bicycle [1] 121:15
    binder [1] 106:5
 3
    binders [1] 133:24
    biography [1] 6:22
 4
    black [6] 72:6; 110:8, 9, 12; 130:10
    blank [3] 73:12; 82:10; 114:22
 5
    blessing [1] 54:13
    block [8] 108:3, 6, 16, 18; 109:17; 115:3; 117:4, 6
    blocks [5] 114:22; 115:2, 4, 5, 16
    blog [1] 9:18
 7
    blogs [1] 11:8
    blue [5] 99:4; 110:10; 123:19; 126:23
 8
    blurb [1] 96:19
    blurry [1] 135:19
 9
    Board [2] 90:15; 91:10
    board [7] 44:11, 13; 45:9; 46:1; 47:10, 18; 48:19
10
    boards [2] 83:17; 85:19
    boast [1] 109:9
11
    body [1] 38:17
    bones [1] 44:4
12
    bonfire [1] 100:17
    book [11] 45:2; 55:18; 91:18; 92:7, 13, 23; 93:10, 15, 17; 97:12; 144:1
13
    books [3] 9:10; 90:25; 91:1
    boring [1] 87:5
14
    born [1] 129:22
    boss [2] 132:11; 139:21
15
    Both [1] 57:1
    both
          [11] 6:2; 9:10; 16:11; 24:6; 54:25; 57:7; 108:11; 110:3; 134:23;
16
    151:22
    bottom [6] 48:21; 69:14; 73:18; 74:24; 75:14; 123:12
17
    bought [3] 129:16, 24; 131:1
    bowl [1] 133:5
18
    boxes [2] 68:25; 90:22
    bragged [2] 94:23; 97:3
19
    bragging [1] 94:22
    BRAND [1] 1:4
20
                       17:16, 24; 21:16, 22; 23:1, 13; 24:17, 19, 22; 25:5;
    Brand [123]
                  4:4;
    27:4; 28:3, 8; 29:24, 25; 31:10, 12, 14, 18; 32:3, 9; 33:17; 37:9; 42:23,
    25; 49:1; 51:22; 52:1, 15, 18, 22, 23; 53:3, 9, 13; 55:16; 57:1, 6; 59:19;
    60:9, 12, 13, 17, 22; 61:2; 62:1, 13; 63:8, 10, 11, 13, 16, 18; 68:13, 14;
22
    69:6; 70:13, 15, 18, 22; 71:13, 18, 19, 24; 72:1, 5, 6, 8, 25; 73:3, 7, 9, 14,
    16, 20, 21, 22; 74:9, 13, 18, 22; 75:2; 76:6; 77:5, 12, 14, 17, 18, 21, 23;
23
    78:7, 12; 79:15, 17, 19; 80:2; 81:16, 18, 21, 23, 24, 25; 82:2, 14, 19; 83:1,
    3, 6; 85:13, 15, 16, 21, 25; 86:2, 10, 19, 21, 22, 23; 87:1; 96:19
24
    brand [6] 41:13; 50:21; 53:10; 101:4; 105:4; 144:1
            [46] 21:15; 23:19; 25:8, 20; 30:5; 35:17; 36:7; 51:16; 54:12;
    Brand's
25
    57:3; 59:16, 22, 25; 60:6, 8, 9, 11, 21, 24; 62:11; 63:9, 11; 64:25; 69:23;
```

```
1
    70:3, 17; 71:22; 72:14; 74:5, 24; 75:4; 76:19; 78:9, 24; 79:22, 23; 81:19;
    82:7, 14, 15; 83:5; 86:6, 8, 13, 16
    branding [1] 48:24
    brands [1] 51:24
 3
    Branigan [3] 122:17, 24; 126:2
    BRANN [1] 1:11
 4
    Brann [1] 4:9
    bread [1] 67:10
 5
    break [3] 8:23; 9:3; 36:22
    breaking [1] 40:11
 6
    breaks [1] 8:25
    brick [1] 68:2
 7
    bridges [1] 102:1
    brief [2] 12:13; 88:16
 8
    briefing [3] 22:23; 23:11; 25:23
    briefly [2] 35:14; 147:8
 9
    brim [1] 75:1
    bring [5] 10:21; 20:15; 35:14; 36:15; 92:5
10
    Bringing [1] 48:23
    bringing [2] 25:18; 43:24
11
    brings [2] 42:13; 56:19
    brochure [3] 93:7, 9, 10
12
    brochures [3] 69:8, 9; 82:4
    broken [1] 103:7
13
    Brooklyn [2] 90:6; 137:14
    brother [1] 137:13
14
    brought [4] 17:14; 64:17; 77:20; 95:25
    buck [1] 40:11
15
    build [3] 50:21; 52:17; 94:5
    Building [1] 1:12
16
    building [9] 20:6; 40:20; 94:6, 8; 95:5, 12; 102:1, 5, 15
    buildings [1] 91:3
17
    built [8] 38:9; 44:21; 99:14; 100:10; 101:5, 11; 102:5, 22
    bull [3] 94:9, 12; 110:9
18
    bummed [2] 126:13, 14
    burden [2] 18:2, 18
19
    Burkhart [5] 41:11; 52:20; 55:11; 56:24; 81:12
    Business [1] 78:4
20
    business [15] 4:5; 41:14; 43:13; 50:3; 65:11, 22, 23; 67:8, 25; 71:4, 13,
    19; 82:7; 107:2; 153:9
21
    businesses [10] 39:15; 40:4; 42:9; 49:23, 24; 50:21; 56:5; 57:21; 76:25;
    77:2
22
    butter [1] 67:10
    button [3] 44:6; 52:7; 69:13
23
    buttons [2] 69:12; 82:3
    buying [5] 60:5, 21; 62:19; 71:23; 137:12
24
                                         - C -
25
    caliber [1] 108:22
```

```
1
    California [1] 130:12
    call [6] 34:14; 44:17; 81:6; 88:8; 93:1; 146:16
    called [18] 15:7; 17:18; 24:7; 32:4; 37:1; 42:6; 47:25; 49:8; 50:2;
    58:7, 8; 65:25; 67:17; 82:21; 102:11; 115:5; 148:23; 153:13
 3
    calls [1] 88:12
                                 65:25; 67:23; 69:15; 94:14; 95:21;
          [13]
               37:23;
                       57:20;
                                                                         96:10;
 4
    100:10; 101:14; 102:25; 103:2; 119:24
    camera [1] 31:5
 5
    Cameron [1] 8:4
    campus [12] 47:13; 94:20; 95:4, 10; 99:14, 15, 23; 100:21; 101:1; 102:13;
    117:7; 123:20
    campuses [3] 39:15; 46:14; 90:17
 7
    can't [12] 37:9; 39:6, 9; 43:14; 47:2; 55:1; 56:17; 60:9; 66:19;
    Canal [2] 1:16, 20
 8
    cancel [1] 46:21
    cannot [3] 36:2, 3; 79:24
 9
    canvas [1] 70:11
    caps [1] 83:18
10
    Captain's [1] 123:18
    capture [1] 86:7
11
    captured [1] 95:13
    cards [3] 68:20; 82:4; 123:14
12
    care [7] 27:2; 79:21, 22; 99:8; 131:11; 132:4; 150:23
    career [1] 95:2
13
    carefully [2] 6:19; 12:7
    Carnegie [4] 95:20, 22, 24; 96:7
14
    Caroline [1] 50:8
    carrying [1] 16:8
15
    Carta [1] 113:12
    cartoon-ish [1] 69:10
16
    CASE [1] 1:3
          [104] 4:22; 6:5, 7, 13; 7:1, 6, 18; 8:15; 9:7, 13, 14, 16, 22, 23;
17
    10:1, 10, 13, 20, 24; 11:1, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 17, 21; 12:21; 13:4, 17, 23;
    15:19, 21, 22; 16:11; 17:5, 13, 17; 18:21; 19:5, 12; 20:17;
                                                                    22:17, 21;
18
    23:15; 25:3; 27:4, 12; 30:25; 31:22; 32:5, 25; 39:9, 19; 40:9; 41:2, 9,
        42:12, 15; 44:11; 46:17; 48:12, 18; 50:11; 51:20; 52:2, 5, 8, 22;
19
    53:16; 54:1, 7; 55:21; 56:23; 58:1, 21, 23, 25; 59:7; 64:6, 7, 14, 15, 24;
    72:18; 74:9; 79:9; 93:20; 117:6; 142:13, 14, 17; 148:20, 24;
20
    153:3; 154:7
    cases [4] 18:5, 6; 43:6, 8
21
    cataloged [2] 121:8, 11
    catalogs [1] 114:16
22
    categories [2] 72:10; 120:22
    cause [2] 6:4; 25:12
23
    caused [1] 119:22
    causes [2] 64:19; 71:10
24
    causing [1] 54:9
    cease [3] 128:11, 14
25
    ceased [1] 68:8
    celebrate [1] 47:14
```

```
1
    cell [2] 9:8, 17
    cellular [1] 11:9
 2
    cent [1] 51:10
    Center [1] 90:18
 3
    center [1] 80:14
    centrally [1] 101:2
 4
    ceramic [1] 85:3
    Certain [1] 14:10
 5
    certain [5] 15:1; 16:18; 31:12, 19; 100:5
    Certainly [1] 152:15
 6
    certainly [2] 152:1, 15
    CERTIFICATION [1] 155:1
 7
    certify [1] 155:6
    certifying [1] 155:21
 8
    CHAD [1] 1:6
    Chad [32] 4:5; 17:17; 42:22; 63:17; 65:2, 3, 10, 13, 17, 19, 24; 66:22, 24;
     67:22; 68:12, 17, 19, 20; 70:14, 18, 21; 74:7, 9; 77:11, 13;
    82:22; 87:2; 152:6
10
    Chad's [1] 65:5
    chair [7] 78:3; 88:21; 123:15, 16, 17, 18
11
    chairs [2] 123:23, 25
    challenged [2] 30:17, 19
12
    challenges [3] 6:10; 7:12
    championship [2] 65:8; 133:5
    championships [2] 120:5; 129:5
13
    chance [3] 9:1; 18:22; 36:22
14
    change [2] 120:5, 6
    changed [11] 108:8, 9, 24; 110:3, 10, 19; 112:8, 25; 118:1; 119:25; 145:21
15
    Chapter [1] 76:22
    characterize [1] 136:10
16
    charge [4] 8:1; 21:2, 8; 90:12
    charged [1] 22:16
17
    chart [1] 34:13
    charter [1] 128:22
18
    chartered [2] 132:4; 154:10
    chatroom [1] 9:19
19
    cheeks [2] 146:6, 7
    cheering [1] 126:11
20
    Chief [1] 4:8
    chief [1] 151:17
21
    children [2] 66:7; 111:3
    chip [1] 102:11
22
    chipmunk [7] 32:3; 77:8, 9; 145:24; 146:4, 7
    choices [1] 70:23
23
    choose [6] 5:12; 6:17; 12:3, 4; 123:17, 22
    chose [3] 57:20, 22; 101:2
24
    chunks [1] 115:5
    circle [1] 154:15
25
    Circuit [3] 21:25; 22:1; 37:17
    circumstance [1] 37:22
```

```
1
    circumstances [1] 28:18
    Circumstantial [1] 16:5
    circumstantial [4] 15:25; 16:1, 8, 11
    citation [1] 37:19
 3
    cited [1] 103:19
    citing [1] 22:5
 4
    citizens [2] 4:25; 111:2
    civic [2] 5:2, 10
 5
    Civil [2] 4:6; 91:10
    civil [2] 17:13; 18:5
 6
    claim [9] 22:14, 15; 23:17; 25:18; 27:16; 30:8; 38:12; 46:24; 98:21
    claims [6] 17:18, 21; 25:11; 26:24; 77:17, 22
    clarity [1] 70:9
    class [11] 47:14, 15; 92:15; 100:24; 101:15, 23, 24; 114:16; 138:5
 8
    classic [3] 21:20, 21; 24:3
    CLC's [1] 75:10
 9
    clear [8] 23:3, 8, 18; 24:4; 29:23; 34:11; 38:8; 68:9
    clearly [4] 22:23; 37:10; 38:11; 41:8
10
    click [3] 44:6; 72:21; 74:2
    client [3] 39:10; 41:4; 153:22
11
    closed [1] 24:10
    closet [1] 129:25
12
    closing [4] 18:25; 19:1, 2, 3
    clothes [2] 30:1; 76:2
13
    Clothesline [5] 50:3, 5, 9; 60:11; 75:23
    clothing [9] 67:4; 107:9; 129:17, 21, 22, 23; 130:4; 131:1, 5
14
    Club [2] 47:25; 107:21
    club [1] 104:23
15
    cluster [1] 72:15
    co-author [1] 92:7
16
    co-founders [1] 81:19
    coaches [1] 66:6
17
    Coaly [3] 94:4; 110:9; 130:2
    coasters [5] 70:11; 73:10; 83:18; 85:2, 18
18
    Code [1] 155:7
    coffin [4] 126:22, 24; 134:18; 135:4
19
    colleague [2] 22:11; 150:4
    colleagues [1] 58:14
20
    collect [1] 13:4
    collectables [5] 68:19, 21, 23; 69:1, 4
21
    collected [2] 91:9; 93:6
    collecting [4] 68:19; 90:13; 91:8; 134:14
22
    collection [6] 69:7, 13, 24; 82:2, 9; 86:6
    collector [1] 68:18
23
    collectors [2] 68:23, 24
    Colleen [4] 1:24; 155:4, 15, 16
24
    colleen [1] 1:25
            [20] 50:3, 6; 75:24; 89:6; 90:6; 91:24; 100:14, 15;
    College
                                                                         104:17;
25
    108:10, 13, 14, 21, 22; 110:20; 111:11; 112:25; 113:2; 116:18; 137:16
```

```
1
             [13] 46:11;
                          55:18; 65:11; 67:13; 72:10; 75:20; 86:16; 94:3;
    108:7, 20; 110:25; 112:10; 113:25
 2
    college's [1] 67:20
    colleges [12]
                   49:21; 51:24; 72:17; 113:19, 21, 22, 23, 24; 141:6, 12;
 3
    142:24
    Collegian [1] 100:24
 4
    Collegiate [7] 49:8; 67:18; 140:2; 141:9, 12, 16, 20
    collegiate [2] 67:23; 82:5
 5
    color [5] 68:5; 70:9; 71:11, 15; 72:6
    Colorado [1] 96:17
 6
    colors [4] 66:14; 110:7, 10
    combinations [4] 66:18; 68:5; 71:11, 16
 7
    combines [1] 73:25
    come [16] 8:2; 19:14; 21:11; 44:22; 48:14; 61:24; 63:12; 69:18; 75:16;
 8
    88:14; 100:25; 114:2; 126:16; 143:4; 153:14, 15
    comes [3] 45:17, 18; 128:21
 9
    coming [2] 55:2; 94:12
    Commemorative [1] 80:4
10
    commence [2] 154:7, 13
    commenced [2] 4:1; 7:7
11
    commencing [1] 1:11
    commend [1] 19:22
12
    comment [1] 10:5
    comments [1] 79:2
13
    commerce [1] 30:3
    commercial [2] 78:23; 121:13
14
    committed [1] 132:19
    committee [36] 100:23; 112:1; 117:20, 24; 118:1, 2, 3, 10; 119:9; 120:13;
15
    121:18, 19; 124:6; 126:10, 15; 127:6; 128:7, 17; 129:9; 132:3, 12, 15, 24;
    133:4, 12; 134:2; 135:3; 136:8; 139:18, 22, 23, 25; 144:15; 147:12
16
    committee's [1] 133:25
    committees's [1] 133:7
17
    common [5] 16:15; 54:2; 55:9, 20; 106:21
    commonly-playing [1] 72:24
18
    Commonwealth [8] 39:15; 47:2; 91:12; 108:13; 111:2; 116:16, 18; 148:3
    communicate [6] 9:12, 14, 16, 23; 39:12; 64:7
19
    communicated [2] 26:4, 5
    Communicating [1] 63:2
20
    community [5] 39:25; 41:14; 44:20; 51:12; 52:17
    companies [10] 42:23; 43:15, 18; 49:2; 54:9; 55:8; 114:10; 129:1, 11, 13
21
    Company [7] 22:7; 49:9; 67:19; 140:3; 141:9, 13, 16
            [12] 30:10; 44:4; 49:8; 51:21; 65:25; 66:3; 67:10, 16; 68:14;
    company
22
    70:15, 21; 139:5
    company's [1] 51:22
23
    comparison [1] 113:23
    compatible [1] 67:24
24
    compensation [1] 80:7
    competed [1] 43:2
25
    competition [2] 42:7; 58:8
    complains [1] 31:11
```

```
1
    Complaint [9] 23:25; 24:5; 36:22, 23, 24; 37:2; 38:5, 18
     complete [3] 31:21; 62:2; 69:24
 2
    completely [3] 6:20; 32:5; 61:3
    completion [1] 5:25
 3
    complied [1] 140:10
    complies [1] 139:12
 4
    composition [1] 64:10
    computer [2] 11:9; 117:10
 5
    computer-aided [1] 1:23
    computers [2] 9:10; 117:7
 6
    concept [2] 63:1; 142:12
    concern [2] 11:23; 120:7
 7
    concerned [1] 36:13
    concerning [2] 19:4; 106:3
 8
    concerns [3] 24:25; 35:18, 23
    concert [1] 56:10
 9
    conclude [2] 16:9; 21:23
    concluded [1] 154:18
10
    conclusion [10] 11:17; 13:4; 16:18, 19; 59:23; 60:4; 80:18, 19; 117:21
    conclusions [2] 78:25; 118:19
11
    conditions [1] 51:1
    conduct [5] 5:18; 9:4; 11:7; 37:10; 92:12
12
    conducted [3] 34:18; 78:1, 5
    conducting [2] 54:5; 92:14
13
    confer [1] 153:20
    Conference [1] 155:11
14
    conference [2] 15:7, 18
    conferences [1] 15:11
15
    confirm [2] 55:21; 61:14
    confirmed [3] 4:11; 54:8; 77:25
16
    conflating [1] 29:22
    conflict [1] 91:22
17
    conflux [2] 91:22; 120:5
    conformance [1] 155:11
18
    confuse [2] 42:5; 58:4
    confused [9] 25:19; 42:10; 53:16; 59:21; 71:22; 75:4; 76:18; 79:8, 24
19
    confuses [1] 48:17
    confusing [2] 31:1; 35:22
20
                                54:6, 10, 15, 17; 55:20; 59:13; 76:16;
    confusion [14] 53:14, 22;
    78:12; 139:13
21
    connect [1] 49:10
    connected [1] 116:14
22
    connection [4] 53:12; 85:14; 107:2; 121:13
    conservator [1] 96:9
23
    conserved [2] 96:9, 10
    Consider [2] 16:15; 60:6
24
    consider [7] 15:3, 17; 16:10, 24; 19:7; 53:15; 61:1
    considerably [1] 150:1
25
    consideration [2] 79:25; 127:10
    considered [7] 14:11, 24; 17:10; 113:22; 116:13; 126:25; 146:8
```

```
1
    considering [2] 12:17; 68:13
    consist [1] 81:19
 2
    consistent [2] 29:16; 136:18
    consistently [4] 29:24; 111:5, 20; 112:15
 3
    consists [5] 4:17; 69:25; 82:3, 7; 106:23
    conspiracy [1] 25:15
 4
    Constitution [2] 4:12, 24
    consult [1] 11:7
 5
    consumer [19] 41:19; 53:2; 54:19; 59:13; 60:21; 61:17, 19; 73:25; 74:2,
    21; 76:12; 78:5, 6, 16, 21; 79:22, 24; 131:4; 139:13
 6
    Consumers [1] 72:22
                    25:9, 12, 19; 27:23;
                                                           53:13, 16, 23;
              [56]
                                           28:3; 42:10;
    consumers
 7
    59:8, 9, 14, 17, 21, 24; 60:6, 22; 61:13, 17, 20; 62:5, 10, 16, 18; 63:2, 8,
    19, 20, 23; 64:8, 11, 12, 15, 19, 24; 70:23; 71:1, 8, 21; 72:13, 16, 21;
 8
    75:3, 18; 76:14; 78:7, 10, 24; 79:7, 10, 13, 16, 20; 80:10; 81:25
    cont'd [1] 2:1
 9
    contact [1] 135:23
    contacted [1] 95:22
10
    contain [3] 61:12; 86:18; 118:23
    contains [2] 86:14; 118:19
11
    contend [1] 38:15
    content [1] 106:25
12
    contest [2] 31:13, 17
    contested [2] 32:14; 36:3
13
    context [6] 23:5; 65:1; 71:23; 78:23; 138:2; 144:12
    continue [3] 105:19; 110:14; 153:5
14
    continued [3] 47:23; 110:5; 121:18
    continues [1] 67:9
15
    continuously [1] 48:15
    contract [5] 70:15; 75:9; 132:19; 141:23, 24
16
    contracted [4] 67:16; 83:3; 101:6, 10
    contracts [2] 141:19, 22
17
    contractual [1] 28:23
    contractually [1] 61:7
18
    contradicted [2] 17:7, 8
    contrary [3] 32:6, 8, 13
19
    contrast [1] 69:20
    contributed [1] 27:10
20
    contributes [1] 27:20
    contributory [7] 26:23; 27:1, 3, 5, 13, 14, 19
21
    Control [1] 26:2
    control [15] 14:13; 25:12, 20; 28:22, 23; 29:18, 19; 30:12, 17, 23; 78:23;
22
    79:6; 100:17; 150:22; 155:21
    controlled [1] 61:11
23
    controlling [2] 26:9, 18
    controls [1] 61:24
24
    convey [1] 125:15
    cooperate [1] 114:10
25
    copy [2] 52:12, 16
    copying [1] 40:13
```

```
1
    copyright [4] 64:6, 24; 79:9; 106:22
    Corn [1] 72:19
 2
    corner [2] 57:4; 100:15
    cornerstone [1] 4:24
 3
    corporate [1] 121:20
    corporations [1] 141:19
 4
    Corps [1] 41:17
    Correct [1] 141:6
 5
    correct [8] 124:6; 131:25; 132:16; 134:22; 140:4; 141:10; 146:9; 155:8
    correctly [2] 15:15; 139:7
 6
    corrupted [1] 28:12
    cost [1] 66:24
 7
    cottage [1] 94:10
    Coudersport [1] 8:5
 8
    cougar [2] 93:3; 110:13
    Could [2] 132:24; 136:22
 9
    could [19] 16:9; 45:10; 66:10, 12; 77:3; 101:1, 19;
                                                            102:10, 12; 103:5;
    107:9; 120:15; 122:10, 23; 123:9; 133:12, 18; 135:12; 150:7
10
    couldn't [1] 135:15
    Counsel [16] 7:11; 8:13; 18:17, 22; 21:1; 24:19; 27:1; 36:21; 77:19;
11
    80:23; 81:5; 87:24; 88:3, 5; 131:11; 154:5
    Counsel's [2] 29:22; 37:24
12
    count [1] 38:13
    counties [1] 4:17
13
    country [3] 47:16; 48:13; 66:6
    country's [2] 5:3
14
    County [2] 8:1, 4
    couple [1] 21:4
15
    course [18] 13:15; 21:8, 9; 23:10; 24:14, 24; 33:7; 36:10; 56:14, 17, 21;
    58:9; 59:3; 69:18; 76:2; 88:6; 94:18; 114:16
16
    COURT [94] 1:1; 4:2; 7:10; 8:13, 16; 20:23; 22:12; 23:20, 23;
           26:20; 28:5; 29:20; 31:2; 32:16; 33:2, 20; 35:2, 4, 12;
    25:24;
17
    38:2, 19, 22, 25; 39:5; 58:11, 16, 19; 80:22; 81:4, 9, 14; 87:4, 8, 24;
    88:1, 11, 14; 89:1; 97:6, 10, 14; 99:8; 105:18; 116:23; 117:18; 119:1, 16,
18
        131:11, 14; 136:20; 137:5, 8; 140:17, 20; 141:2; 142:7, 9, 23; 143:6,
    19;
    15, 17, 21; 144:8; 145:5; 147:7; 148:8, 10, 18; 149:10, 15, 19, 24; 150:2,
19
    6, 10, 13, 18, 25; 151:6, 9, 11, 19, 24; 152:3, 12, 19; 153:7; 154:3, 15
    Court [34] 1:25; 4:3, 6, 15, 16; 5:19; 6:2, 16; 7:21, 24; 8:1, 9; 10:8;
20
                         22:8; 29:23; 35:8; 36:1, 24;
          20:9; 21:25;
                                                          38:19; 81:1, 10, 11;
    105:19; 148:12; 149:5; 154:17; 155:5, 16
21
    court [8] 4:17; 13:24; 14:1; 15:23; 19:23; 20:3; 36:18; 37:20
    Court's [4] 25:23; 37:14, 16, 24
22
    courtesies [1] 88:5
    courthouse [2] 49:17; 90:23
23
    COURTROOM [1] 88:20
    Courtroom [4] 1:11; 4:7; 11:25; 15:10
24
    courtroom [9] 10:22; 11:14; 13:2; 15:21; 16:7; 20:21; 38:24; 81:3; 149:8
    cover [2] 92:10, 11
25
    covers [10] 33:6; 83:9, 16, 24; 84:5, 11, 15, 20; 85:2, 8
    crash [1] 59:3
```

```
1
    create [3] 52:12; 66:4; 114:18
    created [17] 46:7; 66:25; 67:5; 69:10; 93:7; 99:25; 104:9, 15, 18, 21;
    105:23, 24; 114:7, 8; 115:13, 14, 16
    credibility [2] 16:21, 22
    cricle [1] 48:10
    cried [1] 103:7
 4
    criminal [2] 18:5; 58:23
    critique [1] 78:20
 5
    CROSS [2] 3:2; 131:15
    Cross [1] 41:18
 6
    cross [4] 34:15; 150:13; 151:7; 152:15
    cross-examine [4] 18:20, 23; 131:12; 151:6
    cross-examining [1] 150:15
    cubic [1] 90:21
 8
    culture [1] 119:25
    cups [4] 83:11, 24; 84:22; 85:9
 9
    curators [1] 95:21
    current [1] 153:2
10
    currently [3] 89:7; 91:16; 145:20
    custodians [1] 153:9
11
    customer [5] 67:2; 76:20, 21; 83:5
    customers [5] 49:13, 15; 51:3, 4; 82:13
12
    customizable [1] 66:14
    cutting [2] 83:17; 85:19
13
                                         - D -
14
    D-105 [3] 138:20; 140:6; 142:5
15
    D-126 [1] 87:21
    D-137 [1] 87:21
16
    D-139 [1] 87:21
    D-141 [1] 87:21
17
    D-185 [1] 87:21
    D-28 [3] 143:10, 16, 17
18
    D.C. [1] 76:23
    daily [1] 41:6
19
    Dame [1] 72:19
    database [1] 66:4
20
    Date [1] 58:24
    date [6] 69:19; 74:8; 113:4; 115:10; 120:10; 126:3
21
    dated [4] 114:13; 119:7; 122:25; 141:9
    dates [1] 114:25
22
    dating [1] 48:22
    Daubert [1] 37:24
23
    daughter [1] 66:15
    Dave [2] 26:1; 40:25
24
    DAVID [1] 1:19
    David [6] 54:4; 78:14, 19; 122:17; 126:2
25
    days [4] 21:4; 110:6; 114:9
    deal [9] 6:24; 33:20; 51:6; 54:24; 70:7; 88:4; 133:13; 138:13
```

```
1
    dealt [1] 153:17
    decades [6] 38:9; 39:20; 69:1, 2; 114:9
    decals [6] 69:12; 82:4; 83:9, 24; 84:21; 85:9
    December [2] 83:14; 126:2
 3
    decide [9] 11:13; 12:8; 13:9, 11; 15:22; 16:19; 34:2; 42:2; 151:21
    decided [4] 67:12, 14; 101:5; 139:21
 4
    deciding [1] 16:24
    decision [12] 12:20; 13:17, 23; 14:1, 2, 8, 17; 19:14; 22:8; 24:24; 37:17;
 5
    130:18
    decisions [4] 13:14; 62:19; 135:12; 152:10
    Declaration [3] 5:4; 113:13; 122:16
    declaration [7] 122:20; 123:1, 2, 11; 124:22; 125:25; 127:2
 7
    decorative [6] 83:10, 16; 84:11, 20, 21; 85:8
    dedicated [3] 97:21; 99:14; 104:9
 8
    dedication [2] 101:23; 102:3
    dedications [1] 91:3
 9
    deed [1] 45:17
    deeds [1] 113:15
10
    deemed [1] 135:1
    deeply [1] 78:22
11
    Defendant [3] 17:24; 51:16, 20
    Defendant's [2] 115:8; 116:21
12
    Defendants
               [58]
                     2:15; 17:15; 18:2, 19, 21; 21:19; 23:24, 25;
    26:14, 16; 28:25; 30:17; 38:6, 8, 15; 40:10, 17, 23; 42:3, 11, 22; 43:1, 3,
13
    8, 11; 44:9; 46:18; 47:7; 48:7, 25; 51:7, 12; 52:4, 5, 7, 10; 53:17, 20;
    54:20; 55:12, 15, 23, 25; 56:17, 21, 22, 25; 57:6, 9, 19; 58:2, 5, 6;
14
    131:22; 153:21
    Defense [4] 27:1; 87:24; 131:11; 154:6
15
    defense [25] 21:17, 19, 20, 21, 24; 22:2, 4; 23:19; 24:2, 3, 17, 18, 20, 23;
    25:1; 26:3, 6, 8; 30:21; 35:18, 20; 37:10; 55:25; 78:19
16
    defer [1] 22:10
    deficiency [1] 24:8
17
    define [1] 13:22
    defined [2] 37:2; 47:18
18
    Definitely [1] 144:22
    definition [4] 30:2, 10; 37:2; 106:16
19
    degree [3] 65:11, 22; 109:10
    deliberate [3] 9:6; 10:2; 13:1
20
    deliberations [4] 11:22; 13:5; 19:7, 15
    Delong [1] 152:11
21
    demand [3] 67:2; 70:12; 120:7
    demonstrate [1] 95:16
22
    demonstrative [4] 96:1; 98:9; 99:1; 109:2
    denied [1] 124:20
23
    denying [1] 15:18
    depart [1] 8:9
24
    department [5] 78:3; 89:24; 95:16; 100:1; 104:24
    depend [1] 49:24
25
    depending [3] 121:17; 130:1; 152:9
    depends [3] 122:1; 130:5; 150:16
```

```
1
    depicted [1] 85:21
    deponent [1] 152:10
 2
    depose [1] 24:11
    deposit [2] 101:17
 3
    deposition [3] 76:24; 151:14; 152:4
    depositions [5] 149:14, 18, 22; 151:9, 16
 4
    depositiosns [1] 151:11
    DEPUTY [1] 88:20
 5
    Deputy [3] 4:7; 11:25; 15:11
    deputy [1] 10:22
 6
    derivative [1] 106:24
    derive [2] 29:10; 30:9
 7
    derived [1] 60:16
    derives [1] 70:24
 8
    derogatory [2] 145:25; 146:1
    describe [4] 68:21; 142:11; 146:5; 153:9
 9
    described [2] 77:8, 10
    describing [1] 144:21
10
    description [3] 74:6, 15; 96:25
    deserves [1] 16:17
11
    design [16] 32:4; 41:12; 70:23; 84:15, 20; 85:2, 8; 104:21; 105:9; 108:1;
    116:9; 134:19, 21, 24; 135:25; 146:16
12
    designate [1] 101:19
    designated [7] 31:20; 108:12; 109:16; 116:18; 146:13; 149:14, 18
13
    designation [1] 146:15
    designations [1] 151:15
14
    designed [6] 59:9; 79:10; 101:11; 102:24; 104:25
    designer [1] 104:17
15
    Designs [3] 38:7; 53:6; 82:17
    designs [18] 25:8; 60:16; 62:13; 68:5; 70:25; 71:8, 10; 72:22, 25; 86:8,
16
    14, 15; 114:7, 8; 128:18, 20; 134:18; 136:9
    desist [3] 128:11, 14
17
    destroy [1] 13:5
    destroyed [1] 28:12
18
    detailed [1] 12:11
    determine [3] 6:3; 75:19; 78:7
19
    determined [1] 120:12
    developed [1] 131:24
20
    development [1] 22:21
    devices [1] 9:10
21
    devise [1] 11:10
    Dfinkelson [1] 1:21
22
    Dick's [1] 49:18
    Dickinson [1] 90:18
23
    dictionaries [1] 11:8
    didn't [5] 37:20; 43:19; 47:4; 124:19; 145:5
24
    died [2] 94:7; 106:1
    difference [2] 55:19; 130:3
25
    different [18] 29:22; 32:22; 60:18, 23; 67:11; 69:11; 70:1; 72:13; 73:10,
    12, 13; 76:25; 77:1; 80:12; 94:18; 104:5, 10
```

```
1
    differently [3] 17:21; 55:5; 59:17
    difficult [1] 12:11
 2
    digital [5] 52:12; 56:15; 69:21; 73:9; 86:4
    diploma [3] 46:11, 12; 114:3
 3
    diplomas [2] 112:21; 113:14
    dire [8] 5:16, 19, 20, 24; 6:2, 8, 21; 34:18
 4
    DIRECT [2] 3:2; 89:3
    Direct [1] 16:2
 5
    direct [11] 15:24; 16:1, 11; 26:25; 27:8, 16; 28:4; 34:15; 136:19; 151:4;
    155:20
 6
    direct-to-consumer [3] 67:25; 71:2, 14
    directed [1] 7:23
 7
    directly [6] 16:3; 19:22; 27:21; 28:1; 136:18; 137:1
    director [1] 50:16
 8
    directory [1] 73:2
    disagree [1] 80:23
 9
    disallow [1] 143:7
    disappoint [1] 58:25
10
    disclaimer [1] 74:13
    disclaimers [6] 55:18; 60:22; 61:2; 73:17, 18, 20
11
    disclose [1] 152:17
    discovery [1] 24:10
12
    discuss [10] 9:7, 25; 15:13; 20:17, 18; 21:1, 11; 93:21; 98:24; 148:20
    discussed [4] 11:21; 24:5; 25:23; 31:9
13
    discussion [2] 15:9; 88:18
    display [9] 54:22; 85:23; 94:8; 95:11, 12, 20; 96:7, 8;
14
    displayed [1] 85:23
    dispute [5] 21:14; 24:16; 26:22; 28:10; 30:7
15
    disregard [1] 15:2
    disregarded [1] 15:22
16
    disrupted [2] 34:17
    dissertation [1] 90:9
17
    distance [1] 7:24
    distant [1] 69:4
18
    distinction [3] 16:12; 63:5; 80:17
    distinguish [2] 108:17; 110:25
19
    distinguishes [1] 96:15
    distinguishment [1] 108:23
20
    distorted [1] 78:23
    distract [1] 12:6
21
    distribute [1] 115:21
    distributed [1] 51:19
22
    distributor [1] 28:2
    DISTRICT [2] 1:1
23
    District [5] 4:9, 16; 155:5, 6
    divided [1] 4:18
24
    DIVISION [1] 1:2
    division [3] 4:19
25
    docketed [1] 4:6
    Doctrine [1] 23:14
```

```
1
    doctrine [1] 23:15
    document [16] 5:4; 106:3, 11; 118:9, 15, 17; 119:5, 10; 122:12, 13; 124:21,
    23; 143:4, 23; 144:5, 12
    documentary [1] 65:9
 3
    documentation [3] 124:17, 18; 144:16
    documentations [1] 91:9
 4
    documented [1] 65:9
    documenting [1] 90:12
 5
    documents [15] 5:6; 14:5; 90:13, 15; 91:12; 105:16; 111:7, 10; 112:21;
    113:14; 143:24, 25; 147:15, 17
 6
    Does [3] 27:4; 99:18; 139:13
          [23] 10:14; 12:16; 18:5; 24:8, 22; 27:21; 29:17; 30:23; 53:13;
    does
 7
    61:16; 64:2, 12; 73:22; 76:7; 79:22; 88:21; 110:14; 118:22; 126:14;
    130:17; 131:4; 135:8; 155:20
 8
    doesn't [10] 36:1; 39:7; 42:20; 53:21; 54:13; 55:20; 58:2; 69:22; 97:23;
    135:7
 9
    dogs [3] 94:9, 13; 110:9
    doing [15] 4:4; 62:1, 2, 25; 63:13, 16; 64:2; 69:2; 71:4; 80:16; 113:22,
10
    24; 128:19; 129:20; 130:1
    dollars [1] 65:19
11
    domain [3] 86:1; 106:24; 107:1
    donated [1] 95:15
12
    done [19] 33:25; 34:16; 37:3; 43:3; 80:4; 98:8, 15; 102:15, 16; 103:17;
    108:17; 112:9; 138:4, 16, 18; 139:10; 140:9; 148:1, 2
13
    door [2] 8:6; 91:3
    doorstep [1] 74:22
14
    dots [1] 99:4
    dotted [1] 115:17
15
    doubt [2] 18:4
               12:13; 36:17; 46:7; 47:10; 55:3; 72:12; 73:8; 77:21; 91:14;
          [24]
16
    95:21; 100:19, 20; 102:18; 103:18; 106:15; 113:9; 123:21; 126:15, 17;
    139:2, 21; 140:2, 7; 148:11
17
    downstairs [1] 34:8
    downtown [3] 100:14; 130:23, 25
18
    drafted [2] 5:4; 65:12
    draw [2] 37:14, 16
19
    drinking [5] 83:10, 17, 24; 84:22; 85:9
    drinkware [3] 82:1, 12; 85:17
20
    drive [1] 50:10
    driven [3] 7:24; 8:2, 6
21
    Dulabon [2] 153:23, 25
    Duly [2] 88:1; 119:16
22
    duplicated [1] 91:13
    During [5] 10:4; 15:7; 36:22; 134:17; 146:13
23
    during [24] 4:13; 6:15; 9:5; 11:22, 24; 13:15, 19; 15:5; 19:11; 21:9;
    40:15; 56:21; 66:17; 77:19; 83:2; 96:18; 102:2; 103:15; 105:4, 7; 113:18;
    116:13; 136:19; 137:20
    dusty [1] 68:25
25
    duties [2] 5:2; 13:8
    duty [4] 5:10; 13:9, 12; 148:23
```

```
1
    dynamic [1] 72:2
 2
                                        - E -
 3
    E-l-l-i-o-t-t [1] 22:6
    e-mail [3] 9:17, 24; 77:2
    E-s-p-o-s-i-t-o [1] 88:25
    each [23] 5:9, 11; 6:19, 20, 21; 8:22, 24; 10:2; 12:8; 13:2; 18:11, 13,
 5
    15; 19:10, 12; 33:18; 44:24; 68:3; 72:24; 81:22; 86:11; 109:15
    eager [2] 65:21, 22
    earlier [11] 8:21; 31:6, 9; 56:8; 99:15; 121:23; 130:3; 141:15; 142:2;
    145:11; 154:9
 7
    earliest [2] 45:10; 117:7
    Early [1] 23:2
 8
    early [3] 45:11; 114:8; 153:4
    easier [1] 106:7
 9
    easily [1] 150:7
    East [2] 1:16, 20
10
    eastern [1] 94:16
    easy [1] 20:3
11
    easy-to-load [1] 66:18
    eBay [2] 52:9; 68:24
12
    economical [1] 20:4
    edge [1] 113:6
13
    editor [2] 92:16; 100:24
    education [6] 39:24; 90:9; 91:20; 112:10; 130:6; 138:3
14
    educational [2] 64:20; 90:4
    effective [1] 66:24
15
    effectively [2] 63:3; 67:5
    efficient [1] 62:18
16
    efficiently [2] 41:8; 63:3
    effort [4] 40:20; 70:4; 120:12; 123:5
17
    eight [4] 5:13, 16; 56:24; 120:15
    eight-page [3] 93:7, 9, 10
18
    either [13] 10:11, 17; 16:13; 56:2, 18; 93:2; 99:22; 101:20; 111:10;
    123:18, 19; 131:19; 153:3
19
    electronic [2] 9:9; 11:10
    electronically [1] 9:14
20
    elephant [1] 101:9
    elevator [1] 10:15
21
    Elliott [1] 22:6
    elms [3] 123:20
22
         [21] 10:5; 13:25; 20:14; 34:24; 38:20; 40:12; 42:2, 4; 44:23;
    48:16; 54:1; 55:7; 56:6; 66:19; 67:15; 99:18; 102:5; 145:7; 148:21
23
    else's [2] 39:7, 9
    embarrass [1] 6:16
24
    embarrassed [1] 97:1
    embarrassing [1] 7:3
25
    embodied [1] 38:10
    emphasis [1] 22:20
```

```
1
    empirical [1] 77:25
    employed [1] 89:7
 2
    employee [1] 138:11
    employees [5] 49:24; 50:12; 81:23; 100:5; 124:1
 3
    Emporium [1] 8:3
    Enable [1] 139:4
 4
    enable [1] 6:2
    encompassed [2] 93:23, 24
 5
    encouraged [1] 132:20
    endeavor [1] 8:25
 6
    ended [1] 24:12
    endorsed [1] 60:25
 7
    enforce [1] 121:19
    engagements [1] 89:22
 8
    engineering [1] 109:10
    English [1] 5:21
 9
    enhanced [1] 70:10
    enhancing [3] 70:4, 6, 8
10
    enough [2] 53:23; 65:20
    ensure [3] 5:24; 50:22; 62:18
11
    ensures [1] 4:25
    entailed [1] 90:11
12
    entered [2] 38:24; 81:3
    entire [6] 5:24; 10:4; 22:17; 63:2; 71:23; 73:2
13
    entirely [5] 12:3; 25:1; 29:16; 31:8; 37:3
    entirety [3] 62:6; 80:5, 7
14
    entities [1] 49:9
    entitled [2] 30:8; 82:16
15
    entrepreneur [1] 65:3
    environmentalists [1] 92:18
16
    equipment [1] 113:8
    Erdem [2] 78:3, 15
17
    Erdmen [2] 78:3, 10
    ERIK [1] 1:6
18
    Erik [3] 81:20, 21; 152:6
    Escort [1] 20:20
19
    escort [4] 36:14; 38:23; 80:25; 149:7
    especially [3] 44:16; 128:20; 129:3
20
    ESPN [1] 65:9
    Esposito [44] 3:3; 44:25; 45:6; 88:12, 14, 19, 23, 24; 89:2; 92:4; 97:11,
21
    17, 25; 99:2; 104:12; 105:14; 106:5, 10; 109:6; 111:13; 112:19; 116:25;
    118:21; 119:4, 21; 122:10, 12; 125:18; 129:16; 131:10; 138:19, 24; 140:7,
22
    14; 143:3, 11, 19, 23; 144:5; 145:11; 147:11; 148:6, 10
    Esposito's [1] 144:25
23
    ESQUIRE [6] 1:15, 19; 2:2, 9, 12
    essence [1] 59:8
24
    essentially [2] 28:16; 77:2
    establish [2] 28:19; 30:11
25
    established [4] 70:19; 91:5; 112:2; 118:3
    establishing [2] 119:8; 150:8
```

```
1
    estimate [1] 133:16
    etched [1] 46:4
 2
    Evan [1] 91:2
    even [17] 9:7; 21:16; 37:21; 48:15; 57:6; 67:9; 71:1; 73:19; 77:18;
 3
    79:7, 21; 80:15; 100:18; 109:23; 138:12; 139:20
    evening [2] 24:21; 151:21
 4
    event [3] 69:21; 77:4; 114:17
    events [2] 16:16; 82:5
 5
         [14] 46:2, 3; 47:6; 48:25; 77:14; 95:9; 98:21; 111:17; 113:19;
    117:22; 128:8; 129:16, 22; 131:1
 6
    Every [2] 48:4; 99:21
    every [20] 26:12; 41:24; 44:15; 46:10; 47:12; 54:11; 55:6; 72:7; 76:10,
 7
    11; 79:3; 93:1, 25; 113:25; 124:9, 10; 129:21; 135:11; 147:14; 148:1
    everybody [1] 40:12
 8
    everyday [1] 16:15
    everyone [7] 45:9; 55:7; 56:6; 67:14; 92:15; 148:17; 154:12
 9
    everything [10] 12:14; 16:23; 21:3; 54:1; 71:16; 90:8, 15; 91:2, 9; 111:7
    everywhere [1] 49:15
10
    Evidence [4] 26:9, 12; 35:23; 36:11
    evidence [103] 6:13; 10:24; 11:13, 18, 20; 12:15, 17, 18, 19; 13:9, 20, 22,
11
        14:2, 10, 12, 13, 14, 18, 24; 15:1, 3, 14, 21, 23, 25; 16:1, 2, 5, 9, 10,
    14, 18; 17:9, 10, 19, 22, 23; 18:8, 12, 14, 16, 18, 22, 24; 19:1, 3, 13; 21:9;
12
    24:25; 25:2, 4, 15; 26:15, 19; 29:18; 30:18; 31:22; 32:6, 8, 10, 13, 20;
    35:18, 19; 36:9; 39:19; 40:9; 41:8; 42:15, 25; 44:14; 54:20; 55:4, 8, 19,
13
         56:22; 57:9; 59:23; 60:3; 61:6; 62:9; 71:21; 76:15; 77:24; 80:18,
    20; 87:6, 23; 105:17; 119:14; 142:21; 143:5; 150:9, 21
14
    evidences [1] 118:24
    evoke [4] 25:13, 21; 74:20; 79:6
15
    evolved [1] 98:25
    exactly [3] 43:17; 56:25; 93:4
16
    EXAMINATION [3] 89:3; 131:15; 147:9
    examination [4] 5:19; 34:15; 148:8; 150:13
17
    examinations [1] 152:15
    examine [1] 150:14
18
            [13] 10:25; 11:6; 16:3, 6; 55:14; 62:20; 66:11; 75:20; 86:12;
    example
    95:19; 109:17; 115:6; 133:4
19
    examples [14] 41:15; 53:7; 69:6, 12, 16; 75:15, 22; 98:5; 123:7, 8, 10;
    125:12; 126:8; 135:22
20
    excellence [1] 39:25
    excerpt [1] 75:8
21
    exchange [1] 61:23
    exchanged [1] 151:14
22
    excited [1] 36:18
    excluded [4] 15:1, 4; 26:19; 35:24
23
    exclusive [2] 42:1; 45:23
    excuse [3] 10:8; 17:7; 19:2
24
    excused [6] 6:4; 7:19, 25; 8:8, 12; 149:9
    excuses [1] 56:21
25
    executor [1] 106:1
    exercise [1] 6:9
```

```
1
    exercised [1] 7:11
                  106:4; 107:4, 10; 115:8; 116:21; 118:10; 119:4; 122:7;
    Exhibit
            [15]
    124:22; 125:21; 138:20; 140:6; 142:5; 143:10, 15
    exhibit [11] 14:15, 21, 23; 95:20, 21; 109:1; 116:19; 140:1, 11; 145:3, 8
    exhibits [5] 14:5; 87:6; 88:3, 7; 153:16
    exist [3] 62:15; 69:22; 99:18
 4
    existed [1] 57:17
    exists [2] 57:12; 114:17
 5
    expand [1] 72:16
    expanded [1] 68:21
 6
    expanding [1] 67:12
    expect [3] 21:8; 22:5; 153:1
 7
    expectation [1] 153:2
    expectations [1] 124:19
 8
    expected [3] 10:9; 124:18; 144:17
    expects [1] 18:13
 9
    expeditiously [1] 34:19
    experience [10] 16:16, 17; 60:5, 21; 71:23; 72:4; 74:1; 128:16; 130:16;
10
    131:7
    experiments [1] 11:7
11
    expert [5] 78:5, 13, 15, 19, 21
    experts [2] 54:15; 78:18
12
            [18] 13:16; 19:8; 65:13, 17; 66:22; 68:20; 70:18, 21;
    77:13; 78:10, 21; 106:10; 118:2; 119:21; 132:24; 135:10; 138:1
13
    explained [1] 18:9
    explaining [2] 74:8; 145:6
14
    explicitly [1] 25:14
    explore [3] 20:3; 97:15; 141:2
15
    explored [1] 142:13
    Exponentially [1] 129:3
16
    exponentially [1] 129:6
    express [1] 63:23
17
    expressed [1] 25:18
    expressly [1] 29:4
18
    extensive [1] 29:18
    extinct [2] 95:17, 19
19
    extraordinarily [2] 130:15; 147:19
    exuse [1] 56:1
20
                                         - F -
21
    F-r-a-n-t-z [1] 22:6
22
    fabric [3] 83:17; 84:11; 85:3
    face [3] 55:4; 146:6, 18
23
    Facebook [1] 9:21
    faces [1] 131:20
24
    facility [6] 66:25; 70:14, 16, 19; 82:25; 83:2
    fact [27] 14:18; 16:3, 6; 26:7; 31:13, 17; 32:2, 7, 8, 11, 14; 36:3;
25
    42:17; 50:1; 53:19; 61:1, 3; 65:5; 68:22; 73:23; 76:10, 16, 21;
    78:17; 101:24; 114:1
```

```
1
    factors [2] 16:25; 17:11
    facts [14] 13:9, 10, 11, 12; 14:6, 7; 27:8; 31:7, 8; 36:10; 58:24; 81:17;
    143:2
    factual [2] 32:22; 81:8
    faculty [6] 40:21; 90:16; 91:8; 95:23; 100:23; 102:9
    fails [1] 18:1
 4
    Failure [1] 22:1
    Fair [4] 23:14, 19; 24:1, 3
 5
    fair [22] 4:25; 6:17; 21:15, 19, 20, 21, 24; 22:25; 24:3; 36:20; 37:11,
    21; 40:4; 42:8, 10; 93:22; 94:25; 121:5; 136:10; 144:25
    fairly [6] 20:4; 25:6, 17; 34:18; 57:21; 127:18
    Fairs [1] 95:18
 7
    fake [1] 54:24
    fakes [1] 54:25
 8
    fall [1] 123:21
    false [1] 53:12
 9
    falsely [1] 73:22
    familiar [8] 69:14; 79:3; 100:9; 112:19; 143:20; 144:6; 146:4, 17
10
    familiarity [2] 6:5, 24
    families [3] 41:6; 46:15; 138:5
11
    Family [5] 50:3, 4, 9; 60:11; 75:22
    family [7] 9:15; 10:7; 47:21; 50:3, 11; 95:14; 129:22
12
    family's [1] 47:23
    family-owned [1] 39:16
13
    famous [1] 113:12
    fandom [1] 63:24
14
    fans [12] 55:24, 25; 56:3; 66:7, 9; 80:7; 128:1; 136:13, 16; 137:1, 11, 13
    Farmer's [1] 108:9
15
    fashion [1] 120:5
    fast-forward [1] 65:24
16
    favor [1] 80:21
    favorable [2] 17:22, 23
17
    favored [1] 71:8
    favorite [2] 63:25; 72:24
18
    features [2] 86:10; 106:23
    featuring [6] 31:12; 56:16; 60:15; 67:20; 82:18; 85:19
19
    February [2] 84:8; 128:22
    Federal [5] 1:11; 8:1; 10:8; 36:10; 155:4
20
    federal [5] 4:9, 17; 37:18; 38:13; 148:24
    feed [1] 103:18
21
    feel [1] 32:1
    feelings [1] 6:6
22
    feet [1] 90:21
    fellow [7] 5:14; 10:4, 20; 11:22; 12:22, 25; 20:18
23
    felt [4] 55:2; 104:23; 135:5; 139:23
    Fetter's [3] 58:15; 96:18; 116:20
    FETTERS [11] 2:2; 22:10; 25:6; 33:19; 35:1; 58:18, 20; 87:25; 88:16;
    150:15; 154:13
25
    Fetters [7] 21:23; 25:5; 33:16; 58:13, 17; 115:6; 154:11
    Field [3] 115:16; 116:6, 8
```

```
1
    field [1] 54:15
    Fifth [4] 2:3, 6, 10, 13
    fight [2] 47:15; 94:25
    Fighting [1] 72:19
    fighting [1] 102:1
    figured [1] 58:20
    file [2] 43:19, 20
    filed [2] 17:16; 31:6
 5
    filings [1] 24:21
    final [5] 11:20; 19:4; 56:19; 70:9; 152:23
    Finally [2] 11:24; 12:24
    finally [3] 15:20; 19:6; 31:4
    Finance [1] 122:19
    finance [1] 132:5
 8
    financing [1] 121:11
    Find [1] 20:18
    find [13] 35:18; 45:10; 57:12; 59:23; 63:20; 66:8, 13, 19; 67:23; 73:4;
    78:15; 100:21
10
    findings [1] 28:22
    Fine [1] 87:8
11
    fine [5] 55:13, 15, 19; 81:9; 109:4
    finished [3] 7:5; 140:13, 18
12
    FINKELSON [22] 1:19; 26:1; 32:18; 33:15; 35:3; 39:4, 6; 58:12, 14;
    148:15; 149:20, 25; 150:4; 151:3, 10, 13, 20, 25; 152:5, 14, 21; 153:15
13
    Finkelson [11] 25:25; 26:2; 33:13, 23; 39:2; 40:25; 58:11; 98:25; 104:11;
    148:14; 149:10
14
    Finkelson's [1] 38:3
    firm [1] 77:7
15
    First [7] 9:5; 12:6; 18:11; 21:14; 35:16; 42:16; 56:25
    first [44] 13:8; 18:18; 20:8; 32:20; 34:16; 41:9; 45:4, 14, 22; 47:14;
16
    48:14; 53:8; 60:5; 65:1, 5, 24, 25; 66:2, 3; 69:24; 72:15; 74:10; 80:1;
    81:6; 82:19; 88:9; 91:7; 94:4; 95:11; 100:13; 102:13; 103:20; 106:15;
17
    112:23, 24; 121:4; 125:19; 138:6; 140:8, 13, 18, 19; 146:24; 148:19
    five [2] 17:6; 134:9
18
    fixed [2] 9:11; 135:24
    flags [3] 83:17; 84:11; 85:3
19
    flavor [1] 150:3
    flawed [1] 78:22
20
    flip [1] 120:15
    floor [6] 7:21; 20:9, 14; 95:11; 96:8; 149:3
21
    Florida [1] 72:19
    focus [1] 136:8
22
    focused [3] 37:12; 44:14; 67:8
    folks [6] 58:20; 59:8; 60:23; 62:22; 63:25; 65:17
23
    follow [2] 13:17; 14:25
    Following [1] 18:20
24
    following [10] 7:12; 12:4; 14:3; 16:25; 32:21, 25; 81:17; 85:22; 149:23
    font [1] 45:15
25
    food [3] 19:22; 20:3; 65:20
    football [9] 46:3; 72:10; 80:8; 103:16; 116:1; 120:3, 4; 129:3, 4
```

```
1
    force [1] 36:5
    forces [1] 5:3
 2
    Foregoing [1] 155:20
    foregoing [1] 155:8
 3
    foregone [1] 117:21
    foremost [1] 41:10
 4
    forgoing [1] 107:1
    form [2] 6:22; 73:25
 5
    formal [3] 46:9; 66:1; 78:16
    format [1] 155:10
 6
    formats [2] 60:23; 62:6
    formed [2] 81:18; 82:22
 7
    former [1] 65:3
    forth [2] 107:4; 124:17
 8
    forthrightness [1] 5:23
    forward [2] 47:24; 88:14
 9
    found [3] 22:7; 57:16; 96:10
    Foundation [4] 97:7; 105:11; 136:17; 142:6
10
    foundation [2] 140:12; 144:8
    founded [4] 65:25; 83:7; 108:8, 9
11
    founders [1] 70:3
    founding [2] 5:6; 113:4
12
    Four [1] 47:15
    four [13] 14:6; 17:4; 21:10; 41:11; 95:2, 3; 101:18; 108:8; 109:14;
13
    134:9; 152:6, 8
    four-dimensionally [1] 104:4
14
    fourth [2] 28:7; 108:24
    frame [2] 34:22; 77:16
15
    France [1] 102:1
    Francisco [1] 153:10
16
    Frank [1] 153:11
    Franklin [3] 115:16; 116:6, 7
17
    frankly [2] 26:5; 36:1
    Franklyn [9] 54:4, 6, 12; 78:14, 16; 152:18, 23, 24
18
    Franklyn's [2] 78:20, 22
    Frantz [1] 22:6
19
    free [3] 6:1; 16:19; 77:3
    French [1] 5:20
20
    freshman [1] 101:16
    Friday [5] 8:20; 24:21; 153:4; 154:7, 14
21
    friends [2] 9:15; 10:7
    front [5] 43:6; 44:12; 47:18; 53:5; 55:14
22
    fronts [1] 61:8
    fuel [1] 100:18
23
    fulfillment [1] 5:10
    fulfills [1] 125:16
24
    full [9] 38:17; 57:10, 18; 66:1; 88:21, 23; 89:7; 99:20; 140:8
    full-well [1] 19:23
25
    fumes [1] 100:19
    functionality [3] 25:7; 26:13; 35:20
```

```
1
    functioning [1] 25:9
    fundamental [2] 5:10; 62:12
    fundamentally [1] 63:22
    funds [1] 108:14
 3
    further [4] 89:19; 131:10; 147:6; 148:7
    furthermore [1] 31:14
 4
                                        - G -
 5
    Galaxy [1] 9:9
    gallery [1] 50:8
    game [11] 46:3; 56:9; 69:8; 72:25; 75:21; 82:3; 95:2; 115:15; 116:6;
 7
    117:5
    games [5] 64:1; 69:20; 103:16; 133:5
 8
    garages [1] 68:25
    Garnett [1] 153:12
    Gateway [2] 1:16, 20
    gather [1] 101:2
10
    Gators [1] 72:19
    gave [2] 51:5; 105:25
11
    gear [2] 38:8; 76:12
    gears [2] 112:17; 114:6
12
    gender [1] 93:3
    General [1] 91:9
13
    general [3] 64:11; 91:10; 137:12
    generally [7] 22:3; 31:13; 63:5; 128:14, 17; 136:16; 148:24
14
    generation [1] 138:6
    genre [1] 67:15
15
    gentlemen [5] 4:7; 40:23; 80:25; 88:2; 148:19
    genuine [2] 50:24; 54:19
16
    genuinely [1] 61:17
    gets [2] 112:10, 11
17
    getting [3] 56:13; 130:9; 133:12
    gift [5] 47:14; 51:6; 101:15; 123:23; 137:17
18
    gifts [1] 138:15
    Give [1] 40:24
19
    give [17] 6:16; 8:17; 9:1; 12:21; 13:13; 16:13, 16; 19:4; 21:12; 33:4;
    40:6; 53:13; 62:19; 90:19; 106:8; 138:14; 150:2
20
    qiven [13] 6:11; 8:24; 11:20; 18:15; 35:16; 56:12; 94:20; 95:13; 99:25;
    100:5, 6, 7; 127:14
21
    glasses [5] 83:10, 17, 24; 84:22; 85:9
    glassware [1] 60:15
22
    GMBH [1] 37:18
    go-back [1] 110:6
23
    goal [1] 6:12
          [10] 29:5; 31:20; 51:11, 12; 74:15; 113:11; 114:14; 142:8, 11;
    goes
24
    150:20
    going [64] 8:17; 19:18; 20:7, 15; 21:2; 23:20; 24:19; 25:4, 24; 28:20;
25
    29:18; 30:13, 18, 24; 32:6, 17; 33:13, 16; 34:14; 36:4; 41:7, 21; 43:7;
    45:4; 46:21; 47:24; 50:17; 53:15; 54:3; 58:14; 59:7; 62:4; 68:23, 24;
```

```
1
    71:8; 73:15; 87:6; 88:4; 90:14; 119:21; 120:4; 124:14; 129:4; 130:10, 11;
    133:9; 138:20; 139:4; 142:9, 13; 145:6; 149:2, 11; 150:14, 22, 23; 151:2,
    6, 20; 152:15; 153:13; 154:7
    gold [2] 45:21; 48:5
 3
    gone [1] 69:21
    Good [3] 26:20; 28:5; 131:17
 4
    good
          [13] 4:13; 35:7;
                               39:9, 10; 44:9; 87:4;
                                                        104:24;
                                                                 126:17;
                                                                         129:6;
    131:20; 148:14; 153:7; 154:4
 5
    Goods [1] 49:18
    goods [13] 24:6; 27:21; 31:19; 38:8, 14; 49:25; 51:18, 19; 57:15; 82:1;
    83:4; 121:13; 139:15
    goodwill [2] 38:9; 107:1
    gotten [6] 109:13; 122:4; 129:22; 130:9, 20; 135:2
    Government [2] 48:6; 57:13
 8
    Governor [1] 91:11
    graduate [2] 46:11; 95:24
 9
    graduated [2] 65:11; 109:9
    graduates [1] 46:13
10
    graduating [1] 65:12
    graduation [1] 103:16
11
    grant [1] 15:17
    granted [3] 47:5, 21; 129:11
12
    granting [1] 15:18
    grants [1] 49:7
13
    graphic [1] 104:16
    great [3] 36:2; 88:4; 138:13
14
    greatly [1] 68:21
    Greek [1] 113:11
15
    grew [1] 129:6
    GRIEND [1] 2:12
16
    groceries [1] 39:8
    grocery [2] 19:20, 21
17
    grossly [1] 28:17
    grounds [1] 31:15
18
    Group [1] 67:17
    group [5] 6:23; 47:25; 87:6; 107:20; 134:1
19
    groups [2] 47:24; 107:17
    grow [1] 129:2
20
    guarantee [1] 118:18
    guard [1] 94:10
21
    guess [3] 61:17; 76:13; 153:11
    guesses [1] 47:8
22
    guessing [2] 58:21; 59:4
    guidance [1] 8:18
23
    quidelines [1] 135:11
    Gummo [11] 50:8, 10, 12; 149:19, 21, 23; 151:25; 152:12, 14, 16, 19
24
                                         - H -
25
    half [4] 33:18; 90:23, 25; 122:10
```

```
1
    hall [2] 10:15; 101:4
    hammer [1] 103:2
 2
    hand [2] 7:3; 54:20
    handed [1] 100:7
 3
    handle [1] 132:6
    hands [1] 99:10
 4
    hangings [1] 83:12
    happened [4] 13:11; 34:8, 11; 97:20
 5
    happening [1] 133:14
    happens [1] 34:8
 6
    hard [1] 46:12
    HARMS [47] 2:5; 27:7; 32:2; 92:2; 96:3; 97:5, 7; 98:11; 105:11, 17;
 7
    109:4; 118:11, 16; 119:15; 122:8; 125:22; 131:13, 16; 136:18, 23, 24;
    137:6, 19; 140:13, 21, 24; 141:4; 142:4, 8, 11, 18, 24; 143:8, 9, 12, 16, 18,
 8
    22; 144:3, 10, 11, 23; 145:2, 10; 147:6; 148:9; 151:7
    Harms [5] 131:21; 140:20; 142:10; 143:2; 144:9
 9
    Harrisburg [3] 4:19; 91:14; 103:18
    Hartvigs [1] 152:6
10
    HARTVIGSON [2] 1:6
               [22] 4:5; 17:17; 42:22; 43:15, 17, 18; 44:1, 4;
    Hartvigson
                                                                     51:17, 21;
11
    55:8; 57:15; 63:17; 65:2; 81:17, 20, 21, 22; 82:22; 87:2; 152:6
    Hartvigston [1] 54:9
12
    hasn't [2] 27:7; 144:5
    hats [10] 60:15; 63:11; 82:11; 83:12; 84:5, 15, 23; 85:10, 17; 105:8
13
    haven't [5] 39:8; 47:7; 59:5; 131:17; 145:17
    Having [1] 54:17
14
    having [5] 48:23; 63:21; 100:15; 129:6; 146:22
    he'll [4] 54:7; 68:21; 77:13; 78:21
15
    He's [4] 65:3; 109:12; 151:2, 3
    he's [5] 65:4; 78:17; 103:9; 137:16, 17
16
    head [2] 32:3; 77:8
    header [2] 86:14, 18
17
    heading [1] 139:3
    headwear [1] 83:18
18
    hear [43] 13:24; 15:8, 9, 10, 20; 17:2; 39:1; 40:15; 42:17; 43:16; 44:1,
    25; 53:1, 20; 54:3; 55:21; 56:20; 59:12; 61:6, 20; 63:17; 65:2, 13, 17;
19
    66:22; 68:20; 70:18, 21; 74:7; 76:3, 20, 23; 77:10, 12; 78:2, 10, 14, 18;
    103:8; 149:12; 151:20, 22, 23
20
                              18:3, 7; 19:3, 12; 21:5; 45:10;
    heard [13] 11:19; 14:1;
                                                                  77:19; 79:4;
    145:24, 25; 148:19
21
    hearing [2] 151:19; 152:3
    Hearings [1] 37:25
22
    Hearsay [2] 140:12; 142:15
    hearsay [3] 118:12, 15; 142:20
23
    heartbeat [1] 43:4
    heavily [1] 103:13
24
    heck [1] 54:18
    Heinz [4] 101:7, 11; 102:4, 7
25
    Held [1] 1:11
    held [8] 5:8; 7:8; 24:17; 35:10; 81:2; 88:18; 101:18; 155:9
```

```
help [7] 18:13; 43:5; 49:8, 9; 72:13; 94:5; 102:12
    helped [2] 46:15; 50:21
 2
    helps [1] 50:23
    Henry [1] 102:15
 3
    Here [3] 27:23; 69:12, 16
    here [58] 4:20, 21; 7:4, 25; 8:2, 3, 8; 15:6, 9, 23; 19:21; 20:11; 22:14;
    28:9, 10, 12; 29:13; 30:18; 34:12; 40:22; 42:3; 43:11, 12; 49:17, 20, 23;
    50:10, 17; 59:20; 65:2, 6; 67:1; 69:6; 71:25; 72:3, 16; 73:6, 8, 17; 75:8,
 5
    14; 79:2, 4; 86:9, 12; 90:23; 92:10; 93:13, 14; 98:13; 102:18; 107:6;
    109:21; 121:20; 125:14; 141:5; 154:10
 6
    here's [1] 41:13
    hereby [1] 155:6
 7
    heritage [1] 127:24
    Hershey [1] 90:18
 8
    High [2] 66:13; 108:9
    high [1] 46:12
 9
    higher [4] 49:13; 90:9; 91:19; 112:10
    highest [3] 5:2; 50:1; 65:16
10
    highly [2] 26:11, 15
    himself [1] 102:7
11
    hired [2] 102:19; 138:10
    historians [1] 92:18
12
    historic [14] 60:17; 62:13; 63:18; 64:10; 65:7; 68:15; 69:16; 72:17, 25;
    73:3; 74:9, 10; 123:20
13
    historical [6] 45:3; 63:15; 89:25; 118:23; 132:13; 139:25
    historically [3] 109:18; 114:7, 19
14
    History [1] 90:8
    history [23] 48:22, 23; 51:14, 15, 16; 74:16; 89:24; 90:5, 9, 14; 91:1, 8,
15
    13, 16, 23; 92:9, 14; 93:12; 97:12; 116:11; 121:8; 127:24; 147:16
    Hold [1] 97:10
16
    holder [2] 63:5, 6
    Holding [1] 37:20
17
    holograms [1] 61:13
    holographic [1] 75:15
18
    home [7] 39:7; 41:24; 56:14; 72:9; 86:1; 103:15; 148:21
    homecoming [2] 98:16, 18
19
    homeowner [1] 41:24
    honesty [1] 5:22
20
    Honor [52] 22:10, 13, 21; 23:22; 24:2; 25:6; 26:1, 3; 27:7, 19; 28:15, 25;
    30:16; 32:2, 19; 33:15; 35:1, 3; 36:15; 38:1, 21; 39:4; 58:12, 18; 81:7;
    87:22, 25; 88:16; 105:12, 17; 118:11, 13, 21; 131:13; 142:4; 143:18; 144:3,
    10, 23, 24; 145:2; 147:6; 148:9, 15; 149:20; 151:3, 7, 13; 152:2, 21;
22
    153:2, 17
    honor [2] 41:1; 47:23
23
    Honor's [1] 26:7
    HONORABLE [1] 1:11
24
    hooded [2] 83:17; 85:3
    hoped [1] 103:4
25
    hopefully [1] 106:5
    hopes [3] 63:19, 20, 22
```

```
1
    hoping [1] 58:22
    horns [1] 126:12
 2
    horse [1] 95:15
    hour [13] 8:24; 19:16, 18; 20:5, 20; 33:4, 5, 9, 18; 34:4; 150:17; 151:4,
 3
    17
    hour-and-a-half [1] 34:4
 4
    hours [4] 8:2; 68:22; 150:8; 151:16
    house [2] 45:17; 95:5
 5
    houses [2] 68:24; 113:15
    Howell [7] 149:13, 17, 21, 25; 151:2, 4, 22
 6
    However [2] 13:18; 14:16
    however [1] 9:2
 7
    huge [2] 70:22
    hugely [1] 103:15
 8
    Hundreds [1] 129:25
    hundreds [5] 49:2; 60:18; 68:22; 70:1; 127:25
 9
    husband [1] 50:10
    Huskers [1] 72:20
10
    hyperlink [1] 72:16
    hyperlinked [1] 72:10
11
                                         -1-
12
         [21] 13:22; 21:12; 24:13; 26:20; 28:5; 31:2, 16;
    I'11
                                                                33:2, 4;
13
    38:4; 97:14; 99:10; 106:8; 117:16; 137:3; 140:11; 141:2; 146:16; 149:1;
    150:4
14
    I've [18] 8:6; 15:23; 21:3, 7; 36:12; 48:4; 51:14; 91:19; 99:2; 111:7;
    130:7; 137:15; 140:19; 143:24; 144:18; 145:25; 146:23; 148:5
15
    i.e. [1] 81:19
    iceberg [1] 53:9
16
    idea [4] 68:13; 90:19; 100:12; 114:12
    ideally [1] 149:1
17
    identical [2] 53:21; 77:2
    identified [1] 145:4
18
    identify [2] 30:3; 132:13
    identifying [1] 121:12
19
    identity [7] 39:10, 11, 18, 21; 50:16; 58:3; 144:14
    ignore [2] 14:20; 57:20
20
    Illustrated [3] 80:4, 6; 92:6
    image [11] 37:13; 52:13; 64:18; 71:15; 74:10, 15; 86:11; 103:24; 104:13;
21
    135:20; 148:5
    imagery [3] 25:21; 86:3, 18
22
    images [29] 22:18; 25:12; 37:3; 64:22; 70:7; 74:9, 18, 19; 79:6;
    81:13;
           82:5, 8, 10, 18, 20; 85:19, 20, 22, 23; 127:19, 25; 131:9; 132:13;
23
    136:7; 139:25; 146:23
    imagine [3] 55:1; 137:12; 150:17
24
    immediate [1] 36:12
    immediately [4] 10:21; 62:23; 110:20, 24
25
    impact [1] 35:15
    impaneled [1] 8:15
```

```
1
    impartial [1] 6:18
    implications [1] 91:20
 2
    implies [1] 5:22
    importance [1] 113:16
 3
    important [17] 6:18;
                            9:25; 10:18; 15:12; 29:13;
                                                          44:11; 50:11;
                                                                            57:1;
    63:1; 74:17; 91:23; 113:14; 138:9, 10, 11; 147:22, 23
 4
    importantly [4] 30:20; 39:8; 41:3; 46:10
    imposing [1] 68:3
 5
    impossible [2] 39:18; 67:3
    impression [1] 53:12
 6
    impressive [2] 69:11, 17
    imprint [1] 135:19
 7
    improper [1] 11:15
    improperly [1] 31:11
 8
    impropriety [1] 6:1
    inappropriate [3] 127:1; 135:1, 5
 9
    inclined [1] 143:6
    include [3] 85:22; 90:15; 141:13
10
    included [6] 67:20; 75:13; 82:16; 98:6; 107:17; 121:14
    includes [3] 9:15; 14:2; 31:24
11
    including [6] 9:20; 10:20; 16:25; 86:1; 102:17; 106:20
    inclusion [1] 31:15
12
    incontestable [1] 42:20
    Incorporated [3] 4:4; 17:17; 22:6
13
    incorrectly [1] 53:24
    Indeed [1] 148:18
14
    Independence [1] 113:13
    independent [1] 11:3
15
    INDEX [1] 3:1
    indicate [1] 25:9
16
    indicated [1] 4:8
    indicating [7] 13:20; 60:16; 73:17; 74:4, 6; 86:9, 12
17
    indicators [1] 75:3
    indirect [2] 16:2, 9
18
    indirectly [1] 16:6
    individual [4] 6:9; 73:4; 74:3; 153:10
19
    individualized [1] 119:24
    individuals [4] 7:25; 11:5; 56:5; 82:24
20
    industry [4] 67:6; 68:4; 71:4
    infant [1] 71:17
21
    inflammatory [1] 26:15
    influence [5] 5:6; 6:1, 14; 14:1; 130:18
22
    influenced [1] 14:18
    information [7] 6:17; 11:9, 11, 16; 15:12; 69:19; 103:11
23
    informative [1] 59:1
    infringed [1] 43:1
24
    infringement [22] 22:16; 23:3, 24; 26:23, 25; 27:1, 8, 10, 13, 14, 16, 20;
    36:25; 37:5, 7; 38:12, 13; 42:6; 56:1, 2; 58:8
25
    infringing [9] 22:19; 23:9; 27:24, 25; 37:1, 3, 11; 54:21
    Ingersoll [1] 22:7
```

```
1
    inherent [1] 5:5
    inherently [1] 71:9
    initial [1] 109:9
    Initially [1] 127:8
    initially [4] 24:19; 109:22; 118:6; 124:9
    innovations [1] 138:17
 4
    innovative [2] 66:20, 21
    inside [2] 48:10; 126:24
 5
    insignificant [1] 47:2
    insisting [1] 153:21
 6
    insofar [1] 23:16
    Instagram [1] 9:21
 7
    Instead [1] 52:10
    instead [5] 6:16; 57:20, 22; 59:20; 79:15
 8
    Institution [1] 96:10
    institution [1] 113:17
 9
    institutions [1] 86:4
    instruct [4] 9:5; 14:23; 15:2; 27:17
10
    instructed [2] 10:9; 30:13
    instructing [1] 37:20
11
    instruction [10] 14:25; 21:15; 26:24; 27:5; 28:7, 13, 20; 29:13, 15; 30:24
    instructions [11] 8:18; 11:14, 20; 19:4, 6; 21:11; 24:20; 26:23; 29:3;
12
    31:5; 34:11
    instructs [1] 34:5
13
    integrity [2] 6:18; 147:25
    intellectual [2] 106:12, 18
14
    intend [4] 24:23; 59:18; 79:13, 17
    intended [3] 6:16; 79:10; 121:17
15
    intending [1] 152:8
    intent [3] 32:19, 24; 56:23
16
    intention [2] 25:14; 121:12
    intercollegiate [1] 105:3
17
    interest [4] 10:6; 17:5; 68:20; 91:16
    interested [4] 61:18; 91:21; 92:23; 120:17
18
    interesting [1] 58:23
    interfere [1] 12:16
19
    international [2] 114:2, 4
    Internet [5] 9:12, 18; 11:8; 153:10, 11
20
    interns [1] 89:24
    interpret [1] 19:1
21
    interpreted [1] 4:14
    interrupt [1] 34:7
22
    intersection [1] 100:16
    interviews [2] 92:14, 17
23
    into [14] 4:18; 14:14; 16:7; 29:6, 9; 32:23; 51:12; 58:4; 81:8; 87:23;
    101:17; 123:21; 150:10; 152:20
24
    introduce [4] 116:19; 118:9; 122:6; 125:21
    introduced [1] 111:14
25
    introducing [1] 25:15
    introduction [1] 25:3
```

```
1
    intuition [1] 54:8
    inure [1] 29:8
    invalid [1] 78:25
    inventions [2] 109:12; 138:17
 3
    inventory [2] 71:5, 6
    investigation [1] 11:4
    involved [7] 6:6; 11:5, 12; 101:25; 102:5; 114:11; 142:16
    involvement [2] 89:20, 21
 5
    involving [1] 100:23
    iPhone [1] 9:17
 6
    iPhones [1] 9:9
    Irish [1] 72:19
 7
    irrelevant [2] 25:2; 26:10
    isn't [4] 43:8, 11; 53:19; 65:5
 8
    isolate [1] 73:1
          [16] 24:11; 27:2, 4; 28:9; 29:19; 30:25; 31:4; 33:3, 10; 35:5;
    issue
    73:21; 76:17; 80:5, 6; 132:5; 135:25
    Issued [1] 48:6
10
    issued [1] 139:19
    issues [10] 7:1; 20:25; 21:10, 13; 25:4; 35:15, 22, 25; 36:12; 153:17
11
    It's [68] 8:6; 29:16; 34:7; 37:17; 41:12; 42:6, 8; 45:8; 46:6;
                                                                         47:10,
    13; 48:9; 49:5; 53:4, 5; 60:8; 61:1, 2; 63:4, 13; 64:2, 16, 24;
12
    80:16; 88:24; 91:23; 92:6, 7; 98:17; 99:13; 101:9; 103:7; 105:18; 106:7,
    12; 109:22; 110:21; 112:20; 113:16; 115:12; 116:20; 117:3; 118:16; 119:6,
13
    7, 12; 121:23; 122:13; 123:19; 124:25; 125:4, 5, 8; 126:1; 131:22; 138:10,
    25; 139:15; 140:24; 142:18; 145:15; 146:6; 147:23; 153:2
14
    it's [56] 19:23; 23:18; 25:6; 32:3, 10, 14, 22, 23; 37:19; 42:7, 10; 44:6;
    45:14; 46:2; 47:6; 48:15, 19; 54:25; 56:1; 59:8; 62:12; 63:16; 70:24, 25;
15
    71:2, 6, 9; 72:2; 73:19, 23; 74:17; 76:15; 79:20; 96:16; 98:18; 103:14,
        111:10, 12; 117:6, 9; 118:15; 122:1; 123:15, 18, 19; 138:15;
16
    142:25; 144:25; 145:14; 146:11; 148:16; 151:17; 154:8
    item [5] 14:24; 53:10; 86:11; 134:22, 23
17
    items [12]
                7:20, 22; 70:1; 82:12; 112:2, 3; 118:6, 7; 124:3; 126:15;
    133:1; 136:15
18
    itself [6] 32:9; 52:18; 74:15; 90:24, 25; 112:24
19
                                        - J -
20
    J-a-c-q-u-e-l-i-n-e [1] 88:24
    jackets [1] 84:5
21
    Jackie [4] 44:25; 88:12, 19, 25
    Jacqueline [2] 3:3; 88:23
22
    January [1] 84:2
    jewelry [1] 123:13
23
    jigsaw [1] 83:19
    JOHN [1] 2:2
24
                    138:25
    John [2] 119:6;
    John's [1] 90:7
25
    john.fetters [1]
                     2:4
    join [1] 132:20
```

```
1
    joined [6] 111:19; 129:7; 132:7; 141:14, 18, 21
    joining [1] 141:18
    Joseph's [1] 90:6
    Josh [1] 131:21
 3
    josh.harms [1] 2:8
    JOSHUA [1] 2:5
 4
    Judge [1] 4:9
    judge [3] 4:9; 13:7, 13
 5
    judges [2] 13:10; 16:21
    judging [1] 13:11
    judgment [4] 6:9; 22:22; 23:10; 24:8
    Judicial [1] 155:11
    judicial [1] 4:24
    judicially-noticed [1] 14:7
 8
    July [2] 85:12; 89:18
    June
         [1] 83:21
 9
    Junk [1] 78:25
    junk [1] 79:1
10
    juries [1] 4:23
    Juror [9] 7:13, 14, 15, 16, 17
11
    juror [8] 5:15; 10:3, 7, 18, 21; 12:22; 148:23
    jurors [15] 4:22; 5:8, 20; 6:7; 7:6; 8:10; 9:4; 10:5; 11:22; 12:7;
12
    13:1, 6, 8; 20:18; 34:5
    Jury [1] 1:9
13
    jury
          [72] 5:1, 2, 7, 14; 6:12, 18; 7:17, 20; 8:14, 15, 16; 10:2, 8; 13:1,
    3; 15:8; 20:8, 13, 15, 16, 20, 21, 25; 21:7; 27:17; 28:22; 29:3, 13; 30:13,
14
    24; 31:1, 5; 32:24; 35:5, 13, 14; 36:14, 15; 37:21; 38:23, 24; 41:5; 43:6;
    45:6; 50:13;
                  58:22; 81:3, 13; 85:24; 89:5; 90:10, 19; 92:4, 10;
                                                                         93:19;
15
    94:14; 96:5; 98:13; 100:12; 106:10; 109:7; 117:1; 119:19, 21; 138:21;
    148:23; 149:2, 4, 7, 8; 152:25
16
                                        - K -
17
    Kansas [1] 109:11
18
    Keep [1] 11:18
    keep [9] 10:3; 12:4, 24; 15:12; 19:10; 41:25; 72:1; 73:19
19
    Kentucky [3] 67:1; 70:17; 83:1
    kept [3] 94:7; 95:14; 127:9
20
    Keystone [1] 115:18
    keystone [6] 98:20; 116:1, 11, 12, 13, 15
21
    keystones [1] 147:1
    kids [1] 66:17
22
    kind [8] 6:14; 32:22; 66:2; 69:22; 93:24; 100:18; 119:25; 135:13
    kinds [1] 126:11
23
    knew [2] 57:10, 17
    knife [1] 123:12
24
    knocked [2] 100:19; 103:2
    know [79] 8:5; 9:3, 8; 15:11; 17:2; 19:23; 22:5; 29:17; 32:23; 34:4, 6,
25
    10, 14, 24; 41:5, 8, 10; 45:16; 47:11; 51:3; 54:18; 56:3, 25; 57:6, 7, 19;
    60:23; 61:20; 62:16, 23; 63:8; 71:7, 18; 76:14; 79:18; 97:3; 99:6; 103:8;
```

```
1
    104:4, 6, 18, 20; 111:8, 14; 114:10, 12; 115:3; 116:7; 120:23; 121:21, 24;
           126:9; 128:18; 129:5, 20; 130:6, 13; 131:18, 19; 133:4, 7; 134:9;
    135:2, 14, 20, 21, 23; 137:13; 139:10, 16; 140:9; 145:5, 22; 146:11, 15;
    153:3
 3
    knowing [1] 131:1
    knowingly [1] 131:3
 4
    knowledge [4] 6:5; 30:16; 97:8; 127:2
    known [16] 5:16, 18; 9:20; 42:6, 19; 49:5; 54:6; 88:25; 95:5; 101:6, 8;
 5
    110:20, 22, 24; 111:9
    Kohl's [1] 49:16
 6
    koozies [1] 85:17
 7
                                        - L -
 8
    label [5] 52:15; 63:10; 74:25; 142:12
    labeled [1] 106:16
    labels [2] 61:10; 75:15
    labor [1] 51:2
10
    lack [1] 140:12
    Ladies [4] 4:7; 80:25; 88:2; 148:19
11
    ladies [3] 40:22; 94:10, 11
    lady [1] 126:18
12
    land [2] 41:25; 45:17
    Land-Grant [4] 108:11, 15; 111:1
13
    landing [2] 86:1, 3
    landmarks [1] 100:6
14
    language [2] 26:2; 75:11
    Lanham [7] 29:4, 5, 16, 17; 30:2, 7, 10
15
    large [6] 49:3; 51:21; 71:5; 87:6; 129:9; 137:2
    largest [1] 76:22
16
    last [13] 10:9; 21:3; 31:6; 34:9; 47:17; 48:18; 88:22, 24;
    143:10; 145:21; 149:15; 153:20
17
    late [8] 30:22; 47:19; 103:3; 104:19; 105:1; 111:24; 119:23; 133:15
    Later [1] 23:7
18
    later [6] 5:5; 22:20; 103:1; 142:14; 144:21, 22
    latest [1] 8:20
19
    launched [1] 48:25
    lawful [2] 5:25; 43:23
20
    LAWRENCE [3] 2:2, 6, 13
    lawsuit [10] 17:14, 16; 27:10; 43:19, 20, 24; 44:3; 64:17; 77:20; 83:3
21
    lawyer [2] 15:16; 78:17
    lawyers [3] 14:11, 12, 14
22
    leading [1] 139:17
    leads [1] 16:18
23
    League [3] 65:6; 66:5, 9
    league [4] 65:19; 67:8; 86:16; 108:20
24
    leagues [5] 65:15, 16, 18; 66:4, 7
    Learfield [1] 67:18
25
    learn [9] 41:21; 43:24; 44:24; 46:17; 48:12; 51:17; 52:5, 22; 54:13
    learning [1] 89:23
```

```
least [4] 33:6, 21; 91:18; 129:25
    leave [7] 7:23; 13:2, 3; 36:6; 152:2, 18
    left [8] 7:20; 20:21; 72:5; 73:16; 74:5, 24; 75:23;
    legacy [1] 48:2
 3
    legal [8] 6:4; 13:14; 23:12; 28:17; 118:19, 23; 128:13
    legends [1] 92:8
    legislature [1] 108:12
    legitimate [5] 5:25; 23:12; 49:19, 22
 5
    legs [1] 9:2
    lengths [1] 151:14
    LESLIE [1] 2:12
    leslie.vandergriend [1] 2:15
    less [2] 12:21; 151:4
    Let's [9] 38:22; 45:8; 58:16; 71:19; 138:20; 139:2; 140:6; 143:10, 21
 8
    let's [6] 21:11; 33:8; 44:10; 75:6; 138:22; 140:7
    letter [10] 98:19; 109:13; 128:11, 12, 14; 140:8, 14, 23, 24; 141:8
 9
    lettered [1] 109:14
    lettermen [2] 109:15, 16
10
    letters [1] 48:20
    level [2] 65:15, 16
11
    lex-lumina.com [1] 2:11
    liability [4] 27:3, 5, 13; 28:4
12
    liable [1] 28:1
    Liberty [1] 103:20
13
    librarian [2] 45:1; 89:14
    library [1] 90:24
14
    license [9] 49:5; 51:9; 57:8; 67:19; 87:2; 111:24; 128:9; 139:16; 141:12
    Licensed [1] 76:1
15
    licensed [11] 60:25; 61:5, 8, 15, 22; 62:3, 8; 67:13; 75:19, 21; 86:15
    licensee [7] 28:9, 11, 14; 29:7; 30:9; 75:10
16
    licensee's [1] 29:7
    licensees
              [13] 28:8; 49:6; 61:3, 20, 23; 73:24; 75:7, 10, 11; 76:14;
17
    127:7; 133:16; 141:25
    licenses [5] 28:8; 49:7; 57:6; 103:24; 107:3
18
    Licensing [8] 49:8; 67:17, 19; 140:2; 141:9, 13, 16, 20
    licensing [39] 28:17; 29:5; 30:14; 50:16; 67:23; 68:1, 4; 75:9;
19
    117:20, 24, 25; 118:2, 3, 24; 119:9; 121:17; 124:6; 126:10, 15;
    128:7, 17; 131:24; 132:2, 7, 15, 24; 133:4, 25; 134:2; 135:3; 136:8, 9;
20
    139:18, 22; 144:15; 147:12
    licensor [5] 28:11, 14; 29:6, 8, 14
21
    licensors [1] 28:18
    life [2] 4:14; 48:23
22
    life-long [3] 68:17; 89:23
    lifelong [1] 65:4
23
    lifetime [1] 148:5
    light [3] 16:15; 17:10; 27:4
24
    like [85] 7:12; 9:8; 10:15; 14:23; 20:6; 25:16; 34:16; 41:23, 24; 42:1;
              45:17; 47:2; 49:10; 50:14; 51:22; 52:11, 23; 55:15;
    43:6, 12;
25
    58:24; 59:8; 60:14, 16, 18; 63:14; 65:13; 66:5; 67:4; 68:18; 69:15; 70:7,
    11; 73:7, 10, 11; 74:4, 6, 25; 77:9; 93:21; 95:15; 96:1; 98:9, 14, 24;
```

```
100:6; 104:10; 105:8; 106:3; 107:5, 10, 22; 108:3; 109:1; 110:17; 112:17;
    113:5, 9, 12, 14, 23; 114:15, 17; 115:6; 116:19; 117:9;
                                                               118:9;
    120:16; 121:7; 122:3, 6; 123:9, 15, 23; 124:21; 128:19, 20; 130:23; 133:6;
    135:20; 139:9; 140:7
    likely [7] 17:21; 42:5; 53:16; 58:4; 149:22; 151:23; 153:4
    limestone [2] 94:5; 102:12
    Limine [3] 24:16, 24; 26:4
    limit [4] 29:3; 71:10, 11
 5
    limited [4] 9:20; 14:24; 85:22; 106:20
    limits [1] 51:24
 6
    Line [1] 58:24
    line [2] 46:15; 125:14
 7
    lined [1] 33:21
    lines [3] 28:20; 103:16; 115:17
 8
    lineup [2] 34:1, 20
    link [1] 72:21
 9
    LinkedIn [1] 9:21
    Lion [63] 32:3; 44:18; 47:9, 12, 25; 48:22, 25; 74:16; 84:15; 85:8;
10
    86:22, 24; 92:6, 11, 19, 24; 93:1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 12, 15, 21, 23; 94:2, 4, 13, 14,
    24; 95:7, 9, 18; 96:6, 17, 20; 97:13; 98:3, 4, 6, 7, 22, 25; 99:2, 13, 25;
11
    101:4; 103:5, 19; 107:18, 19, 21, 23; 109:9, 23; 110:12; 117:11; 121:24, 25;
    126:19; 128:5; 145:15, 20
    lion [46] 47:11, 17, 22; 48:19, 21; 77:8; 95:10, 23, 25; 96:14; 97:20;
12
    98:14, 15, 25; 99:15, 20; 100:9, 12; 101:11, 13, 14; 103:6; 104:12, 14;
    105:9; 106:14; 107:9; 109:20, 21, 22; 110:1, 2, 5, 9, 14; 115:18, 24, 25;
13
    116:9; 126:12; 146:6, 16, 22; 147:4; 153:19
14
    Lion's [7] 24:7; 38:7; 47:24; 53:6; 74:7; 82:17; 86:8
    lion's [1] 146:18
15
    Lions [6] 50:5; 55:17; 74:14; 86:13, 20; 120:21
    lions [5] 109:24; 110:3; 146:25; 147:1
16
    listed [3] 6:22; 106:21; 153:8
    Listen [1] 55:8
17
    listen [4] 6:19; 10:23; 11:2; 12:7
    listened [1] 54:17
18
    listening [1] 12:16
    literally [5] 45:2; 52:16; 113:7, 8; 115:5
19
    Little [3] 65:6; 66:5, 9
    little [13] 21:5; 32:21; 35:19; 36:17; 77:9; 90:24; 96:19; 99:4; 117:2;
20
    126:13, 14; 140:7; 153:1
    Live [1] 103:17
21
    live [4] 49:18; 77:18; 89:5, 6
    lived [2] 95:4; 104:17
22
    livelihood [2] 40:8; 49:25
    lives [3] 41:6; 137:14, 15
23
    living [2] 39:16; 89:23
    lobby [1] 99:22
24
    local [6] 32:6; 50:15, 21; 52:12; 130:23, 25
    located [3] 47:7; 101:2; 119:10
25
    location [2] 99:21; 101:6
    locations [1] 76:10
```

```
1
    logo [26] 41:12; 42:4; 47:10; 56:7; 72:5, 7; 77:8, 10; 85:14; 99:2, 12,
         104:7, 8, 12, 18, 24; 105:23, 24; 107:23, 24; 108:4;
                                                               109:20; 117:11;
    146:17, 22
    logos [18] 25:8; 32:11; 39:21; 42:16; 44:21; 56:12, 15; 57:3, 10; 67:13,
 3
    20; 77:6, 14; 80:9; 114:7, 8, 24; 148:4
    long [24] 10:8; 22:24; 23:16; 42:19; 48:22, 25; 51:14, 15; 55:13; 68:18;
          91:4; 125:8; 142:14; 148:16; 149:24, 25; 150:2, 3, 18, 19; 151:8
    long-term [1] 97:18
 5
    longer [5] 26:6; 35:19; 68:8; 135:3; 153:1
    look [33] 36:23; 54:21; 56:20; 61:13; 63:10, 12; 64:22;
                                                                 69:14;
                            77:11;
                                    98:9; 106:3; 109:1;
    73:1, 7;
              74:3; 75:18;
                                                            112:2;
                                                                    115:6, 10;
    120:16; 122:3; 124:21; 125:14, 19; 126:14; 127:15; 135:20; 139:3; 142:12;
 7
    looked [6] 21:3; 63:21; 113:24; 121:2, 23; 124:22
 8
    looking [9] 52:21; 77:23; 113:21; 119:4; 120:15; 121:7; 134:15;
    154:11
 9
    looks [7] 47:1; 52:23; 77:9; 98:14; 117:9; 123:15; 126:13
    lost [1] 19:24
10
    lots [2] 43:7; 146:23
    lowest [1] 65:14
11
    loyal [1] 130:15
    loyalty [2] 130:14; 138:8
12
    LUCY [1] 1:15
    Lucy [1] 41:1
13
    LUMINA [1] 2:9
    lunch [9] 8:23, 25; 18:10; 19:19; 20:22; 33:4, 9; 34:25; 35:10
14
    luncheon [1] 35:13
    Lwheatley [1] 1:18
15
                                        - M -
16
    ma'am [1] 137:8
17
    Macey's [1] 60:10
    mache [3] 98:14, 15, 17
18
    machine [2] 1:23; 153:17
    made [21] 13:14; 14:19; 18:14; 29:24; 32:3; 43:11; 46:13; 49:23; 51:11;
19
    65:20; 82:17; 100:7; 108:24; 109:8; 120:10, 11, 12; 122:20; 123:5; 132:18
    Maffey [4] 32:10; 53:2; 77:22; 152:7
20
    magazine [4] 80:7, 10, 11; 128:4
    Magna [1] 113:12
21
    magnetic [2] 84:21; 85:8
    magnets [3] 83:16; 84:11; 85:18
22
    mail [1] 51:5
    main [6] 13:8; 86:1; 94:5; 95:12; 96:6; 102:14
23
    maintained [2] 118:22; 122:5
    major [2] 100:16; 101:25
24
    Make [1] 12:15
    make [32] 11:18; 13:14, 23; 14:14, 17; 17:25; 18:11; 19:11; 21:2;
25
    25:17; 28:22; 29:23; 33:3; 39:16; 40:11, 23; 49:14; 50:24; 55:19;
```

```
1
    61:20; 62:19; 65:22; 70:7; 76:14; 99:6; 117:14; 123:21; 130:3; 135:12;
    147:18
    makes [8] 5:9; 16:12; 27:11; 42:7; 44:4; 53:20; 57:13; 99:3
    making [7] 23:1, 2; 25:15; 51:2; 65:18; 90:13; 152:10
 3
    mane [1] 48:23
    mangey [1] 96:13
 4
    mangy [1] 96:12
    manner [4] 6:1; 9:24; 17:4; 146:2
 5
    manufacture [2] 27:25; 83:4
    manufacturer [3] 27:25; 29:2, 12
 6
    manufacturers [1] 29:10
    manufacturing [8] 49:10; 66:21, 25; 70:14, 16, 19; 82:25;
    Many [1] 43:6
    many [22] 7:24; 9:8; 12:2; 39:16; 40:4, 19; 41:22; 42:17; 44:20; 45:11,
 8
    14; 49:22; 52:16; 65:13; 66:2; 68:18; 102:16; 120:1, 10; 129:24; 133:16;
    146:25
 9
    Marine [1] 41:17
    MARK [1] 2:9
10
         [30] 2:11; 27:22; 83:9, 16, 23; 84:4, 10, 15, 20; 85:2, 8; 98:25;
    106:20, 22, 23; 107:2, 3, 23; 123:3; 126:1; 145:12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 22,
11
    24; 146:4
    mark-ups [1] 68:3
12
    markers [2] 114:25; 115:1
    market [6] 25:12, 20; 26:2, 9, 18; 136:15
13
    marketed [4] 100:1; 124:14, 15; 137:1
    marketing [4] 61:21; 75:14; 78:3; 142:12
    marketplace [1] 48:8
14
    marking [1] 145:22
15
    Marks [1] 120:18
          [16] 27:24; 30:23; 31:13, 19, 21, 24; 37:1, 3; 38:10; 118:24, 25;
16
    120:16; 121:12; 136:7; 139:4, 6
    mascot [13] 44:18; 74:16; 92:17; 94:4, 6, 9, 15; 95:7; 97:2; 110:3;
17
    122:1; 130:2, 13
    mascots [2] 92:21; 94:3
18
    Mason [6] 94:23; 97:1, 3, 18; 102:3; 109:8
    Masters [1] 90:7
19
    material [3] 110:4; 135:8; 137:14
    materials [6] 91:8; 120:2; 127:18; 135:13, 14, 15
20
    math [1] 90:1
    matter [10] 4:2, 5; 6:6; 7:1, 11; 101:24; 114:1; 131:4; 150:16; 155:10
21
    matters [3] 7:3; 11:5; 142:13
    MATTHEW [1] 1:11
22
    Matthew [1] 4:9
    Maybe [3] 79:20; 134:9
23
    maybe [6] 20:6; 58:22, 23; 62:21; 117:1; 151:5
    McGrath [2] 152:22, 24
24
    McGuireWoods [2] 1:15, 19
    mcguirewoods.com [2] 1:18, 21
25
    MCKENNA [7] 2:9; 22:13; 28:15; 29:21; 36:15, 19; 38:21
    McKenna [3] 22:11, 12; 25:5
```

```
1
    mean [13] 4:14; 33:23; 40:8; 57:5; 61:16; 64:12; 127:24; 128:3; 130:12;
    138:1; 146:1, 20; 154:11
    meaning [3] 5:12; 6:4; 25:7
    meaningful [3] 44:15, 19, 21
 3
    means [10] 5:21; 9:22; 11:6; 16:22; 17:19; 19:9; 61:16; 106:18; 138:12;
    155:20
 4
    meant [4] 93:11; 94:17; 132:25; 141:19
    Medical [1] 90:18
 5
    medium [1] 49:12
    meet [7] 18:1; 49:13; 124:9, 10, 19; 131:22; 153:20
    meeting [4] 68:22; 90:16; 133:7, 8
    meetings [1] 133:9
 7
    Meghan [1] 53:2
    member [4] 5:11; 91:8, 10; 95:23
 8
    Members [1] 8:16
    members [4] 47:15; 81:19; 90:16; 101:22
 9
    memo [2] 139:2, 18
    memorabilia [27] 31:23, 24; 52:6, 8, 10; 60:17; 62:13; 63:15, 18; 64:10;
10
    68:16; 69:7, 24; 70:5, 23; 72:25; 73:3, 13; 74:11; 82:3, 6, 9; 86:6; 91:2;
    115:8; 126:11
11
    memorandum [4] 119:6, 22; 120:16; 121:14
    memory [3] 12:19, 20; 17:3
12
    mention [1] 139:13
    mentioned [23] 37:21, 23; 64:14; 75:17; 92:1; 100:3; 102:4, 19; 105:22;
13
    107:6, 14; 110:19; 112:5; 117:20; 121:8; 127:13; 128:16; 130:3; 132:14,
    23; 134:17, 18; 137:20
14
    Merchandise [1] 76:1
    merchandise [60] 31:12, 24; 39:17; 40:6, 7, 16; 42:11, 24; 44:2, 5; 45:24;
15
    46:10, 19; 48:7, 24; 49:4, 12, 14, 22; 50:2, 25; 51:4; 52:18, 24; 53:17, 21;
    54:12, 19, 20, 21, 23; 57:4; 60:14; 61:19; 73:23, 25; 76:13; 82:18; 85:21;
16
    86:17; 103:24; 108:1; 110:15; 111:21, 25; 112:14; 118:5; 124:3; 127:13;
    128:8; 129:12; 130:17, 21, 22; 131:5; 133:17, 23; 136:1, 10, 25
17
    merchandising [1] 110:11
    merchant [1] 56:10
18
    merchants [1] 40:21
    mere [1] 28:16
19
    merely [1] 12:19
    mergers [1] 67:18
20
    message [3] 9:17, 24; 127:19
    method [2] 11:11; 68:2
21
    methodology [1] 78:22
    methods [1] 66:23
22
    MICHELLE [1] 1:7
    Michelle [3] 81:20, 22; 152:7
23
    Michigan [3] 140:15, 23, 25
    microphone [1] 38:2
24
    MIDDLE [1] 1:1
    Middle [2] 4:16; 155:6
25
    might [11] 14:21; 34:1, 13; 59:6; 62:22; 74:4; 104:21; 106:7; 136:14;
    152:12
```

```
1
    mile [1] 100:19
    miles [1] 103:16
    million [3] 90:23, 25
    millions [2] 40:20; 65:19
    mind [13] 10:3; 11:18, 19; 12:5; 18:7; 19:10, 11; 34:11, 14; 72:1; 73:19;
    126:16; 154:6
    minds [1] 128:6
    mining [1] 109:10
 5
    minor [3] 65:15, 16, 19
    minute [1] 36:16
    minutes [7] 20:7; 34:4; 90:16; 121:3; 151:5, 18
    mislead [2] 59:14; 62:10
    misled [9] 59:10, 19, 24; 64:12, 24; 78:7; 79:11, 14; 80:10
    miss [1] 39:18
 8
    missed [1] 149:15
    missing [1] 21:22
 9
    mission [1] 138:9
    misspellings [2] 135:21, 22
10
    mistake [2] 125:7; 142:3
    mistakenly [2] 53:24; 93:6
11
    mocked-up [1] 72:13
    mockups [3] 73:9, 12; 86:5
12
    model [8] 25:22; 67:3, 9, 25; 71:13, 19; 82:7; 99:25
    modern [5] 67:20; 69:21; 77:13; 145:14; 147:3
13
    modified [3] 21:8; 81:9, 11
    moment [6] 8:11; 19:17; 137:20; 138:24; 140:1, 2
14
    Monday [1] 20:2
    money [7] 40:20; 43:7, 10; 51:10; 65:20; 101:14, 19
15
    monopolization [1] 26:17
    month [3] 124:10; 133:7, 9
16
    more [24] 10:10; 12:21; 17:21; 23:7; 39:14; 41:10; 46:10, 23; 52:2;
    54:14, 17, 18; 62:12; 69:25; 70:18; 72:11; 125:19; 132:24; 133:12; 138:1;
17
    144:8; 147:1; 153:4
    morning [6] 5:14; 8:22; 20:9; 21:6; 149:3; 150:10
18
    Morrill [1] 108:11
    mortar [1] 68:2
19
    Most [1] 141:21
    most [19] 20:4; 30:20; 39:8; 41:3; 49:21; 59:4; 62:21;
20
    95:4; 97:3; 103:13, 19, 20; 113:12; 148:4; 150:17; 151:23; 153:16
    Mostly [1] 105:3
21
    mother [1] 101:8
    Motion [2] 24:24; 26:4
22
    motion [1] 22:3
    Motions [1] 24:16
23
    motive [1] 17:6
    Mountain [1] 96:17
24
    mountain [3] 110:1, 2, 5
         [11] 87:6, 9, 22; 88:21; 94:5; 119:13; 142:4; 143:8; 144:3, 23;
    move
25
    153:5
    moving [3] 22:16; 23:18; 153:6
```

```
1
    much [21] 5:9; 8:7; 12:8; 22:20; 34:16; 36:18; 38:16; 40:20; 47:2;
    49:15; 52:23; 54:16; 59:5; 71:1; 73:19; 99:9; 110:25; 133:12; 148:6, 10;
    150:17
    mugs [6] 70:11; 83:10, 24; 84:22; 85:3, 9
    mule [3] 94:4; 130:2, 10
    mules [1] 110:8
 4
    Multiple [1] 129:18
    multiple [1] 62:5
 5
    muralist [1] 102:16
    murals [1] 102:14
 6
    Museum [4] 95:20, 22, 24; 96:7
    museum [2] 96:6, 8
    must [21] 9:12; 11:6, 13; 12:7; 13:16, 17, 23; 14:8, 10, 25; 15:3, 21, 22;
    17:18; 18:2; 19:5, 10, 13; 30:11; 56:12
 8
    mutual [1] 49:6
    mutually [1] 49:7
 9
                                        - N -
10
    name [44] 23:14; 39:10; 40:24; 41:12; 42:3, 16; 45:12; 46:1, 2, 9; 48:1;
11
    51:22, 25; 56:7; 64:5, 9; 66:1, 14; 72:5, 7; 73:16; 74:5, 24; 80:9, 15;
    88:21, 22, 23, 24; 106:24; 108:7, 9, 24; 110:19; 112:5, 7; 118:5; 120:20,
12
    23; 121:12; 145:25; 148:4
    named [1] 102:4
13
    Names [1] 120:18
    names [7] 44:21; 56:12, 15; 57:2, 10; 114:24; 139:6
14
    Nashville [1] 70:20
    nation [1] 5:2
15
    national [1] 66:4
    native [1] 109:24
16
    nature [4] 10:5; 22:15; 30:5; 121:17
    Neal [2] 78:19, 20
17
    near [1] 49:17
    nearest [1] 96:16
18
    Nebraska [1] 72:19
    necessarily [6] 34:17; 71:10; 79:24; 136:5; 137:16; 144:18
19
    necessary [3] 6:17; 15:5; 36:9
    neck [1] 74:25
20
    need [12] 6:10; 10:2; 21:4; 30:14; 32:16; 33:8, 10; 34:24; 57:8; 147:5;
    150:18; 153:13
21
    needed [3] 104:24; 120:12; 139:24
    needs [5] 28:21; 30:1; 43:5; 49:13
22
    Neither [1] 87:1
    neither [2] 77:13; 97:2
23
    networking [1] 9:19
    neutralized [1] 96:12
24
    never [10] 30:17; 31:12, 19, 25; 32:3; 68:9; 79:25; 93:8; 94:24; 109:23
    nevertheless [1] 34:18
25
    news [1] 103:18
    newspaper [3] 10:25; 92:16; 100:25
```

```
1
    next [8] 8:6; 46:4; 47:9, 17; 48:20; 50:17; 140:20; 152:1
    nice [2] 90:22; 131:22
 2
    nickname [1] 110:18
    night [2] 13:3; 153:20
    Nike [5] 62:22, 23, 25; 63:14
    ninth [1] 21:21
 4
    Nittany
            [63]
                  24:7;
                         38:7; 44:18; 47:9, 11, 12, 24; 48:22;
                                                                   53:6;
                                                                         55:17;
    74:7, 14, 16; 82:17; 86:8, 13, 20, 22, 24; 92:6, 8, 11, 24, 25; 93:2, 4, 5, 6,
 5
    12, 15, 21, 23; 94:2, 3, 13, 14, 24; 95:7, 9, 18; 96:6, 19; 97:12; 98:3, 4,
    6, 22, 24; 99:2, 13; 101:4; 103:5, 19; 107:21; 109:9, 23; 117:11; 120:21;
    121:24, 25; 126:19; 128:5; 145:15
    Nobody [1] 42:20
 7
    nobody [1] 42:21
    noise [1] 15:8
 8
    nomenclature [1] 111:12
    nominal [1] 21:24
 9
    Nominative [4] 23:14, 19; 24:1, 3
    nominative [5] 21:15; 22:25; 36:20; 37:11, 21
10
    None [1] 51:9
    none [1] 16:24
11
    nontextile [1] 83:12
    noon [1] 19:16
12
    normally [2] 130:24, 25
    northern [1] 116:14
13
    nostalgia [2] 63:21; 74:20
    note [3] 19:21; 123:13; 145:2
14
    note-taking [2] 12:6, 16
    noted [10] 15:23; 17:13; 24:2; 97:14; 105:18; 119:1, 16; 136:20; 137:5;
15
    141:3
    notes [11] 11:24; 12:1, 2, 3, 4, 11, 15, 18, 23, 24; 13:2
16
    nothing [1] 44:23
    notice [4] 22:24; 23:16; 38:16; 48:9
17
    notoriety [1] 120:6
    Notre [1] 72:19
18
    November [6] 1:11; 8:20; 115:12; 117:3; 149:6; 154:17
    Number [1] 143:15
19
    number [15] 16:25; 19:25; 33:22; 50:2; 61:14; 71:10, 11; 93:17; 120:11;
    129:1; 133:1, 11; 146:10; 153:8
20
    numbers [4] 61:12; 75:16, 18; 115:19
    numerous [3] 85:25; 91:19; 120:4
21
                                         -0-
22
    oath [3] 14:4; 31:20; 53:2
23
    object [2] 140:11; 144:4
    objected [1] 142:20
24
                    87:24; 97:5, 7, 14; 105:11; 118:11; 119:16; 136:17, 20;
    Objection [12]
    137:5; 142:6, 15
    objection [21] 14:15, 16, 19, 22; 28:15; 30:12; 87:25; 96:3; 97:6; 98:10,
    11; 109:4; 122:8; 125:22; 137:3; 140:22; 142:19; 143:13, 19; 144:6
```

```
1
    Objection's [2] 119:1; 143:7
    objection's [2] 105:18; 141:3
 2
    objectionable [1] 118:18
    Objections [1] 14:12
 3
    objections [3] 15:13; 119:15; 145:3
    objectively [1] 6:13
    objects [3] 26:24; 28:9; 31:14
    obligation [2] 14:14; 43:13
 5
    observed [1] 5:1
    obtain [2] 6:12; 11:11
    Obviously [2] 37:9, 22
    obviously [1] 34:17
 7
    Occasionally [1] 130:24
    occasionally [1] 32:4
 8
    October [5] 84:18; 85:6; 89:16; 97:21; 105:15
    offense [1] 21:21
 9
    offer [10] 46:11; 68:5; 70:22; 71:11, 14; 73:22, 24; 76:5, 16; 78:13
    offered [7] 27:12; 68:8, 9; 82:12; 85:16, 21; 86:11
10
    offering [8] 32:8, 9, 13; 62:3; 67:13; 70:10; 74:3; 77:1
    offerings [4] 67:12; 72:13, 15; 86:5
11
    offers [2] 53:9; 60:17
    Office [15] 39:22; 42:19; 45:13; 47:4; 122:14, 19; 124:24, 25; 125:4, 5,
12
    10, 11, 15, 25; 127:4
    office [5] 52:12; 117:13; 121:10; 132:5; 139:23
13
    Officer [1] 20:9
    officer [1] 13:4
14
    Officers [1] 7:21
    offices [2] 102:17; 114:15
15
    Official [3] 1:25; 155:4, 16
    official [10] 45:20; 46:1; 75:11; 111:10; 112:5, 7, 21; 114:3; 122:3;
16
    142:11
    official-license [1] 75:12
17
    Officially [1] 75:25
    officially [7] 61:5, 8, 15, 22; 62:3; 75:19, 20
18
    Officially-licensed [1] 76:9
    officially-licensed [9] 61:10, 12, 18; 67:21; 73:23, 24; 75:13; 76:11, 12
19
    often [8] 5:1; 41:12; 48:9; 69:11; 71:7; 79:3; 103:12; 134:8
    oftentimes [1] 124:14
20
    Ohio [1] 72:20
    Oklahoma [1] 72:18
21
    Olympics [1] 41:17
    once [9] 40:23; 69:3; 101:5; 129:3; 133:7; 154:9, 14
22
    one-to-one [1] 72:3
    ones [2] 44:13
23
    online [11] 49:4, 18; 52:19; 55:3; 66:3, 8; 71:7, 13; 76:25; 77:1; 85:14
    Only [1] 60:11
24
          [35] 5:3, 13; 11:13; 13:23; 14:3, 9, 24; 15:22; 16:23; 18:5, 8;
    21:18; 27:9, 11; 28:9; 29:1, 12; 32:7; 37:23; 43:24; 44:8, 17, 18; 46:17;
25
    55:9; 60:7; 61:18; 66:20; 67:2; 76:16; 99:20; 127:11; 131:22;
    146:3
```

```
1
    onto [2] 39:14; 52:14
    open [10] 10:3; 11:18; 19:10; 20:1, 2; 33:13, 16; 103:14; 111:1
    opening [20] 18:11, 12, 14; 19:2; 32:19, 25; 33:5; 34:1; 39:1, 2; 58:13,
    17; 77:20; 93:19; 96:18, 25; 99:1; 104:11; 115:7; 116:20
 3
    openings [3] 32:17, 21; 33:17
    operates [1] 81:24
 4
    operation [1] 129:8
    opinion [1] 15:19
 5
    opponent [1] 117:5
    opportunity [6] 10:3; 17:1; 18:15, 19; 24:1, 11
 6
    opposed [1] 110:12
    opposing [1] 114:24
 7
    opposite [3] 17:24; 61:4; 62:2
    option [2] 72:23; 79:20
 8
    options [1] 101:20
    oral [1] 92:14
 9
    order [10] 5:24; 30:11, 15; 66:16; 67:2; 74:21; 114:1, 3; 151:21; 152:22
    orders [1] 25:23
10
    ordinary [2] 76:21; 123:16
    organization [4] 41:15; 43:13; 89:23; 90:17
11
    organizations [2] 91:22; 98:8
    organized [2] 72:9; 73:9
12
    orientation [1] 21:12
    original [2] 94:5; 98:3
13
    originally [3] 60:16; 96:11; 110:7
    originated [1] 74:10
14
    origins [1] 118:24
    other [66] 5:7; 9:9, 10, 11, 19, 24; 11:10; 14:5, 23; 17:9, 10, 11; 19:13;
15
    20:19; 26:12; 29:9; 37:5, 8, 13; 40:16; 41:23; 43:12; 44:12; 49:19, 21;
    51:23; 52:23; 55:6; 56:21; 57:21; 70:15; 72:22; 76:6; 78:18; 79:4;
16
    12, 16; 92:20; 98:4, 5, 7; 99:21; 100:25; 102:23; 105:8; 106:18; 113:19,
    21, 24; 114:10; 121:12, 16; 124:3; 140:25; 141:19, 21, 25; 145:18; 148:21;
17
    151:15; 152:7, 10, 17; 153:24
    others [6] 9:12; 40:19; 44:20; 50:22; 52:6; 82:9
18
    otherwise [1] 32:14
    ought [1] 5:8
19
    ourselves [1] 43:15
    outcome [1] 17:5
20
    outlet [1] 75:24
    outline [1] 18:13
21
    outset [2] 64:14; 70:14
    outside [5] 14:1; 15:21; 16:4; 20:24; 126:23
22
    outstanding [3] 35:15; 82:23; 100:6
    outweighed [1] 35:21
23
    over [27] 4:15; 15:8; 21:3, 14; 33:3, 7; 36:19; 38:9; 44:3; 46:15;
               65:8; 67:22; 90:22, 23, 24, 25; 92:14; 94:18; 95:21;
    64:16, 18;
    111:13; 128:25; 151:15
    overpriced [1] 19:23
25
    Overruled [6] 97:14; 119:1, 16; 136:20; 137:5; 141:3
    overruled [2] 14:22; 105:19
```

```
1
    owned [2] 82:9, 24
    owner [2] 42:1; 55:6
 2
    owners [2] 41:19; 81:19
    owning [3] 41:22, 23; 48:14
    owns [22] 39:12, 23; 42:16; 43:13; 44:12; 45:23; 56:6; 81:21, 24; 82:2,
    22, 25; 83:8, 15, 22; 84:3, 9, 14, 19; 85:1, 7, 13
 4
    Ozwald [2] 119:6; 138:25
 5
                                         - P -
 6
    P-10 [1] 87:10
    P-103 [1] 87:11
 7
    P-107 [1] 87:11
    P-12 [1] 87:10
 8
    P-132 [1] 87:11
    P-137 [1] 87:12
 9
    P-14 [1] 87:10
    P-140 [1] 87:12
10
    P-142 [1] 87:12
    P-147 [1] 87:12
11
    P-149 [1] 87:12
    P-16 [1] 87:10
12
    P-170 [1] 87:12
    P-172 [1] 87:12
13
    P-174 [1] 87:12
    P-175 [1] 87:12
14
    P-176 [1] 87:13
    P-18 [1] 87:10
15
    P-20 [1] 87:10
    P-214 [1] 87:13
16
    P-218 [1] 87:13
    P-219 [1] 87:13
17
    P-22 [2] 119:4; 138:22
    P-23 [1] 87:10
18
    P-232 [1] 96:1
    P-233 [1] 98:9
19
    P-24 [1] 87:10
    P-247 [1] 87:13
20
    P-26 [1] 87:11
    P-265 [1] 87:13
21
    P-267 [1] 87:13
    P-269 [1] 87:13
22
    P-27 [1] 87:11
    P-270 [1] 87:13
23
    P-272 [1] 87:14
    P-274 [1] 87:14
24
    P-277 [1] 87:14
    P-279 [1] 87:14
25
    P-280 [1] 87:14
    P-283 [1] 87:14
```

```
1
    P-287 [1] 87:14
    P-289 [1] 87:14
 2
    P-292 [1] 87:15
    P-293 [1] 87:15
 3
    P-295 [1] 87:15
    P-298 [1] 87:15
 4
    P-30 [1] 87:11
    P-303 [1] 87:15
 5
    P-304 [1] 87:15
    P-305 [1] 87:15
 6
    P-306 [1] 87:15
    P-307 [1] 87:15
 7
    P-308 [1] 87:16
    P-309 [1] 87:16
 8
    P-31 [1] 87:11
    P-310 [1] 87:16
 9
    P-326 [1] 87:16
    P-341 [1] 87:16
10
    P-342 [1] 87:16
    P-354 [1] 87:16
11
    P-355 [1] 87:16
    P-363 [1] 87:16
12
    P-364 [1] 87:17
    P-383 [1] 87:17
13
    P-407 [1] 87:17
    P-409 [1] 87:17
14
    P-421 [1] 87:17
    P-423 [1] 87:17
15
    P-424 [1] 87:17
    P-425 [1] 87:17
16
    P-427 [1] 87:17
    P-429 [1] 87:18
17
    P-431 [1] 87:18
    P-432 [1] 87:18
18
    P-434 [1] 87:18
    P-435 [1] 87:18
19
    P-437 [1] 87:18
    P-438 [1] 87:18
20
    P-440 [1] 87:18
    P-442 [1] 87:18
21
    P-443 [1] 87:19
    P-445 [1] 87:19
22
    P-446 [1] 87:19
    P-448 [1] 87:19
23
    P-449 [1] 87:19
    P-456 [1] 87:19
24
    P-457 [1] 87:19
    P-460 [1] 87:19
25
    P-461 [1] 87:19
    P-462 [1] 87:20
```

```
1
    P-463 [1] 87:20
    P-465 [1] 87:20
 2
    P-466 [1] 87:20
    P-467 [1] 87:20
 3
    P-470 [1] 87:20
    P-471 [1] 87:20
    P-472 [1] 87:20
 4
    P-482 [1] 87:20
 5
    P-73 [1] 87:11
    P-77 [1] 87:11
 6
    P-85 [1] 87:14
         [11] 8:22; 20:6, 21; 35:8, 10, 11; 38:24; 81:2, 3; 149:8; 154:18
    p.m.
         [3] 2:2, 6, 13
    P.S.
    pace [1] 153:6
 8
    packaging [3] 63:12; 74:22, 23
    page [25] 22:8; 38:6; 45:22; 52:21; 72:7, 9; 73:15, 18; 76:10, 11; 82:16;
    86:1, 8, 12, 14; 96:19; 106:15; 107:11; 120:15; 121:7; 122:23; 126:4;
    139:2; 155:10
10
    pages [11] 73:6; 77:18, 21, 23; 85:25; 86:2, 3, 4, 11, 17
    paid [6] 39:8; 51:2, 6; 101:13; 102:20, 21
11
    painstaking [2] 70:4, 6
    pair [1] 94:9
12
    pamd.uscourts.gov [1] 1:25
    paper [4] 12:1; 98:14, 15, 17
13
    papers [6] 21:4; 33:7; 90:16, 17; 119:12; 139:1
    parade [1] 98:16
14
    paradigm [1] 27:11
    paragraph [7] 38:5; 106:16, 17; 140:8, 14, 18, 19
15
    paragraphs [2] 31:15; 36:8
    parents [4] 40:21; 66:6, 10; 67:3
16
    Park [1] 99:20
    parking [1] 101:3
17
    Part [1] 141:18
         [27] 16:23; 20:4; 27:9; 38:12; 43:25; 51:2; 64:1; 87:5; 95:16;
    part
18
    102:8; 115:21, 23; 117:6; 119:12; 129:7; 131:7, 8; 132:17, 19; 138:8, 11;
    141:20; 144:15; 147:11; 149:15
19
    participate [1] 102:9
    particular [6] 14:17; 23:17; 27:2; 30:4; 144:18; 145:9
20
    particularly [3] 69:17; 100:17; 126:16
    parties [20] 6:3, 8, 17, 25; 7:5, 11; 10:12; 11:12; 14:6; 17:15; 31:7;
21
    35:16; 36:2, 5, 6, 8; 69:10; 81:15; 87:7; 107:3
    partner [1] 41:1
22
    partners [1] 49:11
    parts [3] 82:8, 10; 117:3
23
    party [10] 10:14; 17:14; 18:13, 15; 27:23; 30:8; 32:8; 142:18, 22, 23
    pass [1] 10:14
24
    passed [1] 47:21
    past [2] 69:4; 82:6
25
    patches [1] 82:4
```

```
1
    Patent [12] 39:22; 42:18; 45:13; 47:4; 122:13; 124:24, 25; 125:4, 9, 11,
 2
    patent [1] 125:1
    path [1] 154:9
 3
    pause [2] 44:2; 58:16
    payment [1] 129:13
 4
    peers [1] 5:1
    penalty [1] 122:21
 5
    Penn [399] 17:22; 22:18, 24; 23:2, 20, 25; 24:7, 21; 25:11, 18, 24; 26:23;
    27:3, 7, 12; 28:7, 12, 23; 29:9, 10, 11; 30:7, 19, 22; 31:6, 11, 13, 19;
    32:5, 13; 33:14; 38:6, 7, 9; 39:2, 11, 14, 17, 20, 24; 40:1, 5, 7, 10, 13, 15,
    18, 19; 41:2, 4, 15; 42:1, 4, 8, 11, 16, 20, 24, 25; 43:1, 9, 12, 17, 19, 20,
 7
    22; 44:2, 5, 8, 10, 12, 17, 20, 22; 45:2, 3, 8, 12, 15, 21, 22, 23; 46:3, 9,
    10, 14, 20, 22, 25; 47:1, 5, 13, 22; 48:1, 6, 24; 49:2, 3, 6, 7, 10, 11, 21,
 8
    25; 50:2, 9, 15, 18, 20, 22, 25; 51:1, 2, 8, 10, 14, 15, 18; 52:3, 6, 13, 16,
        53:2, 4, 6, 10, 11, 12, 18, 24; 54:13, 19; 55:5, 17; 56:18;
                                                                       57:10, 15,
    17, 20, 22; 58:3, 5, 7; 59:15, 18, 20; 61:3, 5, 18, 19, 22, 24; 62:10; 64:4,
    9, 13; 68:10; 69:7, 13, 15; 73:7, 23; 74:7, 14; 75:6, 9, 10; 76:1, 2, 4, 11,
10
    13, 16, 23; 77:1, 3, 14, 18, 20; 78:8, 11, 13; 79:5, 14, 15; 80:5, 6, 8, 9,
    11, 15, 16, 17; 82:16, 18, 19; 83:7, 8, 9, 15, 16, 22; 84:3, 9, 14, 19; 85:1,
11
    7, 19, 20;
               86:8, 13, 17, 19, 22, 24; 87:2; 89:10, 12, 15; 90:2, 9, 10, 14;
    91:1, 7, 13, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21; 92:9; 93:18, 22; 94:1, 15, 16, 23; 95:2, 13,
12
             97:18; 98:20, 21; 99:19, 21; 103:11, 13, 17, 23; 104:16; 105:1;
    106:13; 107:7, 19, 22; 108:1, 4, 6, 7, 12, 16; 109:10, 18, 25; 110:14, 17, 18,
13
    21, 23, 24; 111:5, 9, 12, 15, 17, 21, 25; 113:18, 19; 114:2, 4; 115:17, 20,
    25; 116:5, 12, 17; 117:22; 118:24, 25; 120:2, 20, 23; 122:14; 123:3, 6, 16;
14
    125:1, 12, 15; 126:1, 10, 22, 24; 127:3, 14, 25; 128:2, 4, 6, 8, 25; 129:1,
    11, 12, 16, 18, 21, 22, 23; 130:2, 4, 5, 6, 9, 14, 17, 22; 131:1, 5, 24; 135:4;
15
    136:9, 12, 13, 15, 25; 137:1, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 18, 24; 138:4, 9, 10, 11,
    12, 14, 15, 16, 18; 139:20; 140:16, 24; 141:13, 16; 142:22; 143:25; 144:13,
16
    25;
        145:16, 19, 21; 146:8, 10, 11, 20, 21, 23; 147:3, 12, 20, 21, 23, 25;
    148:4
17
    pennant [2] 52:7, 15
    pennants [5] 82:3; 83:11; 84:22; 85:10, 17
18
    PENNSYLVANIA [2] 1:1, 3
    Pennsylvania [53] 1:12; 4:3, 16, 18; 17:15, 20; 18:1; 21:18; 39:11; 40:4,
19
    21; 45:25; 46:3, 8, 14; 47:3; 49:23, 24; 81:15; 83:23; 84:4, 10;
    91:12, 14; 92:20; 101:8; 103:20; 108:10, 13, 18, 19, 23, 25; 109:24; 110:20,
20
        111:2, 10, 11; 112:6, 14, 25; 113:1, 2; 115:15; 116:12, 13, 16, 17;
    120:24; 155:6
21
    pens [1] 12:1
            [21] 5:13; 16:16; 34:20;
                                        43:22;
                                                 50:24;
                                                        54:11;
                                                                 92:16;
    people
                                                                          100:14;
22
    102:2; 103:15; 109:22; 111:8, 14; 127:23; 128:8; 136:13; 137:10; 147:22;
    148:3, 22; 153:12
23
    peoples [3] 51:23; 113:15; 128:6
    percent [8] 81:21, 23; 82:23, 24; 128:15; 129:15; 134:10, 11
24
    perfect [2] 19:17; 148:1
    performed [1] 54:7
25
    Perhaps [1] 113:11
    perhaps [6] 27:2; 28:10; 63:22; 79:20; 142:13; 144:21
```

```
1
    period [6] 105:5, 7; 121:19; 122:4; 128:23; 146:13
    periods [2] 124:15; 133:10
    perjury [1] 122:21
    permission [14] 39:17; 40:5, 17; 42:5, 25; 49:5; 51:8; 53:25; 56:12;
    57:23; 58:4; 105:25; 127:14; 129:11
    permitted [4] 10:13; 12:1; 14:16; 129:1
 4
    permitting [1] 24:25
    person [7] 47:7; 51:5; 93:11; 101:25; 135:15; 139:5; 147:16
 5
    Personal [1] 97:7
    personal [4] 7:20, 22; 10:5; 91:16
    personally [3] 104:20; 138:3, 4
    Petulla [9] 50:14, 15, 19, 20; 149:13, 17, 22; 150:14; 151:22
    Petulla's [1] 149:24
    Philadelphia [2] 101:9, 10
 8
    phone [2] 9:17; 11:9
    phones [2] 9:8
 9
    photograph [1] 135:7
    photographs [5] 90:24; 118:8; 127:11; 133:21, 24
10
    photos [1] 134:15
    phrase [1] 18:3
11
    physical [4] 99:18; 118:7; 134:22, 23
    pick [1] 44:18
12
    picked [1] 103:4
    picture [7] 30:14; 50:4; 56:15; 96:5; 99:16; 104:12; 109:7
13
    pictured [3] 24:5; 48:23; 109:6
    pictures [2] 38:17; 103:9
14
    piece [2] 19:12; 113:8
    pieces [2] 52:6; 129:24
15
    pink [5] 110:7, 8, 9, 12; 130:10
    Pitt [1] 110:22
16
    Pittsburgh [4] 41:18; 95:20; 109:11; 110:21
    place [12] 19:17; 20:4; 47:13; 60:7; 80:1; 99:23; 100:21; 101:1, 2;
17
    127:21
    placed [2] 67:2; 71:6
18
    places [4] 8:6; 60:22; 61:2; 74:21
    PLAINTIFF [1] 3:2
19
    Plaintiff [9] 1:22; 17:14, 18, 22, 25; 18:18; 30:1; 88:12; 154:14
    Plaintiff's [7] 18:20, 22; 38:4; 106:4; 109:3; 118:10; 122:7
20
    Plaintiffs [6] 18:17; 22:14, 15; 81:5; 87:9; 88:8
    plaques [2] 83:10; 84:21
21
    plate [2] 114:21
    platform [1] 66:21
22
    play [10] 13:11; 15:8; 40:4; 57:21; 65:10, 12; 149:13, 18; 151:9; 152:9
    played [2] 69:20; 95:3
23
    player [2] 65:4, 19
    players [1] 65:14
24
    playing [7] 42:9; 65:6, 18; 66:7; 109:13; 115:15; 151:17
    plays [3] 40:12; 66:15, 16
25
    Plaza [2] 1:16, 20
    pleaded [1] 27:8
```

```
1
    pleading [3] 22:2; 24:9; 27:12
    pleadings [1] 27:15
    Please [3] 13:2; 20:17; 139:10
    please [22] 7:3, 13; 8:11, 14; 9:3; 15:10; 20:20; 36:14; 40:23; 41:11;
 3
    45:6; 50:12; 52:20; 54:21; 55:11; 56:24; 88:15; 135:10; 138:1; 146:5;
    148:20; 149:7
 4
    pled [1] 27:11
    PLLC [1] 2:9
 5
    plotting [1] 33:24
    pockets [1] 51:13
 6
    point [18] 19:15; 22:14; 24:1; 29:6; 30:24; 34:2; 56:19; 70:3; 80:24;
    94:17; 103:3; 108:15; 117:25; 126:18; 127:10; 130:10; 133:17
    pointillism [1] 102:11
    points [4] 12:5; 29:22; 49:12; 139:9
 8
    Political [1] 90:8
    political [1] 90:5
 9
    pool [2] 5:12, 14
    Poor [1] 102:15
10
    popular [3] 72:23; 91:18; 129:4
    populated [1] 73:12
11
    portable [2] 9:9, 11
    portfolio [2] 68:11; 123:14
12
    portion [2] 5:17; 81:22
    posed [2] 6:15; 126:19
13
    position [2] 4:11; 29:1
    positions [1] 104:5
14
    possibility [1] 35:22
    possible [4] 5:9; 35:21; 59:2; 147:18
15
    possibly [1] 150:12
    post [1] 102:17
16
    posters [2] 60:15; 85:18
    potash [2] 109:11, 12
17
    potential [3] 86:5; 127:6; 153:18
    potentially [1] 7:3
18
             [26] 47:17, 19, 21, 22; 84:15; 104:12, 14, 16, 20;
                                                                     105:9, 22;
    106:13, 14, 20, 22, 23; 107:2, 3, 9, 14, 18; 145:13, 17, 20; 153:19
19
    Pozniak's [1] 107:8
    practice [1] 66:17
20
    practices [1] 113:25
    precisely [1] 29:6
21
    preemptory [2] 6:9; 7:12
    prefer [1] 130:25
22
    preferable [1] 5:7
    prejudice [2] 17:6; 35:22
23
    prejudicial [1] 26:11
    preliminary [2] 5:19; 8:17
24
    preload [1] 66:13
    premised [1] 24:25
25
    PREP [1] 1:5
```

```
1
          [18] 4:5; 42:23; 51:20; 52:1; 57:2, 7; 65:25; 66:2, 11, 20, 24;
    67:5, 16; 68:9; 70:15; 82:21; 83:3; 87:1
    prepare [1] 35:5
    preponderance [2] 17:19; 18:8
 3
    prepopulate [1] 66:9
    presence [2] 4:21; 20:25
 4
    present [10] 18:15, 17, 21, 25; 21:16; 24:17, 18; 32:24; 36:9; 41:7
    presentation [1] 32:25
 5
    presentations [2] 129:20; 147:24
    presented [9] 6:14; 11:14; 15:14, 23, 25; 16:11; 18:24; 21:10; 135:5
 6
    preside [1] 4:15
    President [3] 4:10; 100:22; 122:19
    president [9] 76:22; 92:15; 100:20, 24; 101:24; 118:4; 119:7;
    132:4
 8
    president's [3] 119:12; 139:1, 23
    press [2] 34:23; 93:18
 9
    presumably [1] 80:6
    presume [1] 151:12
10
    pretty [6] 23:3, 18; 34:11; 44:16; 49:15; 131:23
    prevent [1] 55:20
11
    preview [1] 42:14
    price [3] 43:10; 49:12; 70:25
12
    Pride [1] 50:6
    primary [4] 47:20; 60:2; 71:20; 105:4
13
    Princess [1] 93:5
    Princeton [7] 94:19, 20, 21, 22, 25; 95:3; 97:20
14
    Princeton's [1] 94:21
    principally [1] 21:1
15
    print [14] 32:4; 55:13, 15, 20; 70:12, 17; 77:10; 114:9, 15, 16, 22; 116:2,
    3; 117:8
16
    print-on-demand [4] 67:25; 71:3, 14; 82:1
    printed [6] 51:19; 67:2, 13; 115:20; 117:10; 136:1
17
    printing [10] 66:23, 25; 70:8; 82:10; 114:13, 14, 20, 21; 117:13
    prints [5] 52:1; 62:14; 63:16, 18; 70:20
18
    prior [5] 6:5; 26:5; 94:3; 120:10; 132:11
    private [1] 7:2
19
    privilege [1] 41:2
    probably [11] 8:20; 33:9, 25; 34:22; 47:11; 59:5; 98:16; 149:23; 153:3,
20
    problem [1] 71:12
21
    proceed [1] 26:3
    PROCEEDINGS [1] 1:9
22
    Proceedings [2] 1:23; 4:1
    proceedings [3] 5:17; 154:18; 155:9
23
    proceeds [2] 40:6; 56:14
    process [14] 5:15, 24; 6:12, 15, 19, 21; 7:7; 34:18; 66:22; 69:23; 70:4,
    6; 74:8; 114:18
    processing [1] 90:13
25
    proclaim [4] 5:5; 73:22, 24; 75:25
    produce [1] 124:12
```

```
1
    produced [1] 1:23
    producer [1] 64:21
    producer's [1] 59:11
    producing [1] 63:6
 3
    product [25] 29:1; 30:4; 41:20, 23; 62:17; 64:21; 67:12; 72:13, 15;
    73:10; 74:3, 5; 75:19, 21; 82:19; 86:4, 5, 12, 17; 124:12, 13; 127:17;
 4
    134:5; 136:4
    production [1] 127:17
 5
    products [96] 23:4, 12; 25:8, 10, 20, 21; 27:22, 24, 25; 28:1; 29:11; 30:5;
           55:2; 59:11, 16, 18, 19, 22; 60:1, 6, 8, 9, 18, 21, 24; 61:5, 9, 15,
    22, 23; 62:3, 7, 11; 63:9, 12, 19, 23; 64:1, 25; 67:1, 13, 20, 22; 68:8, 10;
    70:8, 10, 17, 20; 71:1, 22; 72:14; 74:1, 21, 25; 75:5, 12, 16, 17; 76:4, 5,
 7
    19; 77:1, 3; 78:9, 12, 24; 79:8, 12, 14, 15, 17, 18, 22, 23, 25; 80:3; 82:11,
    12; 86:21; 123:21; 124:8, 11; 127:7, 9, 16; 132:23; 135:6; 139:14; 147:11,
 8
    professional [7] 51:25; 56:5; 65:4, 10, 12, 14, 21
 9
    professionalism [1] 88:5
    Professor [2] 54:6, 11
10
    professor [1] 54:4
    profile [2] 77:9; 145:15
11
    profit [1] 57:22
    profited [1] 43:9
12
    profiting [1] 40:18
    program [2] 75:20; 131:24
13
    programs [2] 47:21; 82:5
    progress [1] 102:16
14
    progressed [1] 65:15
    prohibit [1] 25:3
15
    project [3] 102:7, 8, 13
    projects [2] 89:13; 102:17
16
    prominent [2] 60:22; 99:23
    promote [1] 61:22
17
    promptly [1] 8:21
    pronounce [1] 61:4
18
    proof [4] 18:3, 4, 18; 30:4
    property [7] 41:22; 42:2; 43:21; 45:16; 55:6; 106:12, 18
19
    proposals [1] 112:4
    proposed [4] 21:15; 29:3; 35:25; 36:7
20
    proposing [1] 28:7
    proprietary [1] 106:19
21
    proprietor [1] 76:3
    prospective [2] 5:8, 20
22
    protect [16] 6:18; 13:5; 43:14, 20, 21; 59:9; 79:10; 94:11; 120:8, 12, 13;
    121:5; 127:23; 139:25; 147:17
23
    protected [2] 39:20; 106:22
    protection [1] 139:3
24
    protections [1] 118:25
    protects [2] 50:23; 56:6
25
    proud [3] 138:15, 17; 148:3
    proudly [1] 75:25
```

```
1
    prove [9] 17:18, 20; 30:1; 32:10, 11; 36:10; 58:9; 59:20; 79:16
    proves [3] 16:3, 6; 96:16
    provide [3] 83:5; 135:9, 12
    provided [1] 143:19
    provider [1] 64:21
    provides [1] 118:23
 4
    providing [1] 27:21
    public [14] 39:13; 42:5; 46:25; 48:17; 49:4; 77:19; 102:8, 13; 103:14;
 5
    129:20; 136:16; 137:2, 12
    publications [2] 110:4; 146:23
    publicly [1] 125:9
    publicly-available [1] 57:13
    publish [5] 92:1; 96:5; 119:17, 19; 138:21
    published [4] 93:16; 106:25; 140:6; 146:24
 8
    puffed [2] 146:6, 7
    Pugh's [1] 91:2
 9
    pull [7] 52:4, 22; 106:4; 124:22; 138:20, 22; 140:6
    puma [1] 93:3
10
    purchase [11] 59:18; 60:6, 7; 79:13, 17; 81:25; 106:12, 13; 130:17, 18;
    138:14
11
    Purchased [1] 106:18
    purchased [7] 71:12; 78:24; 94:5, 10; 106:17; 107:6
12
    purchasing [5] 59:19; 71:9; 74:1; 79:14; 107:7
    purpose [6] 6:2; 14:25; 15:11; 43:3; 123:1; 154:8
13
    purposes [2] 39:9; 153:12
    pursuant [1] 155:7
14
    pursue [3] 24:23; 35:17; 128:12
    purview [1] 99:21
15
    push [2] 113:9; 119:24
    pushed [1] 149:23
16
    puts [1] 80:3
    putting [2] 40:13, 15
17
    puzzles [3] 60:15; 83:19; 85:18
18
                                         - Q -
19
    qualifies [1] 118:13
    qualify [1] 118:16
20
    quality [38] 17:3; 25:10; 28:22, 23; 29:18, 19; 30:12, 17; 39:25; 51:1,
    10; 59:10, 15, 22, 25; 62:16, 24; 63:3, 9; 64:8, 13; 76:19; 78:11; 79:11,
21
    21, 23; 80:11; 121:18; 124:13; 127:13, 17; 131:9; 134:5; 135:14; 136:3, 4;
    147:20; 150:22
22
    quarterback [1] 100:19
    quarterly [2] 124:10; 133:8
23
    question [18] 7:2; 14:15, 20; 22:22, 23; 53:14, 22; 54:2; 55:9; 92:25;
    93:8; 135:16, 17; 136:14, 22; 140:17, 20; 153:5
24
    questioned [1] 77:5
    questions [17] 6:15, 20, 23, 24; 7:5; 14:11; 19:12; 93:12; 127:12; 131:10,
25
    23; 134:6, 8; 143:11; 145:8; 147:6; 148:7
    quick [2] 40:11; 131:23
```

```
1
    quickly [1] 29:21
    Quite [1] 149:25
    quite [6] 22:24; 23:15; 72:2; 150:2, 3, 12
    quote [5] 5:21, 22; 22:1, 4; 38:7
 3
                                         - R -
 4
    rabbit [2] 96:13, 15
 5
    rack [1] 71:6
    radio [1] 10:25
    raffled [1] 77:4
    raincoat [1] 16:7
 7
    raining [2] 16:4, 10
    raise [3] 7:2, 3; 22:1
    raising [2] 24:7, 9
    rallies [3] 100:15, 16, 22
    Rand [1] 22:7
    range [1] 73:12
10
    rare [1] 69:1
    rather [3] 15:12; 134:22; 137:2
11
    reach [7] 11:17; 16:19; 19:9; 64:16; 80:19; 154:1
    reached [3] 36:4; 76:25; 100:5
12
    reaching [3] 12:20; 13:16; 60:3
    reaction [1] 78:6
13
    read [12] 10:23; 11:1; 32:20, 23; 38:4; 55:13; 106:7; 139:4, 7, 10;
    140:8, 19
14
    reading [5] 6:22; 81:7; 88:2; 140:13, 18
    reads [2] 86:15, 18
15
    ready [5] 39:1; 81:5; 88:8; 149:4; 154:13
    reaffirmed [1] 26:7
16
    real [10] 51:6; 53:21, 23; 54:23, 24; 56:23; 95:9; 96:14; 126:17; 133:6
    realistically [1] 33:9
17
    realize [1] 7:24
    really [19] 49:20; 58:1, 23; 59:3, 5, 7; 60:2; 62:12; 66:23; 67:24; 68:1,
18
    4; 69:10; 91:23; 123:14; 129:4; 135:7; 138:17; 150:18
    Realtime [1] 155:4
19
    reason [16] 6:5, 10; 27:9; 36:2; 55:5, 6; 62:9, 12; 63:18; 71:2;
    115:1; 126:17; 129:7; 154:8
    reasonable [4] 17:9; 18:4, 7; 19:25
20
    reasonably [2] 16:9, 18
21
    reasons [6] 60:3; 61:7; 66:2; 71:20; 126:16
    reassembled [1] 35:5
22
    recall [5] 103:23; 105:7; 124:2; 127:21; 130:20
    recalled [1] 77:7
23
    receive [2] 4:25; 129:12
    received [8] 14:13; 45:13, 14; 58:22; 86:23; 129:14; 133:21; 137:17
24
    recent [1] 23:7
    recently [1] 128:3
25
    recently-decided [1] 37:17
```

```
1
    recess [17] 19:18; 20:5, 16, 22; 33:11; 34:3, 5, 7; 35:10, 13; 80:24;
    81:1, 2, 5; 148:14; 149:5; 154:16
    recesses [1] 34:10
    recitation [1] 88:3
 3
    recognize [8] 99:12; 104:13; 107:24; 109:21; 119:5; 122:12; 123:10; 126:9
    recognizes [1] 29:4
 4
    recognizing [2] 113:17; 125:1
    recommend [1] 36:23
 5
    record [18] 7:8, 10; 15:2; 20:24; 31:9; 32:23; 33:12; 35:12; 81:4, 8;
    88:18, 22; 118:14, 22; 122:3; 134:1; 138:18
    recorded [1] 1:23
    records [4] 90:22; 111:4; 133:25; 153:9
 7
    RECROSS [1] 3:2
    recross [1] 148:8
 8
    REDIRECT [2] 3:2; 147:9
    redirect [1] 147:7
    reduced [1] 151:14
    refer [3] 23:13; 79:2; 122:1
10
    reference [3] 11:7; 28:16; 45:10
    referenced [1] 38:13
11
    references [4] 28:24; 36:25; 37:3, 13
    referred [7] 36:22; 41:13; 111:5; 121:20; 146:3, 7; 152:8
12
    Referring [1] 85:23
    referring [5] 23:3; 115:23; 121:1, 9, 22
13
    refers [3] 23:17; 121:24, 25
    reflect [2] 97:23; 112:8
14
    reflects [1] 46:25
    refresh [1] 12:19
15
    refusing [1] 31:11
    regard [2] 27:18; 35:6
16
    regarding [6] 28:8, 13; 30:5; 35:25; 37:4; 118:9
    regardless [1] 13:18
17
    regards [1] 145:8
    regime [4] 66:23; 67:23; 68:1, 4
18
    register [2] 48:16; 123:3
    registered [16] 39:21; 42:18; 48:8, 11; 57:11; 83:13, 20; 84:1, 7, 12, 17,
19
    24; 85:5, 11; 120:19, 21
    registering [1] 122:14
20
    Registration [18] 83:8, 13, 15, 20, 22; 84:1, 3, 7, 9, 12, 14, 17, 19; 85:1,
    5, 7, 11, 13
21
    registration [7] 45:20; 47:5; 48:5; 57:17; 84:24; 106:21; 123:8
    registrations [2] 45:14; 150:21
22
    regularly [1] 19:24
    regulations [1] 155:11
23
    rejected [3] 126:21, 22, 25
    rejecting [3] 134:18, 21
24
    relate [1] 21:2
    related [32] 7:1; 10:24; 11:4; 24:17; 25:4; 30:10; 35:18, 23;
25
    69:7; 72:22, 25; 73:5, 6; 76:4, 5; 77:1, 18; 80:5, 8; 82:18; 85:19; 86:3;
    91:1; 93:23; 106:19; 117:22; 122:5; 124:21; 125:20; 144:17
```

```
1
    relates [1] 60:5
    relating [5] 11:1; 60:18; 69:11; 70:1; 72:18
    relation [1] 24:20
    relationship [10] 26:12; 28:11, 14; 58:5; 68:7; 91:24; 112:12;
                                                                         118:1:
 3
    140:3; 141:15
    relative [1] 96:16
 4
    relatively [2] 152:16, 24
    Relevance [1] 142:6
 5
    relevance [4] 31:15; 35:20, 21; 142:7
    relevant [2] 35:19; 83:2
 6
    rely [1] 12:20
    remain [1] 8:11
 7
    remaining [2] 81:23; 82:24
    remains [2] 22:17; 35:13
 8
    remarks [1] 37:1
    Remember [1] 19:10
 9
    remember [7] 10:15; 12:18; 24:15; 71:20; 73:19; 138:23
    remembers [1] 22:21
10
    render [1] 80:20
    renew [2] 137:3; 140:22
11
    renewal [1] 126:6
    renewed [1] 47:6
12
    repeat [1] 136:22
    repeated [1] 38:17
13
    repeatedly [1] 22:1
    replace [1] 103:3
14
    replaced [2] 94:13; 96:12
    replica [2] 99:22; 112:22
15
    replicas [4] 99:25; 100:3; 102:24, 25
    replicates [1] 113:10
16
    report [4] 11:1, 2; 20:8, 13
    Reporter [3] 1:25; 155:5, 16
17
    reporter [3] 36:18; 37:19; 155:21
    represent [3] 44:22; 141:6; 142:25
18
    representations [3] 93:20; 98:6, 7
    representative [2] 86:7; 139:24
19
    representatives [1] 100:25
    represented [1] 147:23
20
    representing [1] 41:2
    represents [4] 90:17; 99:13; 141:1, 13
21
    reproduction [1] 155:20
    reputation [16] 40:3, 19; 41:19; 43:21; 44:20, 23; 48:3; 50:24; 56:6;
22
    63:4, 5; 64:20, 21; 130:18; 137:24; 138:1
    request [10] 14:17; 15:16, 17, 18; 28:19; 121:9; 124:19; 125:16; 126:18;
23
    136:6
    requested [1] 125:1
24
    requesting [1] 134:13
    requests [10] 118:4; 120:2, 10, 11, 14; 121:11, 16, 21; 124:11; 133:11
25
    require [4] 9:2; 12:9; 28:22; 29:17
```

```
1
             [10] 12:2; 19:8; 28:14; 30:15; 31:18; 32:7, 15; 61:7; 127:7;
    153:16
 2
    requirement [1] 5:23
    requirements [1] 125:16
 3
    requires [2] 30:3; 111:1
    requiring [1] 75:11
                          33:10; 39:24; 77:25; 78:17; 92:12, 19;
 4
    research
             [14] 11:4;
                                                                     93:23, 24;
    112:9, 12; 113:18; 130:7; 138:4
 5
    researching [1] 74:8
    resell [1] 52:8
 6
    reselling [2] 52:9
    resolve [1] 24:8
 7
    Resource [1] 67:17
    respect [7] 6:9; 23:1; 29:25; 30:4, 20; 43:22; 120:22
 8
    respects [1] 41:22
    respond [2] 29:21; 105:12
 9
    response [1] 121:16
    responsibilities [1] 117:22
10
    responsible [22] 25:10; 59:10, 15, 22, 25; 62:11, 16, 24; 63:3, 9; 64:8, 13;
    71:22; 76:18; 78:11; 79:11, 21, 23; 80:11; 138:16; 147:14, 15
11
    responsive [1] 22:2
    rest [3] 7:19; 103:5; 153:3
12
    restaurants [1] 20:1
    resting [1] 153:4
13
    restrain [1] 25:16
    restrictions [1] 127:13
14
    restroom [1] 34:6
    restrooms [1] 9:1
15
    rests [1] 154:14
    results [1] 22:3
16
    retail [6] 49:11; 75:10, 24; 85:14; 133:16; 136:6
    retailers [7] 49:11; 68:3; 71:5, 7, 10; 130:20, 23
17
    retained [3] 78:19; 132:15, 17
    retire [5] 7:22; 9:6; 10:2; 19:7; 89:17
18
    retired [7] 45:1; 65:21; 89:8, 9, 10, 19; 138:12
    retro [4] 110:5, 11; 128:18, 19
19
    retro-style [1] 110:15
    return [1] 148:21
20
    revenues [1] 86:23
    review [11] 111:4; 118:4, 6; 120:9, 14; 124:8, 9, 11, 12; 134:3; 136:6
21
    reviewed [2] 118:6; 147:11
    reviewing [2] 129:10; 132:23
22
    Revolution [1] 116:14
    Reynolds [1] 20:14
23
    Rhinehart [12] 4:8; 8:14; 10:22; 11:25; 15:11; 20:14, 15; 34:5; 36:13;
    38:22; 80:25; 99:8
24
    Richmond [2] 1:17, 20
    ride [1] 10:15
25
    ridiculous [1] 135:21
    Right [3] 134:8; 136:14; 151:24
```

```
1
    right [58] 7:10; 19:16; 20:24; 28:5; 29:20; 31:2; 33:2, 5, 8; 35:2, 4, 6,
         38:3, 19; 39:1, 5; 41:25; 42:1, 2, 7; 45:24; 46:4;
                                                               47:1, 3; 49:23;
    50:17; 57:19, 25; 58:11, 17, 19; 66:25; 69:14; 75:23; 76:8; 79:5, 6; 81:4,
    14; 89:1; 97:15; 98:13, 24; 107:5; 111:24; 115:11; 124:5; 129:25; 131:14;
 3
    133:4; 138:21; 143:8; 151:1; 154:3, 4, 15
    Rights [1] 5:4
 4
    rights [23] 4:23; 5:5; 28:12, 16, 19; 29:8, 10, 15; 30:6, 8, 9, 11, 13, 19;
    47:22; 48:14; 56:4; 64:18; 98:21; 106:2, 19, 22; 107:18
 5
    rings [1] 123:12
    rise [4] 35:8, 9; 81:1; 154:17
 6
    risky [1] 71:9
    rivalries [1] 72:23
 7
    rivalry [1] 72:24
    road [2] 94:17, 19
 8
    rocking [2] 95:15; 123:18
    role [6] 13:11, 13; 62:13; 92:21; 152:20
 9
    Rolling [5] 41:17; 56:8, 10, 11, 16
    Roman [1] 113:11
10
    room [12] 7:20; 10:2; 13:1, 3; 20:8, 13, 15, 16; 35:13; 45:9; 149:2, 4
    roots [1] 39:18
11
    rough [1] 5:20
    roughly [1] 82:18
12
    routine [1] 8:25
    royalty [2] 129:14
13
    rude [1] 10:16
    Rule [3] 26:11, 12
14
    rule [4] 14:17; 35:14; 105:17; 112:10
    ruled [1] 36:21
15
    Rules [1] 36:10
          [11] 14:13, 16; 15:15; 28:18; 32:7; 40:5, 12; 42:9; 55:7; 57:21;
    rules
16
    127:21
    ruling [10] 14:19; 24:14; 26:4, 5, 7; 32:16; 33:3, 4; 35:4
17
    rulings [1] 21:2
    rumors [1] 13:25
18
    runs [1] 50:9
19
                                        - S -
20
    sacred [1] 5:8
    sacrifice [1] 41:5
21
    safe [1] 51:1
    sale [6] 49:24; 53:9; 82:13; 86:11; 102:25; 128:12
22
    sales [5] 40:7; 49:22; 51:11; 52:22; 86:23
    Same [1] 119:15
23
    same [11] 12:12; 30:18; 50:6; 60:4; 80:19; 99:24; 110:6; 116:7; 120:3;
    126:2; 155:20
24
    sample [1] 135:16
    samples [8] 127:7, 8, 9, 11; 134:7, 14, 15, 16
25
    Samsung [1] 9:9
    Santa [1] 130:13
```

```
1
    Sates [1] 155:12
    satisfaction [1] 33:10
    Saturday [1] 24:22
    save [1] 88:4
 3
    saying [5] 12:12; 31:25; 41:4; 62:2; 74:13
    says [12] 16:23; 30:7; 47:1; 48:6; 55:16; 63:10, 11, 13; 76:11; 115:25;
    141:5; 142:24
    scale [4] 17:23, 25; 36:4
 5
    scallop [1] 113:9
    scalloped [1] 113:6
 6
    scalloping [1] 113:10
    scandalous [1] 94:12
 7
    scanned [2] 70:6; 82:10
    scanner [2] 52:11
 8
    scanning [2] 70:4; 82:8
    scene [1] 11:7
 9
    Schedule [3] 106:21; 107:5, 7
    schedules [1] 114:16
10
    scheme [1] 72:6
    scholarship [1] 101:20
11
    School [4] 54:5; 66:13; 78:4; 108:9
    school [18] 39:18; 46:12; 63:24; 66:8, 13, 14; 72:24; 90:18; 95:7; 110:6,
12
    7, 10; 111:5; 120:1; 130:14, 16; 138:7
    school's [2] 110:18; 120:6
13
    schools [4] 63:25; 66:6; 94:18; 140:25
    science [2] 78:25; 79:1
14
    scientific [3] 55:21; 77:25; 78:6
    scope [1] 150:16
15
    score [1] 95:1
    Scranton [1] 4:19
16
    screen [17] 40:14; 41:16; 50:5; 53:5; 81:12; 86:7; 96:1; 98:3; 99:3, 12;
    103:22; 106:8; 107:12; 109:7; 112:18; 115:9; 117:1
17
    screens [3] 40:2; 55:14; 57:3
    screenshot [3] 71:25; 76:8; 96:18
18
    screenshots [2] 72:2; 77:11
    scroll [5] 72:12; 123:9; 126:4; 140:7; 141:8
19
    scrolling [4] 73:8; 106:15; 126:3, 8
    sculpt [1] 102:21
20
    sculpted [2] 99:24; 101:8
    sculpting [2] 101:7; 102:10
21
    sculptor [3] 99:24; 101:6; 102:4
    sculpture [7] 47:10, 12; 97:20; 101:12, 13, 14; 102:1
22
    sculptures [1] 101:7
          [35] 45:21; 46:6, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24; 47:6; 84:20; 85:2; 112:18, 20,
23
    21, 24; 113:1, 3, 5, 10, 11, 13, 25; 114:3; 120:21; 121:1, 2, 20, 23; 122:15;
    123:19; 124:1, 3; 125:20; 128:3, 5
24
    seals [2] 48:5; 113:7
    search [5] 11:8; 57:14; 66:12; 68:25; 73:4
25
    searched [1] 57:16
    searching [2] 57:12; 68:24
```

```
1
    season [2] 114:23
    seat [4] 88:20; 114:25; 115:1, 19
    seated [3] 8:13; 20:23; 38:25
    seats [2] 115:3, 4
 3
    Seattle [5] 2:3, 7, 14; 40:10; 51:17
    Second [5] 10:23; 12:13; 35:25; 42:22; 57:9
 4
    second [19] 5:2; 7:21; 13:12; 20:9, 13; 24:15; 46:1; 47:8; 48:13; 62:9,
    12; 77:10; 94:9; 96:8; 102:13; 103:19; 106:8; 116:19; 149:3
 5
    secondary [1] 86:2
    secondhand [1] 52:9
 6
    secrecy [1] 13:5
    secret [1] 19:8
 7
    Section [2] 106:16; 155:7
    section [6] 29:5, 17; 116:7; 120:18; 121:8; 122:16
 8
    secured [1] 4:23
    Security [2] 7:21; 20:9
 9
    seeing [5] 55:3; 77:7; 98:13, 14; 147:23
    seek [1] 40:5
10
    seem [3] 21:10; 36:1; 58:1
    seems [3] 25:2; 31:4; 153:23
11
    seen [14] 5:25; 13:25; 52:11; 93:19; 111:7; 143:23, 24, 25; 144:5, 12, 13,
    14, 18; 146:23
12
    sees [1] 109:7
    seismically [1] 129:9
13
    select [1] 7:6
    selected [4] 5:13; 7:18; 8:10; 10:7
14
    selecting [4] 5:16; 82:8; 101:25
    selection [3] 71:15, 16
15
    selections [1] 72:16
         [17] 23:12, 13; 40:17; 46:19; 49:11, 14; 50:24; 51:7, 9; 55:24;
16
    70:25; 71:1; 85:16; 112:3; 114:19; 117:8
    seller [2] 28:3; 50:1
17
    sellers [1] 50:7
    selling [12] 29:10; 39:16; 44:2, 5; 51:18; 52:24; 55:25; 56:16; 57:15;
18
    67:15; 93:17; 136:11
    sells [5] 51:23; 52:1, 18; 60:14; 80:6
19
    Senate [1] 4:12
    send [2] 128:11; 134:16
20
    Senior [1] 122:19
    senior [1] 121:10
21
    sense [12] 16:15; 27:11; 33:22; 42:7; 53:20; 54:2; 55:9, 20; 63:21;
    64:11; 69:5; 74:20
22
    sent [4] 95:18, 19; 115:20; 137:15
    separate [3] 29:16; 37:4; 91:15
23
    separated [1] 24:6
    separately [1] 23:9
24
    September [1] 81:18
    serial [4] 61:12, 14; 75:16, 18
25
    Series [1] 65:6
    series [2] 67:17; 102:14
```

```
1
    seriously [4] 147:13, 14, 19, 21
    serve [7] 4:13, 22; 5:13, 14; 6:7; 7:6; 8:18
    served [3] 117:24; 123:16; 135:3
    service [6] 5:1, 3, 8; 8:8; 83:5; 123:24
 3
    services [5] 27:21; 64:20; 85:15; 121:13; 139:15
    serving [2] 41:5; 148:23
 4
    sets [1] 49:20
    seven [2] 17:11; 55:11
 5
    Seventh [1] 4:23
    several [5] 5:6; 49:9; 76:9; 100:25; 103:1
 6
    shape [1] 116:10
    shaped [1] 113:5
 7
    share [1] 56:13
    shareholder [1] 51:22
 8
    shares [1] 82:23
    she'll [2] 76:24; 152:17
 9
    She's [3] 45:3; 50:16, 17
    she's [1] 76:21
10
    shield [4] 146:16, 18, 22; 147:4
    shields [1] 146:25
11
    Shifting [1] 112:17
    shill [1] 19:20
12
    Shinglehouse [1] 8:5
    ship [3] 27:22; 28:2; 83:4
13
    ships [1] 52:1
    shirt [8] 37:4; 56:9, 10; 64:8, 13; 69:15; 135:19
14
    shirts [11] 22:18; 37:6, 8, 12; 62:14; 63:16; 66:16; 83:11; 84:5, 23;
    85:10
15
    shoe [4] 62:23, 24; 63:4, 6
    shoes [4] 29:7, 9; 126:18, 20
16
    shop [10] 72:21, 23; 73:1; 114:9, 13, 14; 116:2, 3; 117:13; 130:23
    shopper [1] 130:24
17
    shopping [3] 55:3; 62:19; 72:14
    short [11]
                34:2; 42:14; 80:24; 81:5; 124:15; 133:2, 6, 10;
                                                                       148:13:
18
    152:16, 24
    shorter [3] 51:16; 150:1, 17
19
    shorthand [1] 1:23
    Shortly [1] 18:10
20
    shortly [1] 122:4
    shorts [2] 84:5, 23
21
    Should [1] 105:12
    should [36] 6:4; 8:18; 9:22, 23; 10:10, 20; 11:23; 12:20; 13:19, 21;
22
    14:8, 18, 24; 15:8, 19; 16:10, 12, 14; 18:6; 21:23; 25:3, 16; 31:14, 18, 25;
    32:14; 34:2; 36:6; 43:10; 54:2; 55:5; 69:14; 135:20; 138:5, 6;
23
    shouldn't [1] 34:12
    shovels [1] 91:3
24
         [25] 7:21; 18:14; 20:10, 16; 39:19; 40:9; 42:15; 43:1;
                                                                         44:15;
    54:21; 55:19, 25; 56:22, 25; 57:9; 62:10; 64:1; 71:21; 81:12; 104:3, 4;
25
    114:2; 117:1; 123:5
    showed [6] 53:8; 56:8; 96:18; 104:11; 115:7; 126:12
```

```
1
    showing [2] 86:4, 17
    shown [6] 14:22; 86:9, 12; 92:10; 96:25; 109:21
    shows [3] 10:18; 58:24; 68:23
    shrine [36] 47:9, 11, 12; 85:8; 92:11; 97:20; 98:25; 99:2, 13, 15, 20;
 3
    100:9, 12; 101:11, 13, 14, 20, 21, 23; 102:5, 10, 21, 22, 23; 103:2, 12, 13,
    19; 104:1, 3, 4, 7, 8; 121:25; 128:5
          [10] 17:23, 24; 18:1, 11; 62:23; 79:4; 145:15; 151:15;
 4
    side
    153:24
 5
    sidebar [5] 15:7, 16; 88:17, 18
    sidebars [1] 15:10
 6
    sides [1] 79:3
    sifting [1] 68:24
 7
    sign [1] 122:24
    signature [1] 126:4
 8
    signed [3] 108:12; 122:25; 128:23
    significance [3] 45:3; 113:3; 116:9
    significant [5] 102:2; 113:16; 116:11; 123:15; 124:1
    significantly [1] 151:14
10
    silent [2] 62:4; 73:21
    silly [1] 136:14
11
    Similar [1] 80:3
    similar [11] 25:17; 53:22; 58:24; 72:22; 110:21; 113:2; 115:3; 116:20;
12
    125:25; 143:24, 25
    simple [1] 58:1
13
    simply [10] 7:4; 10:16; 14:16, 20; 16:2; 18:12; 25:13, 21; 64:18;
    Since [1] 89:19
14
    since [9] 46:2; 47:7; 108:6; 111:5; 116:16; 118:25; 135:2, 3; 138:18
    single [6] 47:7; 60:7; 76:10, 11, 17; 93:1
15
    sister [1] 137:15
    site [5] 89:24; 103:9, 13, 19, 20
16
    sits [1] 99:22
    sitting [2] 90:22; 129:10
17
    situations [1] 134:21
    six-person [2] 129:9; 133:12
18
    size [4] 90:19; 99:20, 22
    sizes [4] 66:18; 68:6; 71:12, 16
19
    skeleton [1] 94:7
    slap [1] 52:15
20
    sledge [1] 103:1
    Slide [1] 41:11
21
    slide [3] 52:20; 55:11; 56:24
    slightly [1] 59:17
22
    Slow [1] 36:17
    slug [1] 130:13
23
    Small [1] 51:24
    small [5] 42:9; 49:3; 56:5; 67:4; 106:7
24
    smaller [1] 102:25
    smart [1] 9:8
25
    Smithsonian [1] 96:9
    smudges [1] 70:7
```

```
1
    snap [1] 56:14
    SnapChat [1] 9:21
    so-called [2] 51:23; 55:18
    so-to-speak [1] 36:5
 3
    social [1] 9:19
    societies [1] 89:25
 4
    socks [4] 60:15; 82:11; 83:12; 85:18
    softball [1] 66:16
 5
    sold [22] 23:6; 31:12, 19; 37:6; 42:23; 49:4; 67:20; 71:7; 82:19; 83:4;
    85:16, 21; 86:21; 100:1; 105:8; 111:20; 112:15; 115:5; 116:4, 5; 128:8;
    131:2
    sole [2] 16:21; 146:15
 7
    solely [1] 6:13
    soliciting [1] 77:3
 8
    some [33] 6:4, 23; 7:24; 8:1, 17; 14:23; 20:19, 25; 21:12; 28:11; 31:21;
    33:21; 35:14; 40:6; 41:15; 54:24, 25; 58:22; 65:1; 69:3, 5, 16; 75:15, 22;
    93:19; 120:16; 123:13; 127:25; 130:20; 149:13, 18; 150:23; 151:9
    Somebody [2] 8:4; 34:9
10
    somebody [4] 8:4; 39:9; 93:1; 137:17
    Someone [1] 39:7
11
    someone [8] 10:19; 16:7; 20:10, 14; 42:3, 4; 55:3; 103:1
    something [10] 21:22; 57:5; 61:3; 67:11; 68:15; 74:4, 6; 108:4; 136:19
12
    sometime [1] 153:4
    Sometimes [1] 15:16
13
    sometimes [1] 133:1
    somewhat [1] 17:25
14
    somewhere [2] 33:17; 34:1
    soon [1] 32:16
15
    Sooners [1] 72:18
    Sorry [1] 138:22
16
    sorry [11] 58:25; 98:1, 2; 99:5, 6; 105:15; 125:3, 4, 7; 147:5; 149:15
                                34:19; 92:12; 98:2; 100:3; 106:7; 125:25;
         [12] 30:20; 33:24;
17
    127:15; 129:13; 150:13; 153:9
    sorts [1] 90:15
18
    sought [1] 121:5
    sounds [1] 135:21
19
    source [15] 25:19; 29:1, 4, 12; 30:3; 59:13; 64:25; 75:4; 78:8, 12; 79:8,
    24, 25; 139:14
20
    sourced [1] 127:18
    Southern [1] 130:12
21
    southern [1] 116:15
    space [1] 127:10
    speak [7] 7:4; 10:14; 23:20; 25:5, 24; 27:2; 147:16
22
    speaking [1] 89:22
23
    special [1] 89:13
    specializes [1] 54:5
24
    specific [4] 86:3, 10; 145:22; 147:2
    Specifically [1] 128:3
25
    specifically [19] 21:16; 22:8, 15; 23:1, 4; 31:10; 37:7; 91:1;
    107:17; 108:17; 109:11; 112:8; 113:14, 22; 114:15; 132:12; 141:24; 146:20
```

```
1
    Specifications [1] 135:10
    specifications [2] 135:9, 13
 2
    speculate [1] 14:20
    spell [1] 88:22
 3
    spend [1] 69:2
    spent [3] 40:19; 59:5; 68:22
 4
    spirit [1] 63:24
    sponsored [6] 53:18; 60:24; 62:7; 74:14; 86:16, 19
 5
    Sporting [1] 49:18
    sporting [3] 69:21; 82:5; 114:17
 6
    Sports [2] 80:4, 6
    sports [18] 51:25; 56:5; 60:17; 65:4; 66:4; 67:8; 68:15, 17, 18, 19, 21,
 7
    23; 69:1, 4, 7; 82:2; 96:8
    SPORTSWEAR [2] 1:5
 8
               [35] 4:4; 17:17; 26:25; 27:9, 16, 23;
                                                          42:23;
                                                                  51:20;
    Sportswear
    57:2, 7; 66:1, 2, 3, 12, 20, 24; 67:5, 7, 10, 16, 19; 68:9; 70:16;
                                                                          81:16;
    82:21, 22, 23, 25; 83:3; 87:1
    Sportswear's [1] 67:24
10
    squint [1] 55:13
    Stadium [2] 46:5; 101:3
11
    staff [3] 9:3; 20:10, 15
    stage [1] 30:22
12
    stand
          [16] 7:13; 19:18; 20:5, 16;
                                          33:11; 39:24; 45:4, 6;
    88:13; 148:11; 149:5; 153:25; 154:16
13
    standard [6] 17:18; 18:4, 7, 8; 121:18; 124:16
    standards [4] 50:25; 51:1, 10; 144:14
14
    stands [5] 39:13; 41:20; 42:11; 51:3; 115:19
    start [20] 31:16; 32:25; 36:19; 41:3; 44:5; 45:8; 52:5; 56:16;
                                                                           65:1:
15
    67:12; 68:19; 81:7; 89:15; 93:21; 108:3; 118:9; 120:2; 133:8, 14; 143:21
                  21:7;
                         23:8;
                                43:17;
                                       51:18;
                                               53:8;
                                                      57:14, 25; 65:14;
    started [17]
16
    95:5, 6; 101:16; 104:6; 105:15; 108:16; 118:8; 129:8
    Starting [1] 27:1
17
    starting [5] 20:1; 22:14; 111:19, 23; 146:24
    startup [1] 70:13
18
    STATE [1] 1:3
    State [376] 4:3; 17:15, 20, 23; 18:1; 21:18; 22:18; 23:2, 20;
19
    25:11, 18, 24; 26:23; 27:7; 28:7, 23; 29:9; 30:7, 23;
                                                              31:6, 11, 13, 19;
    32:5, 13;
               33:14; 38:6, 7, 9; 39:2, 11, 14, 17, 20, 24; 40:1, 13, 18, 19;
20
    41:2, 4, 15; 42:1, 4, 8, 11, 16, 20; 43:5, 12, 17, 19, 20; 44:2, 5, 10, 12, 17,
    20, 23; 45:2, 8, 12, 15, 21, 22, 23, 25; 46:3, 4, 8, 9, 11, 20, 22, 25; 47:1,
21
    5, 13, 22; 48:1, 24; 49:2, 6, 7, 10, 12, 21; 50:3, 6, 9, 15, 18, 21, 25; 51:2,
    15; 52:3, 6, 16, 24; 53:2, 4, 6, 10, 11, 13, 18; 54:5, 19; 55:5, 17; 56:18;
22
    57:17, 20; 58:6, 7; 59:15, 18, 20; 61:5, 18, 22, 24; 62:11; 64:4, 13; 65:7;
            69:8, 15;
                      72:20;
                               73:7;
                                     74:7, 14;
                                                75:24; 76:1, 2, 4, 11, 16, 23;
23
    77:1, 3, 14, 18, 20; 78:8, 11, 13; 79:5, 14; 80:5, 7, 11, 15, 16, 17; 81:15;
    82:16, 18; 83:7, 8, 9, 15, 16, 22, 23; 84:3, 4, 9, 10, 14, 19; 85:1, 7, 19;
    86:8, 13, 20, 22, 24; 89:6, 10, 12, 15; 90:2, 9, 10, 14; 91:1, 7, 13, 14, 15,
    17, 19, 20, 21, 24; 92:9, 20; 93:18, 22; 94:1, 16, 24; 95:2, 13, 15, 22;
25
    97:18; 98:20, 21; 99:19; 100:14; 103:11, 14, 23; 104:16, 17; 105:1; 106:13;
    107:7, 19, 23; 108:1, 5, 6, 7, 12, 13, 14, 16, 21, 22, 25; 109:10, 18, 25;
```

```
1
    110:14, 17, 18, 20, 21, 24; 111:5, 9, 11, 12, 15, 17, 21, 25; 112:6, 14, 25;
    113:1, 18, 20; 114:2, 4; 115:17, 20, 25; 116:5, 12, 17; 117:22; 120:2, 20,
    23, 24, 25; 122:14; 123:4, 6, 16; 125:1, 15; 126:1, 10, 22, 24; 127:3, 14,
    25; 128:2, 4, 6, 8; 129:2, 12, 16, 18, 21, 22, 23; 130:4, 5, 9, 14, 17, 22;
 3
    131:1, 5, 24; 135:4; 136:9, 12, 13, 15, 25; 137:1, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16,
    18, 24; 138:4,
    9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18; 139:20; 140:15, 16, 23, 24, 25; 141:13, 16;
    142:22; 143:25; 144:25; 145:16, 19, 21; 146:8, 10, 11, 20, 21, 23; 147:4, 12,
 5
    21, 23, 25; 148:4
    state [3] 88:21; 98:19; 116:13
    State's [55] 22:24; 23:25; 24:21; 27:3, 12; 28:12; 30:19; 39:17; 40:5, 7,
    10, 16; 42:25; 43:1, 9, 22; 44:8; 45:3; 46:14; 49:3; 50:15, 22, 25; 51:1,
 7
    8, 10, 15; 52:13; 53:24; 54:13; 57:10, 22; 58:3; 61:3, 19; 64:9; 69:13;
            75:6, 9, 10; 76:13; 79:16; 80:8; 87:2; 94:15; 99:21; 118:24;
 8
    125:12; 129:1; 130:2, 6; 144:13; 147:20
    State-branded [6] 29:11; 42:24; 49:25; 50:2; 51:18; 57:15
    State-related [3] 82:20; 85:20; 86:17
    stated [4] 8:21; 22:1; 24:22; 38:11
10
    statement [8] 18:11, 12; 27:5; 35:17; 77:20; 118:14; 138:9; 142:18
    Statements [1] 14:11
11
    statements
               [11] 18:15; 19:2; 33:1; 34:1; 35:16;
                                                          39:1;
                                                                   61:8;
                                                                          67:21;
    75:13; 97:3
12
    STATES [1] 1:1
    States [16] 4:8, 11, 12, 15; 21:25; 39:22; 41:16; 42:18; 45:13;
13
    82:13; 118:25; 122:13; 155:5, 7
    states [2] 116:15
14
    static [1] 72:1
    stationery [1] 123:13
15
    statue [1] 100:13
    Statute [1] 125:5
16
    statutory [1] 125:16
    staying [1] 62:4
17
    steam [1] 57:18
    Steelers [5] 41:18; 56:8, 9, 11, 17
18
    stenographically-reported [1] 155:9
    step [2] 70:9; 139:21
19
    Stephanie [1] 50:14
    Stepping [1] 105:22
20
    steps [3] 29:6, 9; 120:8
    Stern [1] 78:4
21
    Steven [2] 106:1, 13
    stick [1] 93:11
22
    sticker [2] 63:11; 74:23
    stickers [9] 61:11, 12; 69:12; 75:15; 82:4; 83:9; 84:21; 85:9
23
    still [13]
                22:17; 29:14; 36:21; 93:17; 94:7; 101:9; 114:17;
    130:2; 138:12; 146:11; 147:23; 152:10
24
    stipulate [7] 31:11, 18, 25; 32:7, 15; 36:2; 81:17
    stipulated [2] 31:8
25
    stipulation [8] 31:6; 32:17, 18, 20, 22; 36:3, 7; 88:3
    stipulations [9] 32:24; 35:6; 36:1, 5, 8; 81:8, 12; 88:6; 153:14
```

```
1
    stock [1] 71:5
    STOKES [3] 2:2, 6, 13
    stokeslaw.com [3] 2:4, 8, 15
    stone [2] 46:4; 100:7
 3
    Stones [5] 41:17; 56:9, 10, 12, 16
    stop [8] 40:23; 43:14, 18, 19; 44:8; 57:24; 128:12; 139:4
 4
    stopped [1] 134:14
    stops [1] 139:15
 5
          [14] 19:20, 21; 24:7; 50:2; 52:9, 12; 55:18; 61:8; 76:3; 85:15;
    86:22, 24; 130:24
 6
    storefront [2] 50:4; 75:24
    stores [5] 49:4; 68:2; 100:1, 2; 130:25
    stories [5] 74:18, 19; 80:8; 92:8; 103:8
    story [6] 26:16; 44:25; 79:4; 80:3; 97:19, 23
 8
    straight [3] 51:12; 52:21; 103:5
    Street [3] 1:16, 20; 19:22
 9
    street [4] 49:16; 50:6; 55:3; 100:20
    stretch [1] 9:2
10
    stricter [1] 18:4
    strike [2] 11:23; 36:7
11
    strong [2] 6:6; 94:22
    struck [2] 15:1, 4
12
    stub [1] 52:7
    student [12] 66:10; 90:16; 91:22; 92:16; 94:8; 97:18; 98:8; 100:24;
13
    102:10; 107:20; 114:2, 4
    students [25] 40:21; 66:6; 94:21; 95:24; 98:16; 100:22; 101:1, 16, 19;
14
    102:9; 108:21, 22; 114:19; 115:21; 116:4, 5; 120:1; 128:19; 130:7, 8, 15;
    136:12; 137:10; 138:5, 6
15
    studies [4] 54:6, 7; 55:21; 90:8
    stuff [5] 69:5; 100:2; 110:4; 137:12, 15
16
    stuffed [3] 92:18; 95:14; 126:12
    style [1] 45:15
17
    stylized [1] 72:5
    subject [5] 6:6; 7:1; 36:10; 51:9; 150:16
18
    submit [2] 127:7, 8
    submitted [5] 21:3; 24:20; 123:8; 126:2, 5
19
    subsequently [1] 65:8
    substantial [1] 54:10
20
    substantially [1] 35:21
    successful [1] 120:4
21
    such [16] 6:5; 9:24; 14:9; 18:6; 21:16; 24:18, 23; 26:18, 24; 28:12;
    35:19; 82:11; 106:25; 116:18; 139:15; 142:12
22
    sufficient [3] 118:17; 128:12, 14
    suggesting [1] 15:18
23
    suggestions [1] 26:10
    suggests [2] 48:1; 51:23
24
    suit [2] 92:17; 110:3
    suitable [1] 70:8
25
    Suite [4] 2:3, 6, 10, 13
    summarize [2] 12:14; 19:1
```

```
1
    summary [4] 22:21; 23:10; 24:8; 121:14
     summation [1] 78:25
 2
    summer [2] 76:24; 77:23
    summons [1] 58:22
 3
    supervision [1] 155:21
    supervisor [1] 89:24
 4
    supplement [1] 11:15
    supplemental [2] 22:22; 23:11
 5
     support [2] 40:22; 60:3
    supported [2] 58:7; 137:10
 6
    supporters [2] 56:4; 137:2
    supporting [2] 27:8; 58:6
 7
    suppose [1] 141:23
    supposed [2] 10:17; 126:20
 8
    sure [9] 12:15; 13:1; 15:14; 29:23; 51:3; 55:1; 60:24; 61:20; 76:14
    surprise [1] 76:15
 9
    survey [7] 78:6, 13, 17, 20, 22; 103:17; 152:25
    suspect [1] 151:4
10
    suspicions [1] 13:25
    sustained [2] 14:20; 143:7
11
    swap [1] 130:1
    swear [1] 8:14
12
    sweater [1] 109:13
    sweaters [1] 109:15
13
    sweatpants [1] 83:18
    sweatshirt [3] 52:14; 153:19, 23
14
    sweatshirts [13] 60:14; 67:14; 70:11; 73:11; 82:11; 83:12, 18; 84:5, 16,
    23; 85:4, 10, 17
15
    switch [1] 109:25
    switched [1] 110:2
16
    switching [2] 109:20; 114:6
    swoosh [5] 62:22, 23, 25; 63:14
17
    sworn [4] 8:15, 17; 88:15, 19
    symbol [7] 47:20; 48:9, 21; 105:1; 108:5, 16; 116:16
18
    symbolizes [3] 41:18; 46:12, 16
    symbols [14] 39:12; 40:1, 3; 45:3; 92:21; 98:20; 118:5; 121:4; 124:13;
19
    126:25; 127:24; 139:6; 144:17; 147:21
    system [5] 4:24; 5:9; 62:17; 99:19; 102:11
20
                                         - T -
21
    t-shirt [3] 52:14; 56:13, 15
22
    t-shirts [19] 40:14, 16; 56:16; 60:14; 67:13; 70:11; 73:11; 80:15; 82:11;
    83:11; 84:6, 15, 23; 85:10, 17; 105:8; 119:24, 25; 126:20
23
    t.v. [1] 65:18
    table [2] 50:16, 18
24
    tags [1] 10:18
    Tail [1] 92:7
25
    Taiwan [1] 65:8
    Take [2] 7:22; 54:21
```

```
take [37] 8:25; 11:24; 12:1, 2, 3, 4, 11, 22, 24; 13:1, 19; 24:13; 26:20;
    28:5; 31:2; 34:2, 15; 38:20; 39:6, 9; 46:20; 52:10; 57:22; 71:19; 77:11;
    80:23; 99:8; 103:4; 120:8; 123:21; 132:4; 140:1; 147:12, 20; 150:7, 10;
    152:25
3
    taken [4] 28:25; 36:21; 103:1; 150:23
    takes [1] 42:3
4
    taking [2] 40:12; 41:6
    talk [17] 9:13, 22; 10:4, 13, 17, 20; 13:22; 15:6, 24;
                                                               20:19; 44:10;
5
    55:15; 59:13; 75:6; 147:25
    talked [10] 31:5; 48:4; 51:14; 99:1; 136:19; 140:1; 145:11, 17
            [10] 53:8; 54:23; 59:14; 60:20; 95:5; 108:3; 111:8; 115:7;
    145:22
7
    talks [2] 119:8; 150:21
    tangible [1] 136:4
8
    tankards [4] 83:10, 24; 84:22; 85:9
    target [3] 22:16; 23:18; 136:15
9
    task [1] 12:7
    taunted [1] 97:4
10
    taxidermied [2] 95:10, 14
    team [22] 41:1; 60:25; 62:8; 64:2; 65:7; 66:15, 16; 69:16; 80:8; 82:16;
11
    86:2, 8, 14, 16; 94:16; 109:14; 115:2; 120:3, 4; 129:3, 4
    teams [14] 51:25; 56:5; 60:19; 63:25; 66:5, 8; 69:11; 70:2; 76:6; 86:3;
12
    114:24; 145:16, 19
    technically [1] 5:15
13
    technology [2] 9:11; 11:10
    television [1] 11:1
14
    tell [27] 10:6; 26:16; 39:23; 43:7; 44:6; 45:21; 48:19; 55:1, 12, 23;
    62:5; 74:17, 19; 80:3; 89:5; 90:10;
                                            92:4, 10; 94:14; 98:13;
15
    109:6; 123:9; 135:7; 148:22, 24; 151:2
    telling [3] 10:21; 54:9; 152:13
16
    tells [7] 16:17; 41:19; 45:18, 22, 23; 97:19
    templates [3] 66:9, 13, 18
17
    temporarily [1] 77:21
    temporary [2] 44:2, 3
18
    tend [2] 110:11; 137:11
    tenure [1] 112:13
19
    term [3] 4:13; 5:20; 37:2
    terms [8] 21:4; 34:14, 19; 72:3; 113:16, 24; 128:1; 145:8
20
    tested [2] 54:3, 12
    testified [6] 132:8; 137:23; 140:3; 141:15, 25; 143:2
21
    testifies [1] 17:2
    testify [8] 16:4; 50:20; 63:17; 65:3; 76:17, 24; 138:23; 145:1
22
    testifying [4] 12:10; 14:4; 17:4; 138:24
    testimony [19] 12:8; 14:3; 15:3;
                                         16:20; 17:10; 21:10; 31:20;
23
    53:1; 132:14; 134:17; 136:19; 137:20; 148:11, 20; 149:4, 24; 151:23
    testing [2] 96:14, 16
24
    text [7] 9:17, 24; 23:17; 38:11; 86:14, 18; 141:5
    textile [1] 85:3
25
         [18] 17:21;
                       37:8; 39:14; 41:11; 52:2; 54:14, 18;
                                                                 55:5; 69:25;
    than
    80:12; 113:19; 133:12; 134:22; 137:2; 148:21; 151:4; 154:9
```

```
Thank [38] 8:13; 22:13; 29:20; 31:3; 38:19; 39:6; 41:4; 45:7; 50:13, 18;
    58:10, 11, 12, 16, 18; 80:21, 22; 87:4; 88:1; 89:2; 97:25; 99:9; 105:20;
    106:9; 107:10, 22; 109:1; 114:5; 117:15; 125:3, 6, 11, 18; 131:11; 132:2;
    140:21; 147:7; 148:6
    thank [6] 5:9; 8:7; 41:4; 88:5; 148:10; 154:5
    thanking [1] 4:21
4
    thanks [3] 7:23; 8:8; 148:11
    theirs [1] 138:7
5
    theme [1] 73:1
    themselves [4] 19:3; 23:12; 61:10; 67:22
6
    theory [1] 27:11
    There's [6] 8:3; 37:4, 18; 76:1; 112:9; 129:25
7
    there's [16] 20:18; 27:15; 28:20; 34:5; 47:12; 48:12; 61:6; 62:9; 72:12;
    73:2, 18; 74:12; 115:4; 118:17; 142:21; 152:9
8
    therefore [2] 35:24; 36:6
    therefrom [1] 29:8
9
    thereof [1] 106:24
    These [3] 55:18; 82:12; 151:11
10
    these [57] 6:24; 7:22; 8:6; 9:13; 15:11; 18:23; 21:2, 11, 12; 25:8, 11;
    32:17; 33:17;
                   36:10; 40:10; 42:11; 44:15, 21, 22, 24; 48:5, 8;
11
    51:7; 55:2; 60:18; 63:22, 25; 64:22; 66:23; 69:4, 8, 9, 17, 18, 20;
                                                                         72:1;
    73:20; 74:1, 9, 18, 19; 75:22; 77:23; 80:14; 117:8, 14; 121:4, 16; 123:25;
12
    125:19; 126:9; 127:25; 129:10; 136:15; 153:12
    They [43] 20:2; 24:3; 26:4, 6, 7; 27:24; 28:1, 2; 43:2; 52:12, 15; 57:5,
13
    21; 58:2, 6, 7; 61:4, 10; 64:7; 67:14; 74:24; 75:24; 94:10; 95:5; 100:7,
    17; 101:2, 10; 102:11, 15; 110:2, 4, 6; 116:5; 120:9; 126:25; 128:19, 20;
14
    129:14; 136:11; 137:11; 145:5; 151:13
    they [127] 10:10, 16; 14:4, 15; 23:7, 8; 24:2, 6, 22; 25:20; 26:6; 29:2,
15
    3, 10, 14; 30:14, 19, 20, 21, 22; 31:20, 23, 25; 32:7, 14; 34:11, 12; 36:9;
    43:4, 10;
              46:19, 21; 48:9; 49:14; 51:7, 8, 9; 52:10, 13, 15, 17;
16
    55:12, 19, 23, 24; 57:1, 20; 61:6; 62:7; 64:1; 71:1, 11; 72:14;
    75:18; 76:5, 13; 79:16, 18; 92:17; 94:11, 17, 19, 20; 95:3, 4, 15, 23;
17
    98:17; 101:1, 5, 6, 16, 18, 21; 102:10, 11; 103:4, 18; 107:9; 109:16; 110:2,
    3, 5, 11; 113:7; 115:16, 18; 116:6; 117:5, 7; 118:6; 120:10, 11; 121:6, 8,
18
        123:21; 124:1, 12, 14; 127:8;
                                          128:1, 12, 23, 24; 130:15; 132:18;
    133:11; 135:3, 11; 137:13; 138:7; 148:5
19
    they'll [1] 57:23
    They've [1] 23:16
20
    they've [2] 69:19; 100:5
    thing [9] 20:8; 36:20; 41:13; 44:17; 53:21, 23; 64:16; 110:6; 136:4
21
    things [27] 14:5, 10; 17:2; 19:25; 23:6, 7; 25:16; 29:2; 37:14; 42:13;
    53:15; 58:24; 60:14; 70:7, 10; 73:11; 82:16; 114:15, 17; 120:9; 121:16;
22
    127:15; 129:10; 133:6; 135:23; 138:8, 15
    Think [3] 41:23; 49:5; 52:6
23
    think [71] 13:20; 19:17; 21:4; 22:13; 23:15, 18; 24:15; 25:6, 13, 16;
           28:15, 19; 29:12, 19, 22; 30:25; 32:18; 33:6, 9, 13, 18; 34:19, 21;
    26:15;
    36:12; 37:14; 40:2; 41:11; 47:4; 53:24; 56:11; 58:1; 59:23; 60:2; 62:21,
    22; 64:11, 19, 22; 69:5; 80:18, 23; 92:1; 93:19; 107:15; 121:8;
25
    130:5, 11, 14; 134:18; 140:17; 142:21; 143:13; 144:25; 145:5; 148:13, 15;
    149:20, 22; 150:7, 12, 23; 151:17; 152:24; 153:13, 15, 18; 154:8, 9
```

```
thinking [8] 21:12; 42:10; 53:17; 58:5; 59:5, 15; 80:10; 98:18
    thinks [2] 64:18; 79:5
    Third [6] 12:18; 19:22; 21:25; 26:22; 37:17; 43:3
    third [6] 46:6; 69:10; 79:20; 94:23; 107:3; 109:8
    Those [5] 8:10; 49:23; 51:19; 152:8, 23
    those [78] 6:6; 7:6, 25; 14:16; 18:20; 21:11; 23:6; 26:11; 28:4, 20;
    31:21; 32:11, 24; 40:1, 7; 42:17; 43:8, 14, 21, 23; 44:10; 48:10, 19;
        51:11; 52:13, 17, 22; 54:7; 56:20; 61:2, 11, 14, 23; 66:7, 10, 17;
5
    68:8; 70:6, 10, 25; 73:11; 74:21; 75:16, 18; 77:13, 21; 79:8, 12, 18, 25;
    82:10;
            87:23; 88:7; 90:22; 97:2; 99:3; 100:4; 103:8; 109:15;
                                                                       112:3;
    116:4; 123:23; 124:8, 16, 19; 129:13; 133:24; 134:21; 135:15; 136:12;
    138:8; 141:21; 147:17; 148:2
    though [6] 37:21; 80:15; 109:23; 131:20; 135:8; 138:12
    thought [7] 53:3, 5; 67:11; 93:6; 94:11; 109:23
8
    thoughts [4] 25:13, 21; 79:7; 96:22
    thousands [3] 133:18, 19; 138:16
9
    Three [1] 14:6
    three [11] 4:18; 17:4; 28:3; 42:13; 54:11; 95:1, 3; 122:23; 139:2; 150:7
10
    three-and-a-half [1] 150:8
    three-quarter [2] 99:22; 102:24
11
    through [26]
                 7:11; 9:17, 18; 30:14; 31:15; 36:8; 52:11; 54:8; 66:5, 8;
    67:7, 8, 17; 68:25; 70:6; 71:8; 82:13; 83:4; 86:21, 24; 92:8; 123:9;
12
    126:8; 150:20; 152:25
    Throughout [1] 47:19
13
    throughout [8] 5:23; 8:18, 25; 10:3; 22:17; 60:23; 62:6; 63:1
    throw-back [3] 128:18, 20, 24
14
    thumb [1] 36:4
    thumbnails [1] 74:3
15
    Thursday [4] 152:2, 20; 153:3, 5
    ticket [10] 52:7; 115:10, 13; 116:22, 25; 117:2, 3, 4, 12, 13
16
    tickets [13] 69:16, 18, 19, 21, 22; 82:4; 114:17, 18, 19, 20, 22; 115:4;
    117:14
17
    tied [1] 128:1
    Tiger [2] 94:22, 25
18
    tiger [1] 94:21
    Tigers [1] 72:18
19
    tightly [1] 61:11
    TikTok [1] 9:21
20
    time [64] 5:11, 17; 7:7; 9:3, 5; 12:12; 13:2; 20:17; 21:13; 22:24, 25;
    23:16; 33:24; 34:6, 15, 22; 35:23; 40:20; 42:14; 50:10; 54:22; 59:5;
    65:5; 67:22; 68:18; 69:2; 77:15, 16; 83:2; 88:4; 89:7; 91:10; 93:22;
          103:23; 104:8; 105:5; 108:15, 25; 113:18; 117:21; 118:25;
    94:17;
22
    121:19; 122:3, 18; 124:15; 126:10; 128:7, 15, 21, 23, 25; 133:10; 134:10,
        135:1, 4; 141:13; 144:25; 148:14; 152:9, 25
23
    times [10] 15:5; 95:1, 2, 3; 108:8; 113:11; 128:8, 18; 129:18; 134:9
    tired [2] 92:25; 100:14
24
    Title [1] 155:7
    title [2] 45:18; 89:12
25
    titled [4] 38:6; 53:5; 120:18; 122:16
```

```
1
    today [22] 4:3, 22; 8:8; 20:1; 32:21; 34:16; 43:11; 50:8, 11, 17; 53:8;
    55:1; 56:8; 65:2; 67:9; 79:5; 93:13, 14; 94:8; 131:23; 150:23; 152:8
    together [6] 40:25; 42:14; 93:7; 100:23; 107:1; 120:20
    tomorrow [14] 44:6; 149:1, 5, 11, 21; 151:19, 20, 21; 152:4, 9, 18, 20;
 3
    154:1, 16
    tonight [3] 148:22; 152:17; 154:2
 4
    took [7] 50:10; 58:2, 3; 70:3; 77:21; 147:14, 18
    tool [1] 11:10
 5
    tools [2] 9:11, 13
    topic [3] 20:19; 25:7; 62:4
 6
    tops [1] 9:10
    touch [2] 99:3; 113:19
 7
    touched [1] 103:7
    touches [1] 103:8
 8
    touching [1] 103:10
    tour [1] 94:20
 9
    toward [1] 139:17
    town [6] 19:22; 20:1; 49:17; 91:23, 25; 100:16
10
    towns [1] 100:14
    townspeople [1] 100:20
11
    traces [1] 39:18
    track [2] 28:21; 95:5
12
    trade [2] 25:16; 68:23
    Trademark
              [16] 39:22; 42:19; 45:13; 47:4; 63:2; 122:14; 124:24, 25;
13
    125:3, 5, 10, 11, 15, 25; 127:4
    trademark [86] 28:12, 16, 19; 29:1, 14, 15; 30:2, 8; 38:13; 41:10, 12, 14,
14
    18, 23, 25; 42:2, 6; 43:20; 44:5; 45:8, 14, 20, 21, 25; 46:6, 22; 47:3, 5,
    9, 17, 22, 24; 48:11, 13, 17, 18, 21; 54:4, 6; 55:6; 56:1, 4; 57:3, 7, 11,
15
        58:8, 21, 25; 59:4, 6, 9; 62:21, 25; 63:1, 4, 6, 7, 13, 16; 64:3, 5, 7,
            79:6, 9; 80:12, 16, 17; 98:21; 110:17; 112:19; 122:14; 123:3, 8;
16
    125:12; 126:6; 127:3; 129:12; 146:9, 14; 147:3; 150:20
    trademarked [1] 104:2
17
               [63] 39:21; 40:2, 6, 8, 11, 13, 16; 41:9, 16, 21; 42:17, 21;
    trademarks
    43:2, 9, 13, 14, 22, 23; 44:9, 10, 12, 15, 22, 24; 45:16, 19; 48:4, 8, 11, 20;
18
    49:3; 50:22; 51:8, 15; 52:13, 14, 16, 18; 53:11; 56:9; 57:1, 2, 5, 11, 23;
    59:6; 62:15; 64:7; 79:10; 87:3; 93:20; 104:11; 117:23; 120:8, 13, 22;
19
    121:4; 122:5; 123:6; 127:15, 22; 129:2
    trading [1] 82:4
20
    traditional [4] 66:22; 67:23; 68:2, 4
    traditionally [2] 68:1; 108:20
21
    traditions [1] 93:5
    train [1] 94:18
22
    training [1] 78:16
    TRANSCRIPT [1] 1:9
23
    transcript [6] 1:23; 12:15; 97:21; 155:8, 10, 20
    transcription [1] 1:23
24
    transfer [1] 52:13
    transferred [1] 106:2
25
    transition [1] 104:10
    translation [3] 5:21, 22; 72:3
```

```
1
    treasurer [1] 122:18
    treat [1] 14:22
    treated [2] 55:5; 96:11
    trespassed [1] 58:3
 3
    trespassers [1] 41:25
    Trial [3] 1:9; 4:23; 8:19
 4
    trial [45] 4:2, 9, 17, 25; 5:7, 24; 8:19; 9:5; 10:1, 4, 6, 9; 11:21, 25;
    12:25; 13:15, 19; 15:5; 16:1; 17:9; 18:10; 19:11, 14; 21:9; 34:8, 9, 21;
 5
    35:15, 24; 37:20, 22, 23; 40:15; 41:7; 44:8, 14; 46:21; 49:20; 50:18;
    54:3; 56:22; 58:10; 63:2
 6
    tried [1] 43:16
    trigger [1] 135:17
 7
    trip [2] 94:17, 19
    triple [1] 65:16
 8
    true [6] 5:21; 14:8; 30:15; 64:15; 97:3; 155:8
    trust [1] 51:4
 9
    Trustee's [1] 90:16
    Trustees [1] 91:11
10
    trustworthiness [1] 118:18
    truthfully [2] 6:20; 46:25
11
    trying [4] 46:18, 19; 59:20; 79:16
    Tuesday [2] 20:1; 31:6
12
    Tulin [1] 78:2
    tumblers [4] 83:11, 25; 84:22; 85:10
13
    turn [6] 5:17; 106:8; 107:5, 22; 126:17; 139:2
    turnaround [2] 133:2, 6
14
    turned [1] 126:15
    twice [2] 54:14
15
    Twitter [2] 9:18, 20
    two-and-a-half [1] 8:2
16
    two-dimensional [1] 103:22
    two-team [1] 72:23
17
    type [7] 11:11; 16:13; 41:22; 93:3; 124:12; 127:17; 133:1
    typed [3] 117:4, 6, 10
18
    types [5] 15:25; 41:23; 73:10, 12; 124:8
    typically [3] 20:2; 32:23; 34:3
19
    typing [1] 61:13
20
                                         - U -
21
    U.S. [1] 155:16
    ultimately [1] 5:12
22
    Ulysses [1] 8:5
    Um-hum [8] 96:21; 106:6; 107:16; 128:19; 132:7; 133:3; 134:12, 20
23
    umbrella [1] 16:8
    unanimous [1] 19:9
24
    Unauthenticated [1] 118:12
    unauthorized [1] 139:5
25
    Unbelievable [1] 34:9
    unclear [1] 22:17
```

```
1
    uncontested [1] 32:5
          [36] 4:12; 14:4; 15:15; 20:11; 24:14; 26:10, 11, 13, 20; 27:11;
    28:5, 18; 30:2, 10; 31:2, 20; 32:6; 34:21; 36:21; 38:20, 22; 53:1; 66:23;
    67:3, 19; 68:3; 99:21; 109:12; 110:8; 118:19; 122:20; 133:25; 142:12;
    151:16; 155:20
    understand [9] 18:13; 24:13; 29:14; 31:10; 36:20; 91:23; 98:10; 139:17;
    understanding [6] 12:17; 17:3; 29:25; 91:24; 142:2; 153:20
 5
    understates [1] 28:17
    Understood [6] 127:2; 132:14; 134:2, 17; 135:6; 136:8
    understood [1] 137:4
    undue [1] 6:1
 7
    unfair [3] 35:22; 42:7; 58:8
    unfairly [2] 40:18; 43:2
    unfortunate [1] 126:12
    Unfortunately [1] 93:9
 9
    uniforms [2] 104:24; 105:3
    union [1] 94:8
10
    unique [2] 68:5; 75:16
    uniqute [1] 61:12
11
    UNITED [1] 1:1
    United [16] 4:8, 10, 11, 12, 15; 21:25; 39:22; 41:16; 42:18; 45:13; 57:11;
12
    82:13; 122:13; 155:5, 7, 12
    Univeristy [1] 18:1
13
    Universities [1] 56:3
    universities [9] 49:10, 21; 51:25; 60:19; 70:1; 72:22;
                                                                  73:2; 92:22;
14
    113:19
    UNIVERSITY [1] 1:3
15
    University [140] 4:3; 17:15, 20; 21:18; 25:13, 22; 38:10; 39:11, 12, 13,
        40:7, 22; 44:19; 45:1, 25; 46:4, 6, 8, 15, 18, 20, 24; 47:1, 6;
16
    50:23; 51:3, 11; 55:17; 64:17, 19, 22; 73:4, 5; 76:5, 23; 78:4;
    81:16; 83:23; 84:4, 10, 20; 85:2; 89:13, 17, 20, 21; 90:7, 12, 20, 21; 91:4,
17
    5; 92:19; 97:11; 99:20; 100:21, 23; 102:20, 23; 103:24; 104:6, 8; 105:8,
    14, 24; 106:2, 14; 108:18, 19, 23, 25; 110:21, 22; 111:4, 9, 11, 20, 23, 24;
18
    112:1, 6, 9, 13, 14, 17, 20; 113:1, 4, 5; 114:6; 115:14; 116:2, 3; 118:4, 5;
    119:10; 120:8, 9, 20, 21, 24, 25; 121:5; 122:4, 5, 15; 123:17, 24; 124:2;
19
    127:20, 21, 23;
                   128:10, 17, 25; 130:12; 131:2, 7, 8; 132:11, 17; 133:17;
    139:1, 4, 6, 24; 140:4; 141:23, 24; 143:3; 144:17; 147:15
20
    university [11] 43:12; 44:17; 46:25; 60:25; 62:8; 64:11; 112:11; 114:15;
    119:7; 121:1; 138:6
21
    University's [13] 40:3; 46:1; 64:20; 112:5, 7; 117:23; 120:23; 125:20;
    128:21; 130:18; 139:25; 147:16; 150:22
22
    university's [1] 47:20
    unlawful [1] 44:9
23
    unlawfully [1] 40:18
    Unless [1] 148:13
24
    unless [3] 44:6; 57:24; 155:20
    unlike [2] 65:17; 78:15
25
    unnecessary [1] 153:23
    unrelated [1] 31:4
```

```
1
    unsigned [1] 118:16
          [19] 8:19; 9:5; 10:1; 11:17, 19; 12:25; 19:12, 14; 20:5; 35:8;
    37:21; 44:2; 67:7; 114:9; 117:5; 127:9; 139:20; 149:5; 154:16
    upon [2] 14:2; 113:19
    upper [2] 115:11, 23
    used [32] 31:25; 46:2; 50:22; 56:13; 69:18; 95:15, 16; 98:17, 20; 102:11;
    105:1; 107:2;
                   108:1, 5, 6, 16, 18;
                                         109:17, 22;
                                                       113:14;
                                                               116:17;
    124:13; 127:18, 22; 128:18, 19; 135:13; 145:15, 25; 146:10, 11
 5
    useful [1] 59:1
    users [1] 144:16
 6
    Uses [1] 23:5
    uses [10] 23:2, 4, 9; 39:12, 23; 52:22; 117:7; 121:17; 146:22; 147:4
    using [13] 43:23; 45:12; 46:18; 51:8; 104:7, 8; 110:4; 118:8; 120:2;
    123:6; 124:3; 125:12; 140:11
 8
    Usually [1] 135:19
    usually
            [10] 8:4; 98:16; 100:7; 119:24; 121:25; 128:23; 129:14, 21;
    130:22
    utilized [1] 78:23
10
    utilizing [1] 86:5
11
                                        - V -
12
    valid [1] 42:21
    validity [2] 113:17; 136:6
13
    valuable [5] 43:14; 44:16, 19, 22; 61:21
    value [4] 57:5; 130:8; 138:3; 147:25
14
    values [3] 130:5, 6, 16
    VANDER [1] 2:12
15
    varied [2] 70:23; 121:16
    variety [4] 19:25; 71:15; 72:17; 73:10
16
    various [8] 91:3; 92:8, 18, 20; 94:18; 104:1, 3, 4
    Varnum [1] 102:15
17
    vault [1] 75:20
    Venders [1] 124:17
18
    venders [2] 112:2; 124:11
    vendor [5] 112:3; 134:16; 135:9, 11, 23
19
    vendors [6] 118:4; 124:17, 19; 133:1, 11; 144:16
    venire [1] 5:12
20
    veniremen [4] 5:14, 16; 7:13; 8:12
    venires [1] 4:18
21
    verdict [8] 11:19; 13:21; 15:19; 18:2; 19:7, 8, 9; 80:20
    version [6] 47:10; 98:22; 103:22; 144:20, 21, 22
22
    versions [7] 51:23; 98:4; 99:18; 104:1; 144:14, 19; 146:25
    versus [3] 37:18; 115:18, 25
23
    Very [4] 35:6; 87:4; 153:7; 154:4
    very [33] 5:9; 8:7; 9:25; 31:1; 38:11, 15; 45:4, 22; 52:23; 60:4; 68:15;
    71:1; 77:7; 91:20; 99:9; 104:22; 110:25; 113:2, 14; 120:4; 121:4; 123:25;
    128:1; 147:22, 23; 148:3, 6, 10, 13; 151:8; 154:6
25
    viability [1] 25:1
    vibrant [1] 70:9
```

```
1
    Vice [1] 122:19
    vice [1] 121:10
    video [5] 53:1; 151:11, 23, 24; 152:4
    views [2] 6:25; 12:21
 3
    VINTAGE [1] 1:4
    Vintage [176] 4:4; 17:16, 24; 21:14, 16, 22; 22:25; 23:13, 19; 24:16, 19,
    22; 25:5, 8, 19; 27:4; 28:3, 8; 29:24, 25; 30:5; 31:10, 12, 14, 18;
    9; 33:17; 35:16; 36:7; 37:9; 38:7; 42:23, 24; 49:1; 51:16, 22, 25; 52:15,
 5
    18, 21, 23; 53:3, 6, 9, 13; 54:12; 55:16; 57:1, 3, 6; 59:16, 19, 22, 25;
    60:6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 17, 21, 22, 24; 61:2; 62:1, 11, 13; 63:8, 9, 10, 11,
    13, 16, 18; 64:25; 68:13; 69:6, 23; 70:3, 13, 15, 17, 18, 22; 71:13, 18, 19,
    22, 24, 25; 72:5, 6, 8, 11, 14, 25; 73:3, 7, 9, 14, 16, 20, 21, 22; 74:4, 9,
 7
    13, 18, 22, 24; 75:2, 4; 76:6, 19; 77:5, 12, 14, 17, 21, 23; 78:6, 8, 12, 24;
    79:15, 17, 19, 21, 23; 80:2; 81:16, 18, 19, 21, 23, 24, 25; 82:2, 13, 14, 15,
 8
    17, 19; 83:1, 3, 4, 5; 85:13, 15, 16, 21, 25; 86:2, 3, 6, 7, 10, 13, 14, 15,
    16, 19, 21, 22, 23; 87:1; 96:19
 9
    vintage [2] 51:23; 86:8
    Virginia [1] 5:3
10
    virtually [1] 47:12
    virtue [1] 30:8
11
    visible [1] 73:17
    visit [5] 10:17; 11:6; 39:15; 53:13; 94:12
12
    visited [6] 77:5; 103:12, 13, 15, 19, 20
    visual [2] 50:16; 144:14
13
    visuals [1] 32:23
    Voir [2] 5:20; 6:8
14
    voir [7] 5:16, 18, 24; 6:2, 21; 7:7; 34:17
    VOLUME [1] 1:10
15
    voted [2] 101:20, 21
16
                                         - W -
17
    waiting [1] 20:11
    waived [2] 21:24; 37:9
18
    waiver [1] 22:3
    Walk [1] 39:14
19
    walk [2] 54:7; 152:25
    walked [1] 16:7
20
    wall [7] 60:15; 70:11; 73:10; 83:10, 12; 84:21; 85:18
    Walmart [2] 49:17; 130:24
21
          [20] 25:20; 29:22, 23; 34:2, 7, 13; 36:13; 41:3; 42:13; 43:19;
    62:18; 66:16; 72:14; 96:14; 108:20; 139:2; 144:8; 149:7; 151:9; 153:9
22
    wanted [10] 21:1; 30:22; 36:19; 37:14; 95:23; 103:6; 112:3; 119:25;
    124:12; 127:23
23
    wanting [1] 130:4
    wants [3] 63:8; 76:12; 153:24
24
    warn [1] 99:3
    Warneke [6] 101:7, 11; 102:4, 7, 19, 22
25
    Washington [3] 40:10; 65:7; 76:23
    wasn't [6] 67:24; 68:4, 10; 128:12; 131:2; 136:16
```

```
1
    wasting [1] 35:23
    watch [3] 11:2; 12:9; 94:25
 2
    ways [1] 104:3
    We'll [2] 20:5; 154:16
    we'll [17] 20:11, 16, 19; 33:11, 20; 44:14; 59:1; 80:20, 23; 81:7; 149:4;
    151:21; 152:16; 153:3; 154:15
    We're [10] 7:10; 20:24; 35:12; 39:1; 43:12; 79:4; 81:4; 98:14;
                                                                       151:15;
    152:14
 5
    we're [10] 29:18; 40:22; 41:7; 43:11; 59:14; 98:13; 138:20; 151:16;
    152:10; 153:6
 6
    We've [1] 151:13
    we've [1] 153:15
    wear [6] 10:18; 55:3; 63:25; 66:17; 120:1; 129:21
    wearing [4] 16:7; 63:22; 109:12; 121:15
    website [70] 9:18; 22:20; 23:1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 25; 24:4; 31:22; 32:4, 12;
    37:6, 13; 38:12, 16, 17; 40:17; 42:25; 49:1; 51:18; 52:21, 23; 53:3, 9, 14;
    55:16; 57:13, 16; 60:11, 13, 20, 23; 61:2, 14; 62:3, 6; 66:12, 21; 67:22;
    71:20, 24; 72:1, 2, 4, 8; 73:3, 7, 14, 20; 75:2, 3; 76:1, 9, 10; 77:6, 12,
10
    14, 17, 22; 78:7; 81:24; 82:14, 15; 83:5; 85:25; 86:10; 125:10; 144:13
    websites [6] 9:19; 11:8; 49:19; 52:24; 60:8; 61:9
11
    Wednesday [2] 149:6; 154:17
    week [2] 34:9; 94:19
12
    weekend [2] 33:7; 151:15
    weeks [1] 145:21
13
    Wegman's [3] 19:20, 21; 60:10
    weighing [1] 16:14
14
    weight [3] 12:21; 16:12, 16
    welcome [1] 20:2
15
    Well [19] 19:16; 33:2, 8; 38:2; 41:10; 47:4; 58:20, 25; 59:8; 61:6, 16;
    68:20; 69:3, 23; 126:3; 140:17; 150:20; 151:1; 154:3
16
    well [16] 24:15; 26:21; 28:6; 31:3; 44:13; 57:10; 64:4; 91:1, 11; 110:3;
    114:16; 120:6, 13; 126:25; 150:25; 154:6
17
    well-known [2] 62:21; 102:16
    well-recognized [1] 28:4
18
               47:15; 53:3; 57:15, 17; 65:10; 70:5; 94:18; 95:1, 4, 24;
         [16]
    100:20; 101:19; 109:10; 113:8; 114:23; 127:10
19
    Wentz [4] 1:24; 155:4, 15, 16
    wentz [1] 1:25
20
    Were [1] 139:18
          [95] 7:25; 8:12; 20:8, 25; 23:5, 6; 24:20;
                                                         26:6; 38:15;
    66:11; 67:1; 69:20; 74:2; 77:14, 18; 93:5; 94:9, 10, 13, 19, 20, 21; 98:20;
    101:22; 102:2, 10, 14, 15; 105:14; 107:17; 108:11, 22; 109:16, 23; 110:4, 7,
22
    10; 111:23; 113:7, 21, 22, 24; 114:20; 115:4, 5; 120:1, 17; 121:4, 6, 9, 21;
    123:10; 124:5, 13, 15; 126:15, 16, 25; 127:6, 8, 18, 19, 22, 24; 128:7, 10,
23
    25; 129:1, 6, 11; 130:2, 11; 132:20; 133:11; 134:13, 15, 21; 135:4, 11, 12,
    21; 136:11; 137:9; 141:19, 22; 144:21; 145:3; 147:23; 149:8; 154:18
24
    weren't [1] 137:13
    West [1] 37:19
25
    What's [1] 143:15
    what's [2] 30:14; 92:10
```

```
1
    whatever [4] 13:14; 16:16; 36:3, 9
    WHEATLEY [64] 1:15; 23:22, 24; 27:19; 28:25; 30:16; 31:17; 38:1, 4; 81:7,
    11, 15; 87:5, 9; 88:10, 12; 89:2, 4; 92:3; 96:4; 97:11, 16; 98:12; 99:9,
    11; 105:12, 13, 20, 21; 109:5; 116:24; 117:17, 19; 118:13, 21; 119:3, 13,
    18, 20; 122:6, 9; 125:21, 23; 131:10; 136:17; 137:3; 140:11, 22; 142:6, 15,
    20; 143:1, 14, 19; 144:4, 24; 147:8, 10; 148:6; 149:12, 17; 150:7, 12, 20
    Wheatley [12]
                  23:21; 31:16; 33:22; 41:1; 81:6; 89:1; 97:10; 119:17;
    143:13; 149:10; 150:4, 6
5
    Whenever [1] 123:7
    Where [3] 89:9; 115:25; 142:9
6
          [30] 8:5, 11; 20:8; 33:24; 37:22; 43:5; 49:18; 55:16; 57:25;
    61:13; 62:17; 63:10; 66:6; 67:1; 69:15; 70:20; 81:25; 89:5; 101:1, 19;
7
    102:11; 103:7; 110:25; 115:4; 117:6, 7; 118:22; 128:8; 130:10; 149:10
    whether [23] 6:3; 12:8; 13:18; 16:22; 17:4, 6, 7; 21:16; 24:16; 26:13;
8
    28:11; 34:2; 49:15; 53:16, 22; 62:10; 64:24; 76:18; 77:5; 78:7; 103:23;
    105:7; 131:4
9
    Which [1] 42:13
    which [88] 4:13; 5:12, 19; 6:7, 10; 7:7; 13:16; 14:2, 6; 16:3, 5, 9;
    18:8; 19:9, 13, 15; 22:18; 23:5, 14, 17; 25:22; 27:16; 28:8, 18; 30:21;
    31:24; 34:18; 36:5, 20; 37:11, 12; 40:2; 42:7; 46:24; 47:22, 25; 49:9;
11
          51:20, 21;
                     53:14; 54:13, 25; 63:11, 12; 65:8; 67:17, 18;
    50:6;
    70:16; 71:7; 73:2; 77:8; 78:24; 80:6; 82:3, 17; 83:9, 16, 23; 84:4, 10,
12
    15, 20; 85:2, 8; 86:15, 18; 96:2; 98:10, 20; 101:3, 4; 103:17; 106:4;
    107:11, 20; 108:18, 19; 117:25; 123:23; 126:22; 127:10; 139:15; 145:5;
13
    154:16
    White [1] 153:11
14
    white [7] 15:8; 72:6; 90:22; 110:10; 123:19; 126:23
    whiteouts [1] 115:3
15
    whole [5] 30:14; 50:18; 54:22; 147:1; 148:2
    wholesalers [1] 68:2
16
    whom [1] 17:16
    whose [2] 5:20; 153:23
17
    wide [4] 71:14, 15, 16; 73:9
    widely [1] 146:3
18
    will [120] 5:12, 15, 17, 18, 25; 6:7, 21, 23, 24; 7:5, 6, 21; 8:19, 21, 22,
    23, 25; 11:24, 25; 12:9; 13:4, 10, 12, 13, 14, 16; 15:2, 8; 16:19; 18:10,
19
    17, 19, 22, 25; 19:4, 7, 8, 15, 21; 20:2, 10, 11, 15; 21:8;
                                                                23:22;
    33:24, 25; 34:15, 22; 35:8, 9, 14, 15, 17, 23; 38:19; 39:19; 40:9; 42:15;
20
    43:1, 4; 44:5, 14; 50:20; 54:20; 55:12, 19, 24; 56:22, 25; 57:9;
    60:3; 62:9; 63:17, 20, 21; 64:4; 71:21; 76:16, 17; 78:13; 80:25; 81:1, 12;
    99:8; 109:2; 123:17; 126:14; 128:24; 129:21; 130:24; 131:23; 140:22;
    143:6, 10; 148:16; 149:5, 12, 20, 22; 150:10, 15, 17; 151:4, 7, 21, 22, 25;
22
    152:1, 18, 24; 153:1; 154:17
    WILLIAMSPORT [1] 1:2
23
    Williamsport [5] 1:12; 4:20; 65:5; 66:12; 102:18
    willingness [1] 4:22
24
    wish [1] 119:17
    wishes [1] 47:23
25
    within [10] 25:7; 64:9; 67:6, 15; 68:10; 69:13; 80:9; 107:20; 115:17;
    145:21
```

```
1
    without [9] 6:14; 26:16; 40:17; 42:4, 25; 57:23; 58:3; 98:10; 128:9
    WITNESS [7] 88:23; 97:9; 99:10; 136:22; 137:9; 140:15, 19
    witness [36] 10:14; 12:9, 10; 14:21; 16:4, 22, 23; 17:1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8;
    32:21; 45:4; 76:17; 81:6; 88:9, 19; 139:12; 140:10, 12, 23; 142:14; 143:1;
    144:6, 9; 145:6, 9; 148:13, 16; 152:18; 153:18, 22
    witness's [3] 17:3, 4, 9
4
    WITNESSES [1] 3:1
    witnesses [18] 6:25; 10:12; 12:12; 14:3, 4; 16:21; 18:17, 20, 21, 23;
5
    24:11; 33:21, 22; 59:12; 78:2; 152:2, 23; 154:8
    women [1] 91:21
 6
    won't [1] 140:6
    wondering [2] 59:6; 151:1
7
    wood [1] 123:21
    word [9] 44:3; 54:17; 83:9, 16, 23; 84:4, 10; 112:10, 11
8
    Words [1] 39:21
    words [6] 9:4; 13:6; 19:14; 29:9; 40:1; 45:15
9
    wore [2] 92:16, 17
         [24] 21:7; 46:12; 63:1, 2, 7, 13, 17; 64:3; 65:22; 80:16; 89:25;
10
    90:2; 93:22; 102:8, 20, 23; 103:11; 106:22; 109:10; 114:18; 124:5; 130:7;
    136:5
11
    worked [7] 45:1; 52:17; 89:10; 104:17; 111:9; 122:18; 130:8
    working [8] 51:1; 61:24; 89:15; 111:14; 117:20; 129:8; 138:5; 139:20
12
    works [8] 11:7; 64:23; 80:12; 102:16; 106:24; 113:13; 114:14; 130:12
    workshops [1] 147:24
13
    World [3] 47:16; 65:6; 102:2
    world [4] 39:23; 45:18, 22; 61:4
14
    World's [1] 95:18
    worthy [1] 16:22
15
    Would [2] 56:11; 136:10
    would [114] 5:5; 7:12; 11:15; 16:8; 17:25; 19:22; 20:6; 22:5; 26:18;
16
    30:21, 24, 25; 34:16; 38:15; 46:22; 55:1; 56:20; 67:11; 68:14;
    90:14; 91:7; 93:1, 8; 94:11; 98:18; 101:3; 102:11; 108:14; 109:13, 15;
17
    110:8; 112:2; 113:9; 114:20, 21, 23, 24, 25; 115:2, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20;
    116:2, 3, 4, 5, 7; 117:4, 7, 11, 13; 118:6, 16; 120:1, 21; 121:2, 18; 122:6;
18
    123:7, 8, 23; 124:8, 9, 10, 11, 15; 127:11, 15; 128:10, 11, 12;
                                                                      129:24;
    130:3; 133:5; 134:3, 6, 15, 16; 135:17, 22, 25; 136:25; 137:12; 141:12;
19
    144:3, 4, 23; 145:2; 146:5; 147:3, 5; 149:23; 150:16; 152:16, 20, 21, 23;
    153:16, 22, 25; 154:13
20
    wouldn't [3] 43:19; 136:5; 137:11
    wrap [1] 79:2
21
    Wrestling [2] 47:25; 107:21
    wrestling [2] 104:23; 107:15
22
    wrinkles [1] 70:7
    write [2] 12:13; 92:12
23
    writing [2] 92:23; 95:6
    written [5] 91:18, 19, 21; 97:12; 119:22
24
    wrong [3] 28:10; 32:11; 100:18
    wrongly [1] 43:9
25
    wrote [3] 17:8; 45:2; 92:7
```

```
1
                                        - Y -
2
    year [3] 72:24; 109:15; 121:11
    yearbook [2] 45:11; 146:24
3
                45:2, 12;
                           48:25; 89:11; 90:3; 91:11;
                                                         94:7;
                                                                 95:21;
    years
           [26]
                                                                         98:4;
           101:18; 103:1, 18; 109:14; 111:13; 117:24; 123:16, 22;
                                                                      127:25;
    129:6, 18; 131:8; 146:11; 148:1, 2
    yesterday [1] 55:2
5
    York [3] 2:10; 78:4; 90:6
    You'd [1] 147:1
    you'd [1] 21:8
    You'll [17] 8:24; 15:25; 24:14; 35:4; 44:25; 51:17; 52:22; 53:1; 61:20;
7
    63:17; 66:22; 70:17, 21; 74:12; 77:10; 78:10, 14
    you'll [32] 33:8; 34:21; 40:15; 42:17; 43:16, 24; 44:1, 24; 46:17; 48:9,
8
        52:4; 53:20;
                       54:13; 55:21; 59:23; 60:13; 61:6;
                                                             65:2, 17;
    69:5; 74:7; 76:3, 20, 23; 77:11, 12; 78:2, 14, 18; 80:19
    You're [10] 8:8; 20:2, 7; 36:17; 41:21; 52:20;
                                                         54:3; 146:3;
    149:2
10
    you're [13] 33:13, 16; 34:14; 39:2; 46:11; 49:20;
                                                         53:15; 59:3;
                                                                       139:17:
    145:22; 151:20; 152:13; 154:7
11
    You've [2] 79:4; 143:25
    you've [17] 7:19; 19:3; 21:3; 36:21; 46:2; 58:20; 89:19; 111:13; 122:4;
12
    123:16, 22; 130:20; 139:10; 140:9; 141:15; 148:19; 153:8
    YOUNG [1] 1:7
13
    Young [3] 81:20, 22; 152:7
    young [1] 94:12
14
    Your [59] 5:8; 12:15; 13:8, 12; 19:7; 22:10, 13, 21; 23:22; 24:2; 25:6;
    26:1, 3, 7; 27:7, 19; 28:15, 25; 30:16; 32:2, 19; 33:15; 35:1, 3;
                                                                        36:15;
15
    38:1, 21; 39:4; 58:12, 18; 81:7; 87:22, 25; 88:16; 105:12, 17; 118:11, 13,
    21; 125:16; 131:13; 142:4; 143:18; 144:3, 10, 23, 24; 145:2; 147:6; 148:9,
16
    15; 149:20; 151:3, 7, 13; 152:2, 21; 153:2, 17
          [109] 4:21, 22; 5:10, 22; 6:22, 24, 25;
                                                   7:3; 8:8; 9:2, 4, 15, 17;
17
    10:4, 18; 11:4, 16, 19, 22; 12:7, 16, 18, 19, 20, 25; 13:2, 5, 6, 17, 20, 23;
    14:1, 2, 8; 15:19; 16:14, 15, 17; 18:2, 7; 19:7, 11, 15; 20:18;
18
             34:13, 19; 40:2, 14; 41:6, 16, 24;
                                                  43:5; 45:17; 50:5;
    33:4, 7;
    54:2, 8; 55:9; 57:3; 58:22; 61:22; 72:23; 81:6; 88:21, 22; 89:12; 90:4,
19
         91:15;
                93:15, 22;
                            100:22; 103:11, 22, 23;
                                                       106:5;
                                                               107:12;
    112:12, 13; 113:18; 114:3; 117:21; 123:24; 124:5; 126:9; 127:2;
                                                                       128:16;
20
    130:14, 18; 132:14; 134:17; 137:20; 140:20; 147:12; 148:11; 154:7
    yours [1] 48:15
21
    yourself [10] 11:23; 12:25; 56:16; 59:7; 79:13; 111:14; 129:16; 137:21;
    139:10; 140:9
22
    yourselves [4] 9:7; 10:1; 54:23; 148:21
    youth [2] 66:4; 67:8
23
    YouTube [1] 9:21
24
                                        - Z -
```

25 **zero** [1] 26:12

```
1
     zoology [2] 95:16, 23
     zoom [5] 74:5; 122:10, 24; 124:23; 125:24
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```